2015-2016

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENT

JUNE 30, 2016



OREGON

FOR THE
CITY OF NEWPORT
AND
NEWPORT URBAN
RENEWAL AGENCY



N.E. 71st and Avery Housing Construction



Airport Runway Reconstruction



Big Creek Force Main on Oceanview Dr.



Newport Library Renovation

Mission Statement: The City of Newport pledges to effectively manage essential community services for the wellbeing and public safety of residents and visitors. The City will encourage economic diversification, sustainable development, and livability.

The most effective way to do it, is to do it.

Amelia Earhart

City of Newport Oregon

Annual Financial Report

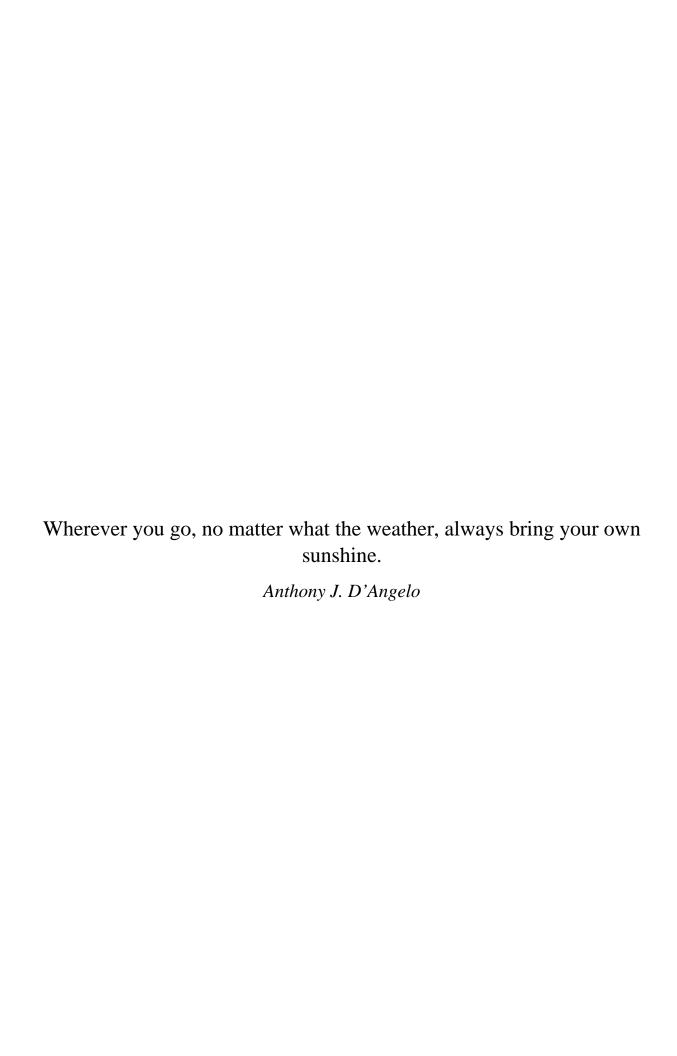
For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2016

* * * * *

Spencer Nebel, City Manager

Mike Murzynsky, Finance Director



City of Newport, Oregon 169 SW Coast Highway Newport, Oregon 97365 www.newportoregon.gov

Council Members, Administrative Staff and Principal Financial Staff as of June 30, 2016:

	Years of	
Council Members	Service	Term Expires
Sandra Roumagoux, Mayor	3.5	December 31, 2016
Dean Sawyer	3.5	December 31, 2016
David Allen	5.5	December 31, 2018
Laura Swanson	3.5	December 31, 2016
Ralph Busby	3.5	December 31, 2016
Mark Saelens	3.5	December 31, 2018
Wendy Engler	1.5	December 31, 2018

		Years in this	Years of Service with the City of
Administrative Staff		Position	Newport
City Manager	Spencer Nebel	2.5	2.5
Finance Director	Mike Murzynsky	2.0	2.0
City Attorney	Steve Rich	1.5	1.5
Public Works Director	Tim Gross	4.0	5.0
Community Development Director	Derrick Tokos	7.0	7.0
Parks and Recreation Director	Jim Protiva	11.0	11.0
Library Director	Ted Smith	7.0	7.0
Police Chief	Mark Miranda	13.0	13.0
Fire Chief	Rob Murphy	2.0	9.0

Principal Finance Staff

Finance Director Mike Murzynsky

Asst. Finance Director Linda Brown Eighty percent of success is showing up.

Woody Allen

City of Newport, Oregon

Table of Contents For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Page
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1–3
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	4–11
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	12
Statement of Activities	13–14
Fund Financial Statements	
Governmental Funds	
Balance Sheet	15
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the	1.6
Statement of Net Position	16
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	17
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	10
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	18
Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual	10.20
General	19–20
Parks and Recreation	21
Agate Beach Closure	22
Proprietary Funds	22
Statement of Net Position.	23
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	24
Statement of Cash Flows	25–26
Fiduciary Fund	27
Statement of Net Position	27
Statement of Changes in Net Position.	28
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	29–86
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Schedule of Proportionate share of Net Pension Liability	87
Schedule of Contributions	88
Schedule of Net Pension Liability and Changes in Net Pension Liability	89
Schedule of Employer Contributions	90
Schedule of Investment Rate of Return	91
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Major Governmental Funds	
Schedules of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual	
Debt Service Newport Urban Renewal Agency (a Major Fund)	92
Capital Projects (a Major Fund)	93
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet	94
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	95

City of Newport, Oregon

Table of Contents (continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	<u>Page</u>
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)	
Special Revenue Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet	
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	98–99
Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual	
Special Revenue	
Public Parking	100
Housing	
Airport	
Room Tax	
Building Inspection	
Streets	
Line Undergrounding	
SDC	
Urban Renewal Agency	
Debt Service	
Capital Projects	
Major Enterprise Funds	
Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual	
Water	
Wastewater	
Water Debt Service	
Wastewater Debt Service	
Capital Projects	
Internal Service Fund	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	116
Public Works	110
COMPLIANCE SECTION	115 110
Independent Auditor's Report Required by Oregon State Regulations	117–118
Government Auditing Standards and Uniform Guidance Reports	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and	
on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Basic Financial	
Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	119–120
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on	
Internal Controls Over Compliance in Accordance with the Uniform Guidance	
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	127

1255 Lee Street SE Suite 210 Salem Oregon 97302 | P 503.585.7751 | F 503.370.3781 408 N Third Avenue Stayton Oregon 97383 | P 503.769.2186 | F 503.769.4312 200 Calapooia Street SW Albany Oregon 97321 | P 541.928.3354 | F 541.967.7668

www.bcsllc.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council CITY OF NEWPORT Newport, Oregon

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of CITY OF NEWPORT as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Continued)

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the CITY OF NEWPORT, as of June 30, 2016, the respective changes in financial position, and cash flows, where applicable, thereof, and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General, Parks and Recreation, and Agate Beach Closure Funds, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 11 and the required supplementary information on pages 87 through 91 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Continued)

Reports on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 30, 2016, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

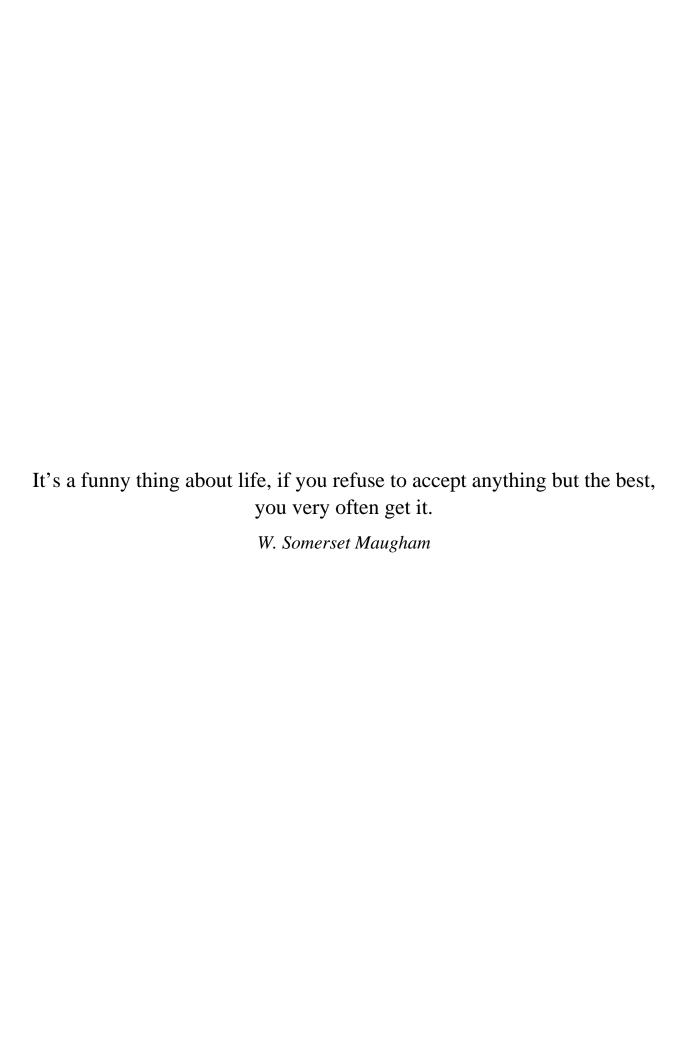
Other Reporting Required by Oregon State Regulations

In accordance with Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, we have also issued our report dated December 30, 2016, on our consideration of the City's compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

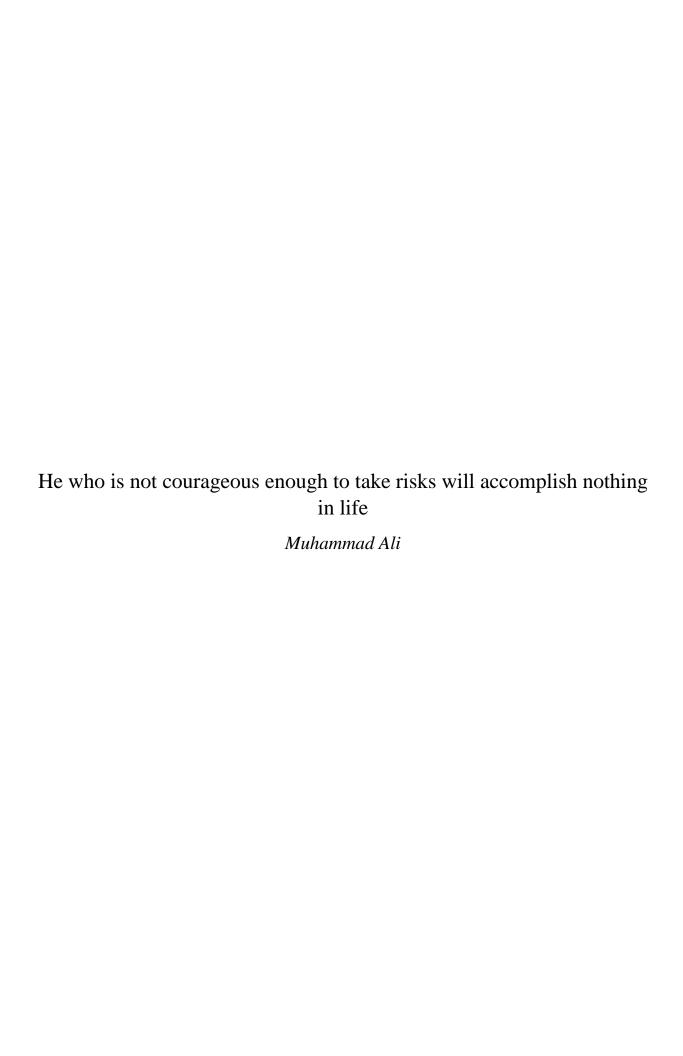
Boldt Carlisle + Smith Certified Public Accountants Salem, Oregon December 30, 2016

By:

Bradley G. Bingenheimer, Member



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The City of Newport ("City") offers its public a discussion of its financial statement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the additional information furnished in the financial statement that follow.

Financial Highlights

Net Position – At the close of the most recent fiscal year, the assets of the City exceeded its liabilities by \$104.0 million up \$4.337 million (4.4%) from the previous year. Of this amount \$5.280 million may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligation to citizens and creditors. New this year is a classification of the Net Position for the Agate Beach Closure, \$1.372 million is restricted for the closure costs related to the Agate Beach landfill; Tourism is new and \$499,109 is restricted to tourism activities; \$765,078 is related to Street projects and finally \$417,744 is restricted to Urban Renewal activities. Another \$4.730 million is restricted for bond, namely reserves for various bonds. For Capital Projects, \$7.951 million is set aside for Capital Projects. Finally, the remaining \$82.996 million is the Net Investment in Capital Assets.

Change in Net Position – The City's total net position for the 2015-16 Fiscal Year (FY) increased by \$4.337 million, total assets increased by \$4.674 million, total liabilities increased by \$1.405 million, Net Investment in Capital Assets increased by \$14.897 million while Total Deferred Inflows decreased by \$612,729, Capital Projects – Restricted decreased by \$10.908 million, and Unrestricted fund balances decreased by \$3.379 million.

Governmental Funds – As of the close of the fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined Ending Fund Balances (EFBs) of \$18.392 million, down \$6.929 million from the previous year. The General Fund increased by \$739,000, because net income exceeded the total other financing sources while Parks and Recreation, Agate Beach Closure were both relatively flat as compared to the 2014-15 FY. The Urban Renewal Debt fund balance increased by \$418,209. The significant decrease in EFB's was in the Capital Projects – General Fund, it decreased \$7.302 million due to significant construction on the new Aquatic Center.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The statements are comprised of three components: 1) Government-Wide Financial Statements, 2) Fund Financial Statements and 3) Notes to the Financial Statements. In addition to those statements, the report also contains other supplementary information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements. The Government-Wide Financial Statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The State of Activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows only in future fiscal periods (for example, uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave). The **governmental activities** of the City include general government, public safety, streets, economic development, culture and recreation, airport operations and interest paid on long term debt. The **business type** activities include those funds dealing with water treatment and distribution, wastewater treatment and collection, the Public Works Internal Service fund.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a group of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. As do other state and local governments, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The City has two type of funds: Governmental and Proprietary Funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluation a government's near-term financial requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the governmental wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long term impact of the City's near term financial decisions. Both the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison.

The City maintains 17 governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for these "major" funds.

- 1. General Fund
- 2. Parks and Recreation
- 3. Agate Beach Closure Fund
- 4. Newport Urban Renewal Debt Service
- 5. Capital Projects Fund

Data from the other twelve non major governmental funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of the non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the supplementary information description below.

Proprietary Funds. Proprietary funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The intent is that the cost of providing the services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed primarily through user charges. These funds represent two significant segments of the City's operations: Water and Wastewater, which includes the treatment plants, the collection and distribution systems and the related Capital Projects, Debt Service, and the Public Works fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements. The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the information provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information. The schedules present additional and historical trend information on the City's participation in the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) and the City's defined benefit pension plan.

Supplementary Information. The combining statements for the non-major governmental funds and budgetary comparison schedules for both the non-major governmental funds and the proprietary funds are presented following the notes to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indictor of a government's financial position. As of June 30, 2016, the City's assets exceeded liabilities by \$104.0 million.

The largest portion of the City's net position (79.79%) is its investment in capital assets (land, buildings, machinery and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses those capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets in reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. Of the remaining balance in net assets over \$2.0 million, \$4.730 million is restricted for future debt service, \$7.951 million is restricted for Capital projects paid for by System Development Charges (SDCs) and other restricted items, and \$5.281 million is unrestricted and may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The following summary is a comparison between the City's net positions at the end of the fiscal year as compared to the end of last fiscal year, as restated.

TABLE 1

SUMMARY OF NET POSITION												
		Governmen	tal A	ctivities		Business-ty	pe A	ctivities		Total Go	vernr	nent
		2015		2016		2015	•	2016	2015		•	2016
Cash and investments	\$	25,284,246	\$	19,715,914	\$	6,514,934	\$	5,044,224	\$	31,799,180	\$	24,760,138
Otherassets		1,274,682		903,434		2,840,305		2,791,621		4,114,987		3,695,055
Capital assets		58,558,685		68,062,055		59,672,022		62,301,602		118,230,707		130,363,657
Total Assets	\$	85,117,613	\$	88,681,403	\$	69,027,261	\$	70,137,447	\$	154,144,874	\$	158,818,850
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Pension related items		424,064		755,022		23,276		147,690		447,340		902,712
Otherliabilities	\$	844,830	\$	2,575,377	\$	827,981	\$	1,149,039	\$	1,672,811	\$	3,724,416
Long term debt outstanding		23,299,277		23,553,776		28,782,726		27,881,228		52,082,003		51,435,004
Total Liabilities	\$	24,144,107	\$	26,129,153	\$	29,610,707	\$	29,030,267	\$	53,754,814	\$	55,159,420
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Pension related items		1,110,863		488,439		-		15,791		1,110,863		504,230
Unearned revenues		51,999		45,903		-		-		51,999		45,903
Total deferred inflows		1,162,862		534,342		-		15,791		1,162,862		550,133
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted	\$	36,828,050	\$	47,957,375	\$	31,271,352	\$	35,038,648	\$	68,099,402	\$	82,996,023
Capital Projects		15,736,509		6,255,437		3,122,889		1,695,745		18,859,398		7,951,182
Debt Service		2,631,333		3,226,183		1,425,187		1,503,517		4,056,520		4,729,700
Agate Beach Closure		-		1,372,665		-		-		-		1,372,665
Tourism		-		499,109		-		-		-		499,109
Street		-		765,078		-		-		-		765,078
Urban renewal revitalization		-		417,744		-		-		-		417,744
Unrestricted		5,038,816		2,279,339		3,620,402		3,001,169		8,659,218		5,280,508

62,772,930

39,439,830

41.239.079

99,674,538

104,012,009

60,234,708

Total Net Position

Governmental activities. Governmental net assets increased from \$60.234 million 2014-15 Fiscal Year to \$62.773 million in FY 2016.

Business-type activities. Net assets for Business-type activities increased by about \$1.8 million from \$39.439 million.

TABLE 2
GOVERNMENTAL AND PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES

		GOVER	IVIVIL	NIAL AND FIN	OFINIL	GOVERNMENTAL AND PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES													
		Government	al A	tivities		Business-ty	pe A	ctivities		Total Go	vern	ment							
		2015		2016		2015		2016		2015		2016							
REVENUES:												_							
Program Services																			
Charges for Services	\$	5,078,982	\$	4,153,866	\$	7,415,179	\$	7,351,924	\$	12,494,161	\$	11,505,790							
Grants & Contributions		6,105,574		1,932,200		-		16,540		6,105,574		1,948,740							
General Revenue																			
Taxes		11,821,775		12,305,014		1,928,761		1,783,433		13,750,536		14,088,447							
Licenses, Permits and Fees		724,801		1,421,518		-		-		724,801		1,421,518							
Intergovernmental		1,548,790		1,036,624		-		-		1,548,790		1,036,624							
Investment Earnings		106,880		148,909		67,944		49,845		174,824		198,754							
Other Revenue		379,998		505,102		376,389		-		756,387		505,102							
Transfers		(172,072)		(782,845)		172,072		782,845		-									
Total Revenues	\$	25,594,728	\$	20,720,388	\$	9,960,345	\$	9,984,587	\$	35,555,073	\$	30,704,975							
EXPENSES:																			
General government	\$	5,446,621	\$	6,271,284	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,446,621	\$	6,271,284							
Public Safety		5,185,741		7,122,338		-		-		5,185,741		7,122,338							
Highways and streets		1,905,912		1,391,446		-		-		1,905,912		1,391,446							
Culture and recreation		2,600,685		2,680,451		-		-		2,600,685		2,680,451							
Interest on long-term obligations		758,037		716,647		-		-		758,037		716,647							
Water		-		-		3,622,964		5,016,453		3,622,964		5,016,453							
Sewer		-		-		4,334,154		3,383,671		4,334,154		3,383,671							
Capital Projects		-		-		247,936		-		247,936		-							
Total expenses	\$	15,896,996	\$	18,182,166	\$	8,205,054	\$	8,400,124	\$	24,102,050	\$	26,582,290							
Charges in Net Position	\$	9,697,732	\$	2,538,222	\$	1,755,291	\$	1,584,463	\$	11,453,023	\$	4,122,685							
Beginning Net Position	Ś	50,536,976	\$	60,234,708	\$	37,962,147	\$	39,439,830	\$	88,499,123	\$	99,674,538							
Prior Period Adjustment	Ψ.	-	Ψ		ľ	(277,608)	Ψ.	214,786	7	(277,608)	Ψ.	214,786							
Ending Net Position	Ś	60,234,708	\$	62,772,930	Ś	39,439,830	Ś	41,239,079	Ś	99,674,538	Ś	104,012,009							
. 0		,,. 00	т	,,		,,		,,		, , ,		,,							

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

Governmental funds. The City's governmental funds provide information on near term inflows, outflows and balance of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$18.392 million, of which \$14.66 million is either non-spendable, restricted, or committed fund balance. \$3.733 million is unassigned fund balance and, if appropriated, is available for new spending.

TABLE 3
ENDING FUND BUDGETARY BALANCES

ENDING FUND BUDGETARY BALANCES											
							F۱	/15 to FY16			
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		FY 2014		FY 2015		FY2016		Change			
General Fund	\$	2,118,241	\$	2,995,163	\$	3,733,611	\$	738,448			
Airport Fund		396,981		312,147		231,798		(80,349)			
Room Tax Fund		922,155		850,362		504,109		(346,253)			
Agate Beach Closure Fund		1,414,932		1,397,838		1,372,665		(25,173)			
Capital Project Fund		9,614,365		11,944,792		4,642,994		(7,301,798)			
Urban Renewal Agency		277,073		739,805		417,744		(322,061)			
General Debt Fund		9,450		53,838		47,210		(6,628)			
Newport Urban Renewal Debt Fund		1,883,198		2,577,495		2,995,704		418,209			
Street Fund		635,859		670,591		765,078		94,487			
Line Undergrounding Fund		639,286		758,129		674,570		(83,559)			
SDC Fund		791,582		1,151,936		1,291,147		139,211			
Parks & Recreation Fund		232,509		417,004		447,082		30,078			
Building Inspection Fund		528,834		475,694		563,897		88,203			
Public Parking Fund		295,703		318,536		285,365		(33,171)			
Reserve Fund		320,513		502,138		285,000		(217,138)			
Housing Fund		177,479		156,334		134,414		(21,920)			
Total Governmental Funds	\$	20,258,160	\$	25,321,802	\$	18,392,388	\$	(6,929,414)			
							-	/4 F + - FV/4 C			
DUCINIESS TYPE FUNDS		5V 204 4		EV 204 E		5)/204 <i>6</i>		/15 to FY16			
BUSINESS TYPE FUNDS	_	FY 2014		FY 2015		FY2016	_	Change			
Water Fund	\$	764,824		\$1,634,175		\$939,208	\$	(694,967)			
Sewer Fund		775,060		968,152		992,495	ŀ	24,343			
Debt Fund - Water		549,968		137,510		92,511		(44,999)			
Debt Fund - Sewer		626,816		1,158,135		1,259,933		101,798			
Capital Projects		-		3,122,889		1,695,745		(1,427,144)			
Public Works Fund		204,481	_	183,477	_	63,678		(119,799)			
Total Business Type Funds	\$	2,921,149	\$	7,204,338	\$	5,043,570	\$	(2,160,768)			

The City's governmental funds reported combined Ending Fund Balances (EFBs) of \$18.392 million, down \$6.929 million from the previous year. The General Fund EFB increased by \$738,448 to \$3.734 million. In the General Fund, the ratio of EFB to total expenditures less non-departmental and transfers is 44.61%. Other substantial increases were in the Newport Urban Renewal debt which increased by \$418,209 to \$2.995 million and the SDC fund which increased by \$139,211 to \$1.291 million.

The primary reason for the decrease in governmental fund balances was within the Capital Project Fund. The actual beginning balance began the 2015-16 FY at \$11.945 million and finished the FY at \$4.643 million. Thus the fund decreased \$7.302 million due to significant completion of the Aquatic and other various capital projects.

Capital assets. As of June 30, 2016 the City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities was \$130.4 million, net of accumulated depreciation (see Table 4, below). This investment in capital assets includes land and improvements, buildings and structures, infrastructure and improvements, utility systems, equipment, vehicles and construction in progress.

TABLE 4

CAPITAL ASSET AT YEAR END - Net of depreciation

	Governmental Activities				Business-typ	e Ac	tivities	Total Government			
		2015	2016		2015		2016		2015	2016	
Land	\$	10,739,560 \$	10,140,220	\$	259,312	\$	858,652	\$	10,998,872 \$	10,998,872	
Buildings & structures		30,527,570	30,611,160		28,522,539		28,746,625		59,050,109	59,357,785	
Equipment		4,003,127	3,923,649		1,705,480		1,965,674		5,708,607	5,889,323	
Vehicles		5,182,900	5,506,961		1,008,482		1,553,165		6,191,382	7,060,126	
Infrastructure		34,771,218	39,904,928		53,561,972		55,400,513		88,333,190	95,305,441	
Construction in progress		11,242,808	17,267,695		4,344,048		6,027,933		15,586,856	23,295,628	
Less accumulated depreciation		(37,879,989)	(39,292,558)		(29,729,811)		(32,250,960)		(67,609,800)	(71,543,518)	
Total	\$	58,587,194 \$	68,062,055	\$	59,672,022	\$	62,301,602	\$	118,259,216 \$	130,363,657	

Major capital assets events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- South Beach Tsunami Evacuation Route Enhancement
- Big Creek Lift Station
- Agate Beach Storage Tank
- Aquatic Center Construction
- SW Abalone-Brant Improvement
- SE Ferry Slip Rd Street Improvement

TABLE 5
Change in Capital Assets

		Governmen	tal A	ctivities		Business-typ	oe A	ctivities	Total Government				
		2015		2016		2015		2016		2015		2016	
Beginning balance	\$	50,675,444	\$	58,587,194	\$	57,976,005	\$	59,865,980	\$	108,651,449	\$	118,453,174	
Additions		9,652,113		17,158,424		4,190,417		6,929,262		13,842,530		24,087,686	
Depreciation		(1,740,363)		(1,767,627)		(2,494,399)		(2,715,107)		(4,234,762)		(4,482,734)	
Deletions		-		(5,915,936)		193,957		(1,778,533)		193,957		(7,694,469)	
Ending Balance	Ś	58.587.194	Ś	68.062.055	Ś	59.865.980	Ś	62.301.602	Ś	118.453.174	Ś	130.363.657	

Further information and discussion on the Capital Assets may be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements, Section 3 Detailed Notes.

Long-term debt

The City has three major types of debt:

- General Obligations Bonds, that debt approved by the City's taxpayers and for which they pay thorough an increase in their property taxes.
- Debt based upon the "full faith and credit of the City", for which the City's taxpayers do not pay directly. Revenue bonds, as an example, are secured by revenues generated by the particular project being financed.
- Loans made to the City by banks and other institutions.

Currently the City has all three types of debt (See Table 6, below), which are further categorized by those funding Government activities and those funding Business type activities.

In fiscal year 2016, the City added no debt yet continued to pay down the debt, \$2.792 million as planned.

TABLE 6
OUTSTANDING DEBT AT YEAR END

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY2016		
2014 Series GO for Pool	\$ 7,900,000	\$ 7,850,000	\$	7,655,000	
2007 Certificate of Participation (LoCap)	200,000	185,000		170,000	
2009 Certificate of Participation (LoCap)	1,340,000	1,085,000		825,000	
2012 North Side Fire Station	239,756	226,776		213,132	
2010B Series, Full Faith & Refunding	5,840,000	5,270,000		4,675,000	
2007 Series, Bank of America	321,000	219,000		112,000	
2008 Series, Bank of America	1,145,000	875,000		595,000	
2015 A & B Urban Renewal	-	5,456,000		5,339,000	
Dell Finance - Capital Leases	48,248	57 <i>,</i> 778		24,694	
City Bond Premium	528,118	494,405		460,690	
URA Bond Premium	 45,208	40,185		35,160	
Total Governmental Debt	\$ 17,607,330	\$ 21,759,144	\$	20,104,676	
BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES					
	 FY 2014	FY 2015		FY2016	
2009 GO Water Improvement Bonds (WTP)	 FY 2014 14,485,541	FY 2015 13,845,541		FY2016 13,120,541	
2009 GO Water Improvement Bonds (WTP) 2008 GO Refunding Bonds (Wastewater)					
	14,485,541	13,845,541		13,120,541	
2008 GO Refunding Bonds (Wastewater)	14,485,541 4,240,000	13,845,541 3,455,000		13,120,541 2,640,000	
2008 GO Refunding Bonds (Wastewater) 2010A Series, Full Faith & Refunding	14,485,541 4,240,000 3,975,000	13,845,541 3,455,000 3,560,000		13,120,541 2,640,000 3,135,000	
2008 GO Refunding Bonds (Wastewater) 2010A Series, Full Faith & Refunding Clean Water SRF Draw	14,485,541 4,240,000 3,975,000 339,500	13,845,541 3,455,000 3,560,000 1,858,187		13,120,541 2,640,000 3,135,000 2,876,587	
2008 GO Refunding Bonds (Wastewater) 2010A Series, Full Faith & Refunding Clean Water SRF Draw 2007 Seal Rock Water District Agreement	14,485,541 4,240,000 3,975,000 339,500	13,845,541 3,455,000 3,560,000 1,858,187 794,505		13,120,541 2,640,000 3,135,000 2,876,587 767,888	
2008 GO Refunding Bonds (Wastewater) 2010A Series, Full Faith & Refunding Clean Water SRF Draw 2007 Seal Rock Water District Agreement 2015 Water Borrowing	\$ 14,485,541 4,240,000 3,975,000 339,500 846,913	\$ 13,845,541 3,455,000 3,560,000 1,858,187 794,505 4,554,800	\$	13,120,541 2,640,000 3,135,000 2,876,587 767,888 4,423,626	

Further discussion and information on the City's Long-term debt may be found in the Notes to the Financials, Section 3 Detailed Notes.

Economic factors and next Year's Budget

The City of Newport is fortunate that its economy is relatively diverse and not dependent upon the success or failure of any specific component. Furthermore, with the continued growth and opportunities in the Marine Science sector, this promises to play a greater role in generating personal income in the years to come.

Another indicator of economic trends is the unemployment rate for a particular area. In reviewing the Lincoln County unemployment statistics over the past ten years for the month of February, it shows that 2016 (6.4%) had the second lowest unemployment rate during this ten-year window, with only 2008 having a lower rate (6.2%). While Lincoln County is lagging both the State and Federal unemployment rates Lincoln County has seen a significant reduction since the highest February rate of 12.3% in 2010.

The city's single largest source of revenue for the operation of the City of Newport comes from property taxes. The city has seen a steady growth in this revenue over the past years, which is used to fund the major operations of the city, including police, fire, and general government. The State of Oregon has passed a number of initiatives that impact the amount of property taxes paid to local governments, including Measure 5 which passed in 1990, and Measure 50, which passed in 1996. Measure 5 imposes a limit of \$10 per \$1,000 of real market value for the overall payments of general government taxes. The City of Newport has not been significantly impacted by compression, which results when the rate limits enacted by Measure 50 are exceeded on individual properties. Compression applies to the real market value of properties rather than the assessed valuation. The city should continue seeing a modest growth in property tax revenues for the foreseeable future.

Other significant sources of revenues for the City of Newport include the transient room tax and local gas tax, state shared revenues, state gas tax and franchise fees, and line undergrounding fees from various utilities utilizing the city's right-of-way or being granted an exclusive franchise within the city. Also, because the City provides for Water and Sewer services there are related fees and charges for these and are a significant source for our Proprietary funds.

In assembling the City-wide budget for the 2016-17 Budget, the City Finance Department assembled assumptions for the budget as follows; assessed value of property would increase by 2.0 percent and the same for interest income. Medical insurance coverage was scheduled to increase by an average 7 percent, and an average Cost of Living Adjustment of 2.0% for budgeted wages.

Request for information. The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's financial condition. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Director, City of Newport, 169 SW Coast Highway, Newport, Oregon 97365

Signature

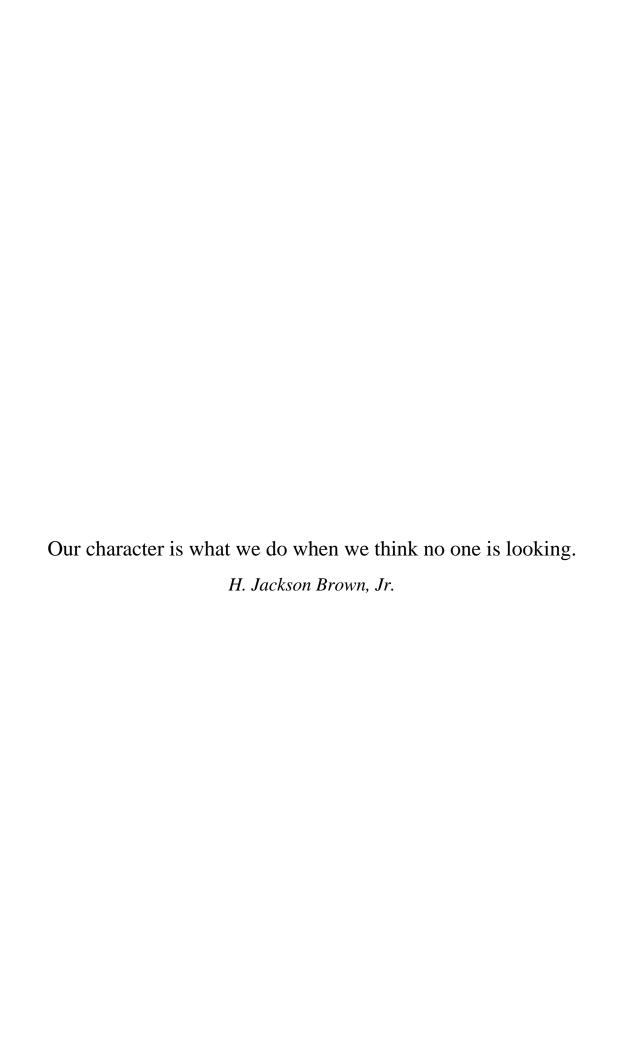
Title: FINANCE DIRECTOR

Signature: Londa m Brow

Title: ASST

ASST. FINANACE DIRECTOR

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



CITY OF NEWPORT, OREGON STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2016

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Totals
ASSETS			
Cash and investments	\$ 16,714,033	\$ 1,604,257	\$ 18,318,290
Internal balances	(1,136,252)	1,136,252	-
Receivables	(, , , ,	, ,	
Property taxes	820,026	175,454	995,480
Accounts	1,200,780	1,023,686	2,224,466
Inventories	-	450,434	450,434
Prepaid items	9,129	5,795	14,924
Restricted cash and investments	3,001,881	3,439,967	6,441,848
Land held for resale	9,751	-	9,751
Capital assets	,,,,		- ,
Land and construction in progress	27,407,915	6,886,585	34,294,500
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	40,654,140	55,415,017	96,069,157
Total assets	88,681,403	70,137,447	158,818,850
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension related items	755,022	147,690	902,712
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	2,213,271	661,111	2 974 292
Payroll and related liabilities		84,628	2,874,382 400,240
Accrued interest payable	315,612 43,626	115,351	158,977
Refundable deposits and advances	2,868	287,949	290,817
Long-term obligations	2,000	207,949	290,617
Due within one year			
Compensated absences	443,048	82,929	525,977
All other debt	1,734,772	2,315,674	4,050,446
Due in more than one year	1,/34,//2	2,313,074	4,030,440
Other post employment benefits	272,104	69,158	341,262
Net pension liability	2,733,944	466,187	3,200,131
All other debt	18,369,908	24,947,280	43,317,188
Total liabilities	26,129,153	29,030,267	55,159,420
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
	400.420	15 701	504.220
Pension related items	488,439	15,791	504,230
Unearned revenue	45,903		45,903
Total deferred inflows of resources	534,342	15,791	550,133
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	47,957,375	35,038,648	82,996,023
Capital projects	6,255,437	1,695,745	7,951,182
Debt service	3,226,183	1,503,517	4,729,700
Agate beach closure	1,372,665	-	1,372,665
Tourism	499,109	-	499,109
Streets	765,078	-	765,078
Urban renewal revitalization	417,744	-	417,744
Unrestricted	2,279,339	3,001,169	5,280,508
Total net position	\$ 62,772,930	\$ 41,239,079	\$ 104,012,009

CITY OF NEWPORT, OREGON STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

			Program Revenues									
				Charges	C	perating		Capital				
				for	G	rants and	Grants and					
	Expenses			Services	Coı	ntributions	Contributions					
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS												
Governmental activities												
General government	\$	6,271,284	\$	2,617,314	\$	29,122	\$	1,310,056				
Public safety		7,122,338		493,593		87,057		-				
Highways and streets		1,391,446		435,731		-		55,857				
Culture and recreation		2,680,451		607,228		72,179		377,929				
Interest on long-term obligations		716,647		_				_				
Total governmental activities		18,182,166		4,153,866		188,358		1,743,842				
Business-type activities												
Water		5,016,453		3,537,147		_		-				
Sewer		3,383,671		3,814,777				16,540				
Total business-type activities		8,400,124		7,351,924				16,540				
Totals	\$	26,582,290	\$	11,505,790	\$	188,358	\$	1,760,382				

General revenues

Property taxes used for general purposes

Property taxes used for debt service

Transient room taxes used for general purposes

Franchise fees

Motor fuel taxes

Cigarette and alcoholic beverage taxes

Unrestricted investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position - beginning

Prior period adjustments

Net position - ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Position

Cn	iange in Net Positi	on	
	Business-		
Governmental	type		
Activities	Activities	Totals	
			Governmental activities
\$ (2,314,792)	\$ -	\$ (2,314,792)	General government
(6,541,688)	· -	(6,541,688)	Public safety
(899,858)	-	(899,858)	Highways and streets
(1,623,115)	-	(1,623,115)	Culture and recreation
(716,647)	-	(716,647)	Interest on long-term obligations
(12,096,100)		(12,096,100)	Total governmental activities
			Business-type activities
-	(1,479,306)	(1,479,306)	Water
<u> </u>	447,646	447,646	Sewer
	(1,031,660)	(1,031,660)	Total business-type activities
(12,096,100)	(1,031,660)	(13,127,760)	Totals
			General revenues
6,342,098		6,342,098	Property taxes used for general purposes
2,393,393	1,783,433	4,176,826	Property taxes used for debt service
3,569,523	1,705,455	3,569,523	Transient room taxes used for general purposes
1,421,518	_	1,421,518	Franchise fees
761,637	_	761,637	Motor fuel taxes
274,987	_	274,987	Cigarette and alcoholic beverage taxes
148,909	49,845	198,754	Unrestricted investment earnings
505,102	15,015	505,102	Miscellaneous
(782,845)	782,845	-	Transfers
14,634,322	2,616,123	17,250,445	Total general revenues and transfers
2,538,222	1,584,463	4,122,685	Change in net position
60,234,708	39,439,830	99,674,538	Net position - beginning
-	214,786	214,786	Prior period adjustments
		21.,,00	F & and accomment
\$ 62,772,930	\$ 41,239,079	\$ 104,012,009	Net position - ending

CITY OF NEWPORT, OREGON BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2016

		General		Parks and Recreation		Agate Beach Closure		Debt Service NURA		Capital Projects		Total Nonmajor Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS														
Cash and investments	\$	3,732,969	\$	579,421	\$	1,376,224	\$	-	\$	6,400,022	\$	4,625,397	\$	16,714,033
Receivables Property taxes		605,475						192,545				22,006		820,026
Accounts		348,221		107		_		192,343		120,123		732,329		1,200,780
Land held for resale		J40,221 -		107		_		-		120,123		9,751		9,751
Prepaid items		1,002		3,127		_		_		_		5,000		9,129
Restricted cash and investments	_	<u>-</u>	_	<u> </u>			_	2,969,119	_			32,762	_	3,001,881
Total assets	\$	4,687,667	\$	582,655	\$	1,376,224	\$	3,161,664	\$	6,520,145	\$	5,427,245	\$	21,755,600
LIABILITIES														
Accounts payable	\$	182,677	\$	20,884	\$	3,559	\$	-	\$	1,877,151	\$	129,000	\$	2,213,271
Payroll and related liabilities		249,268		31,226		-		-		-		35,118		315,612
Deposits	_	1,228	_		_	<u>-</u>	_		_		_	1,640	_	2,868
Total liabilities		433,173	_	52,110		3,559			_	1,877,151		165,758	_	2,531,751
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES														
Unavailable revenue		520,883		83,463				165,960	_			61,155	_	831,461
FUND BALANCES														
Nonspendable		1,002		3,127		_		_		_		5,000		9,129
Restricted		-		_		1,372,665		2,995,704		4,642,994		3,305,288		12,316,651
Committed		-		443,955		-		-		-		1,890,044		2,333,999
Unassigned		3,732,609			_		_		_		_		_	3,732,609
Total fund balances	_	3,733,611		447,082	_	1,372,665		2,995,704	_	4,642,994		5,200,332	_	18,392,388
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	4,687,667	\$	582,655	\$	1,376,224	\$	3,161,664	\$	6,520,145	\$	5,427,245	\$	21,755,600

CITY OF NEWPORT, OREGON RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2016

Total fund balances per governmental funds balance sheet	\$	18,392,388
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Land and construction in progress 27,407,91	5	
Other capital assets, net of depreciation 40,654,14		
Total capital asset adjustments		68,062,055
Other long-term assets are not available to pay current-period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.		785,558
Governmental activities report as deferred outflows of resources, the difference between expected and actual experience, the changes in proportionate share, and contributions to the public employees retirement system and the City of Newport retirement plan.		755,022
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of information systems services, central services, and geographic information system services to individual funds. A portion of the assets and liabilities of the internal service funds is included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.		(1,136,252)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, notes payable, accrued interest, deferred inflows of resources, compensated absences, net pension liability and other postemployment benefits are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Long-term obligations (20,104,68)	0)	
Interest payable on long-term debt (20,104,06		
Deferred inflow - pension related (488,43)	,	
Compensated absences (443,04		
Net pension liability (2,733,94	*	
Other postemployment benefits (272,10		
Total long-term obligations adjustments		(24,085,841)
Net position of the governmental activities	\$	62,772,930

CITY OF NEWPORT, OREGON STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	General	Parks and Recreation	Agate Beach Closure	Debt Service NURA	Capital Projects	Total Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES							
Taxes:							
Property	\$ 6,308,707	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,891,622		\$ 495,888	\$ 8,696,217
Transient room	1,920,202	-	-	-	177,042	1,814,331	3,911,575
Franchise fees, privilege taxes,							
licenses, and permits	1,418,058	-	-	-	-	23,893	1,441,951
Intergovernmental	1,132,177	-	-	-	842,702	652,605	2,627,484
Charges for services	1,080,639	596,401	-	-	592,286	1,627,506	3,896,832
Fines and forfeitures	117,404	-	-	-	-	-	117,404
Interest on investments	18,878	2,529	-	43,746	58,920	24,836	148,909
Miscellaneous	163,274	351,231			585	124,200	639,290
Total revenues	12,159,339	950,161		1,935,368	1,671,535	4,763,259	21,479,662
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government	3,283,447	-	25,173	-	1,177,098	1,859,497	6,345,215
Public safety	5,339,330	-	-	-	-	-	5,339,330
Highways and streets	-	-	-	-	-	873,861	873,861
Culture and recreation	980,180	1,349,775	-	-	-	-	2,329,955
Debt service:							
Principal	-	-	-	1,099,000	-	483,639	1,582,639
Interest	-	-	-	418,159	-	343,343	761,502
Capital outlay	544,731	44,810			10,113,684	615,026	11,318,251
Total expenditures	10,147,688	1,394,585	25,173	1,517,159	11,290,782	4,175,366	28,550,753
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures	2,011,651	(444,424)	(25,173)	418,209	(9,619,247)	587,893	(7,071,091)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	62,900	749,502	_	_	2,317,449	973,294	4,103,145
Transfers out	(1,336,103)		-	-	_,,	(2,350,365)	(3,961,468)
							(-))
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,273,203)	474,502			2,317,449	(1,377,071)	141,677
Net change in fund balances	738,448	30,078	(25,173)	418,209	(7,301,798)	(789,178)	(6,929,414)
Fund balance - beginning	2,995,163	417,004	1,397,838	2,577,495	11,944,792	5,989,510	25,321,802
Fund balance - ending	\$ 3,733,611	\$ 447,082	\$ 1,372,665	\$ 2,995,704	\$ 4,642,994	\$ 5,200,332	\$ 18,392,388

CITY OF NEWPORT, OREGON RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ (6,929,414)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the costs of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation and disposals in the current period.		
Capital outlay	12,104,200	
Depreciation for the current fiscal year	(1,767,627)	
Total capital outlay/depreciation adjustment		10,336,573
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds and other revenues reported in the funds are not revenues reported in the statement of activities.	-0.454	
Property taxes System development charges	39,274 (15,703)	
System development charges	(13,703)	
Total revenue adjustments		23,571
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Amortization of bond premium Accrued interest Principal payments	38,736 8,056 1,615,728	
Principal payments	1,013,726	
Total long-term debt adjustments		1,662,520
The amount contributed to defined benefit plans is reported as an expenditure in the funds, while governmental activities reports pension expense as the change in net pension asset or liability, pension related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources Change in deferred outflows of resources - pension related Change in net pension asset or liability Change in deferred inflows of resources - pension related	338,889 (2,495,582) 622,424	
Total pension expense adjustment		(1,534,269)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Compensated absences Other postemployment benefits	(59,674) (49,129)	
Total other expense adjustment		(108,803)
The transfer of the internal service fund to business-type activities is reported as an additional transfer in the governmental activities		(924,522)
The net expense of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.		 12,566
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 2,538,222

CITY OF NEWPORT, OREGON GENERAL FUND

BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT

	 Original Budget	 Final Budget	 Actual		Over (Under)
Revenues					
Property taxes:					
Current	\$ 5,892,089	\$ 5,892,089	\$ 6,098,610	\$	206,521
Delinquent	259,658	259,658	210,097		(49,561)
Transient room tax	1,534,700	1,534,700	1,920,202		385,502
Fees in lieu of franchise	306,600	306,600	288,177		(18,423)
Vacation rental and Bed and Breakfast endorsement tax	3,000	3,000	3,813		813
State cigarette tax	12,700	12,700	13,364		664
State liquor proration	147,000	147,000	145,660		(1,340)
Franchise tax - Georgia Pacific	68,000	68,000	69,670		1,670
Franchise tax - Century Link	29,000	29,000	23,105		(5,895)
Franchise tax - Charter	276,000	276,000	174,878		(101,122)
Franchise tax - Coast Communications	16,800	16,800	19,756		2,956
Franchise tax - NW Natural	145,400	145,400	196,579		51,179
Franchise tax - Central Lincoln Public Utility District	312,000	312,000	364,028		52,028
Franchise tax - Thompson sanitary service	97,200	97,200	108,907		11,707
Franchise tax - miscellaneous	1,200	1,200	7,595		6,395
Homeland fire grant	55,000	55,000	76,058		21,058
Federal grant - police overtime	-	-	1,082		1,082
State revenue sharing	140,000	140,000	115,963		(24,037)
Department of Land Conservation and Development planning grant	9,000	9,000	9,000		-
Ready to read grant	1,200	1,200	1,105		(95)
Newport rural fire protection	233,471	233,471	227,760		(5,711)
Miscellaneous grant	-	-	9,917		9,917
CIS return to work grant	15,000	15,000	17,972		2,972
Library foundation grant	100,000	100,000	71,074		(28,926)
Lincoln County Library District	330,000	330,000	298,277		(31,723)
Conflagration reimbursement	12,000	139,835	127,843		(11,992)
Service provided parks and recreation	90,791	90,791	90,791		-
Service provided public parking	3,636	3,636	3,636		-
Service provided housing	5,749	5,749	5,749		-
Service provided airport	66,281	66,281	66,281		=
Service provided room tax	98,157	98,157	98,157		-
Service provided building inspection	30,367	30,367	30,367		-
Service provided street	76,255	76,255	76,255		-
Service provided agate beach	327	327	327		-
Service provided Newport Urban Renewal Agency	34,144	34,144	34,144		-
Service provided water	280,846	280,846	280,846		-
Service provided sewer	334,803	334,803	334,803		-
Service provided public works	52,487	52,487	52,487		(5.500)
K-9 program Rents and leases	5,500	5,500 92,000	120.259		(5,500)
	92,000 9,000	92,000	129,358		37,358 16,740
Land use fees Municipal court fines			25,740		
State/county court fines	140,000 3,000	140,000	106,577		(33,423)
		3,000	17,102 10,827		14,102 (4,673)
Library fines	15,500	15,500			
Training court cost	100	100	2,680		2,680
Court restitution payments	100	100	1,557		1,457
Business licenses	142,000	142,000	130,975		(11,025)
Oregon Liquor Control Commission licenses	1,200	1,200	4,835		3,635
Police reports	5,300	5,300	5,239		(61)
Interest on investments Miscellaneous sales and services	9,700	9,700	18,878		9,178
Gifts and donations	31,000	36,500	27,601		(8,899)
	5,000	5,000	2,000		(3,000)
Special events and fundraising	600	600	150		(450)
Tower optic	 	 	 1,485	_	1,485
Total revenues	 11,530,761	 11,664,096	 12,159,339		495,243

CITY OF NEWPORT, OREGON GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL, continued

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Over (Under)
Other financing sources Transfer from room tax fund Transfer from street fund Transfer from bonded debt fund Transfer from water fund Transfer from sewer fund	\$	21,822 5,578 - 13,050 13,050	\$	21,822 5,578 9,400 13,050 13,050	\$	21,822 5,578 9,400 13,050	\$	- - - -
Total other financing sources		53,500	_	62,900	_	62,900		
Fund balance, beginning Unassigned Amount available for appropriation	_	2,595,226 14,179,487	_	2,645,226 14,372,222	_	2,995,163 15,217,402	_	349,937 845,180
		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		(Over) Under
Expenditures City administration Police Fire Emergency coordinator Library Community development Facilities and parks Non-departmental Contingency		1,995,430 3,603,480 1,892,439 107,000 1,225,857 315,380 1,226,364 421,488 541,322		2,087,626 3,674,850 2,009,630 107,000 1,239,088 319,161 1,237,785 446,488 375,722		1,920,991 3,542,987 1,978,627 10,607 1,147,620 241,258 862,892 442,706		166,635 131,863 31,003 96,393 91,468 77,903 374,893 3,782 375,722
Total expenditures Other financing uses Transfers to other funds		11,328,760 1,248,432		11,497,350 1,344,677		10,147,688		1,349,662 8,574
Total expenditures and other financing uses	_	12,577,192		12,842,027	_	11,483,791	-	1,358,236
Fund balance, ending	\$	1,602,295	\$	1,530,195	\$	3,733,611	\$	2,203,416

CITY OF NEWPORT, OREGON PARKS AND RECREATION FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Over (Under)		
Revenues								<u> </u>	
Interest on investments	\$	2,000	\$	2,000	\$	2,529	\$	529	
Special event	Ψ	35,000	Ψ	35,000	Ψ	19,411	Ψ	(15,589)	
Rents and leases		20,465		20,465		33,216		12,751	
Senior center		1,200		1,200		11,584		10,384	
Miscellaneous sales and services		3,000		3,000		486		(2,514)	
Gifts and donations		5,800		305,800		306,927		1,127	
Swimming pool passes		60,000		60,000		59,345		(655)	
Swimming pool daily fees		17,000		17,000		19,380		2,380	
Swimming pool lessons		14,000		14,000		16,703		2,703	
Swimming pool merchandise		2,000		2,000		1,779		(221)	
Swimming pool rentals		11,000		11,000		19,413		8,413	
Swimming pool special events		3,500		3,500		3,020		(480)	
Recreation center		259,000		259,000		272,772		13,772	
Concessions		9,000		9,000		8,823		(177)	
Activity programs - youth		115,000		115,000		124,567		9,567	
Activity programs - seniors		1,000		1,000		1,046		46	
Activity programs - adults		14,500		14,500		9,965		(4,535)	
Miscellaneous recreation programs		200		200		-		(200)	
Sports programs - adults		12,500		12,500		10,612		(1,888)	
Sports programs - youth		26,000		27,000		28,583		1,583	
Total revenues		612,165	_	913,165		950,161		36,996	
Other financing sources									
Transfer from General Fund		569,002		569,002		569,002			
Transfer from Room Tax Fund		180,500		180,500		180,500		_	
			_						
Total other financing sources		749,502		749,502		749,502		-	
Fund balance, beginning	_	347,870	_	347,870	_	417,004	_	69,134	
Amount available for appropriation	_	1,709,537	_	2,010,537		2,116,667	_	106,130	
Expenditures									
Parks administration		164,626		186,728		180,944		5,784	
Senior center		168,321		169,753		135,648		34,105	
Swimming pool		392,466		394,897		376,000		18,897	
Recreation center		545,606		547,094		450,117		96,977	
Recreation programs		176,944		176,944		131,170		45,774	
Sports programs		122,266		123,266		120,706		2,560	
Contingency		139,308		111,855		120,700		111,855	
Total expenditures			_			1 204 585			
Total expenditures	-	1,709,537	_	1,710,537	_	1,394,585		315,952	
Other financing uses									
Transfers to other funds			_	275,000		275,000			
Total other financing uses	_		_	275,000		275,000	_		
Total expenditures and other financing uses		1,709,537		1,985,537		1,669,585		315,952	
Fund balance, ending	\$		\$	25,000	\$	447,082	\$	422,082	

CITY OF NEWPORT, OREGON AGATE BEACH CLOSURE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under)
Revenues Agate Beach closure fees Interest on investments	\$ 12,000 6,000	\$ 12,000 6,000	\$ -	\$ (12,000) (6,000)
Total revenues Fund balance, beginning Amount available for appropriation	18,000 1,404,584 1,422,584	18,000 1,404,584 1,422,584	1,397,838 1,397,838	(18,000) (6,746) (24,746)
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	(Over) Under
Expenditures Materials and services Contingency Total expenditures	60,327 1,362,257 1,422,584	60,327 1,362,257 1,422,584	25,173 - 25,173	35,154 1,362,257 1,397,411
Fund balance, ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,372,665	\$ 1,372,665

CITY OF NEWPORT, OREGON STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

June 30, 2016

Business-type Activities

			Business-type A	tivities		
		Water Debt	Wastewater	Capital	Total Enterprise	Internal Service
Water	Wastewater	Service	Debt Service	Projects	Funds	Fund
\$ 861,106	\$ 635,468	\$ 74,818	\$ 1,247,450	\$ 2,117,699	\$ 4,936,541	\$ 107,683
-	-	87,008	88,446	-	,	-
	615,130	-	-	-		166
450,434	-	-	-	-		-
		5,795			5,/95	
1,719,930	1,250,598	167,621	1,335,896	2,117,699	6,591,744	107,849
2,083,488	4,203,757	-	-	-	6,287,245	599,340
21,606,506	33,515,948				55,122,454	292,563
23,689,994	37,719,705				61,409,699	891,903
25,409,924	38,970,303	167,621	1,335,896	2,117,699	68,001,443	999,752
58,903	48,109				107,012	40,678
12,410	207,739	-	-	421,954	642,103	19,008
29,929	29,536	-	-		59,465	25,163
28,612	31,140	-	-	-	59,752	23,177
72,005	43,346	-	-	-	115,351	-
287,949	-	-	-	-	287,949	-
1,008,354	1,307,320				2,315,674	
1,439,259	1,619,081			421,954	3,480,294	67,348
185.927	151.859	-	-	-	337.786	128,401
,		-	-	-	,	18,187
20,323,358	4,623,922	-	-	-	24,947,280	-
20,538,162	4,797,875	-			25,336,037	146,588
21.977.421	-			421.954	-	213,936
		-			20,010,551	
6.298	5.144	-	-	-	11.442	4,349
2,358,282	31,788,463	-	-	1 605 745		891,903
-	-	167.621	1 225 906	1,695,745		-
1 126 926	907.940	167,621	1,335,896	-		((0.759)
		-				(69,758)
\$ 3,485,108	\$ 32,596,312	\$ 167,621	\$ 1,335,896	\$ 1,695,745	\$ 39,280,682	\$ 822,145
	Adjustment to r	eflect the cumul	ative internal hal	ance for		
		cricet the culling	anto micrial Dai	u1100 101		
				al service		
	the net effect		etween the intern	al service	1,958,397	
	the net effect	of the activity be	etween the intern	al service	1,958,397	
	408,390 450,434 	\$ 861,106 \$ 635,468 408,390 615,130 450,434 - 1,719,930 1,250,598 2,083,488 4,203,757 21,606,506 33,515,948 23,689,994 37,719,705 25,409,924 38,970,303 58,903 48,109 12,410 207,739 29,929 29,536 28,612 31,140 72,005 43,346 287,949 - 1,008,354 1,307,320 1,439,259 1,619,081 185,927 151,859 28,877 22,094 20,323,358 4,623,922 20,538,162 4,797,875 21,977,421 6,416,956 6,298 5,144 2,358,282 31,788,463 - 1,126,826 807,849 \$ 3,485,108 \$ 32,596,312	Water Wastewater Water Debt Service \$ 861,106 \$ 635,468 \$ 74,818 - - 87,008 408,390 615,130 - 450,434 - - - - 5,795 1,719,930 1,250,598 167,621 2,083,488 4,203,757 - 21,606,506 33,515,948 - 23,689,994 37,719,705 - 25,409,924 38,970,303 167,621 58,903 48,109 - 12,410 207,739 - 29,929 29,536 - 28,612 31,140 - 72,005 43,346 - 28,7949 - - 1,439,259 1,619,081 - 185,927 151,859 - 28,877 22,094 - 20,323,358 4,623,922 - 20,538,162 4,797,875 - 21,977,421 6,416,956	Water Wastewater Water Debt Service Wastewater Debt Service \$ 861,106 \$ 635,468 \$ 74,818 \$ 1,247,450 - - 87,008 88,446 408,390 615,130 - - - - 5,795 - 1,719,930 1,250,598 167,621 1,335,896 2,083,488 4,203,757 - - 21,606,506 33,515,948 - - 23,689,994 37,719,705 - - 25,409,924 38,970,303 167,621 1,335,896 58,903 48,109 - - 29,929 29,536 - - 28,612 31,140 - - 287,949 - - - 1,008,354 1,307,320 - - 1,439,259 1,619,081 - - 28,877 22,094 - - 20,323,358 4,623,922 - -	Water Wastewater Service Debt Service Projects \$ 861,106 \$ 635,468 \$ 74,818 \$ 1,247,450 \$ 2,117,699 - - 87,008 88,446 - - - - - - 450,434 - - - - - - 5,795 - - 1,719,930 1,250,598 167,621 1,335,896 2,117,699 2,083,488 4,203,757 - - - 21,606,506 33,515,948 - - - 23,689,994 37,719,705 - - - 25,409,924 38,970,303 167,621 1,335,896 2,117,699 58,903 48,109 - - - 12,410 207,739 - - 421,954 29,929 29,536 - - - 28,612 31,140 - - - 72,005 43,346	Water Wastewater Wastewater Service Wastewater Debt Service Capital Projects Total Enterprise Funds \$ 861,106 \$ 635,468 \$ 74,818 \$ 1,247,450 \$ 2,117,699 \$ 4,936,541 87,008 88,446 - 175,454 408,390 615,130 10,23,520 450,434 5,795 10,23,520 450,434 5,795 5,795 1,719,930 1,250,598 167,621 1,335,896 2,117,699 6,591,744 2,083,488 4,203,757 6,287,245 61,409,699 25,409,924 38,770,303 167,621 1,335,896 2,117,699 68,001,443 58,903 48,109 107,012 - 107,012 12,410 207,739 107,012 - 107,012 12,410 207,739 107,012 - 107,012 12,810 31,140 28,045 - 28,732 28,612 31,140 28,042 28,732 28,7949 28,732 28,732 </td

CITY OF NEWPORT, OREGON STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	-				Busine	ess-type Activit	ties		
	Water		Wastewater		Water Debt Service	Wastewater Debt Service	Capital Projects	Total Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Fund
OPERATING REVENUES:									
Service charges and fees	\$ 3,457,568	\$	3,808,342	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,265,910	
Miscellaneous	79,579		6,435					86,014	338
Total operating revenues	3,537,147		3,814,777					7,351,924	600,224
OPERATING EXPENSES:									
Salaries and wages	838,709		738,761		-	-	602	1,578,072	550,520
Contracted services	143,289		26,482		-	-	467,524	637,295	39,435
Property services	157,922		257,497		_	-	· -	415,419	2,496
Operating supplies	79,396		210,628		_	_	67	290,091	17,926
Utilities	202,222		286,779		_	_	-	489,001	3,986
Depreciation	886,126		1,449,546		_	_	_	2,335,672	24,377
Repairs and maintenance	153,663		294,226		_	_	_	447,889	17,704
Charges for services	522,003		607,106		_	_	_	1,129,109	52,487
Miscellaneous	165,633		81,524		-	-	-	247,157	23,266
Miscenaneous	103,033	_	81,324	-	-			247,137	23,200
Total operating expenses	3,148,963		3,952,549	_	<u>-</u>		468,193	7,569,705	732,197
Operating income (loss)	388,184		(137,772)	_			(468,193)	(217,781)	(131,973)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):									
Property taxes	_		_		876,912	906,521	_	1,783,433	_
Interest on investments	4,494		3,667		2,220	4,971	32,966	48,318	1,189
Interest	(466,734)		(257,208)					(723,942)	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(462,240)		(253,541)	_	879,132	911,492	32,966	1,107,809	1,189
Income (loss) before capital contributions and									
transfers	(74,056)		(391,313)		879,132	911,492	(435,227)	890,028	(130,784)
Capital contributions	(74,030)		16,540		077,132	711,472	(455,221)	16,540	(150,704)
Transfers in	3,006,757		3,369,233		455,664	706,293	2,493,061	10,031,008	54,568
Transfers out									
Transfers out	(2,719,607)		(1,083,856)	_	(1,369,888)	(1,504,363)	(3,484,978)	(10,162,692)	(26,161)
Change in net position	213,094		1,910,604		(35,092)	113,422	(1,427,144)	774,884	(102,377)
Prior period restatement	63,717		151,069		-	-	-	214,786	-
Net position - beginning	3,208,297		30,534,639	-	202,713	1,222,474	3,122,889	38,291,012	924,522
Net position - ending	\$ 3,485,108	\$	32,596,312	\$	167,621	\$ 1,335,896	\$ 1,695,745	\$ 39,280,682	\$ 822,145
		Cha	inge in net posit	tion				\$ 774,884	
			internal service						
			e properly repor ustment for the				ivity	924,522	
		be	etween the inter	nal :	service funds	and the enterpr	ise funds	(114,943)	
Change in net position of the business-type activities $\frac{1,584,463}{}$									

CITY OF NEWPORT, OREGON STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Business-type activities								
	Water	Wastewater	Water Debt Service	Wastewater Debt Service	Capital Projects	Total Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Fund		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:									
Cash received from customers	\$ 3,536,924	\$ 3,814,369	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,351,293	\$ -		
Service provided to other funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	599,720		
Cash payments to suppliers of goods and services	(1,663,785)	(1,609,475)	-	-	(467,591)	(3,740,851)	(140,653)		
Cash payments to employees for services	(813,461)	(710,385)	-	-	(602)	(1,524,448)	(525,304)		
Other revenues	79,579	6,435				86,014	338		
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	1,139,257	1,500,944			(468,193)	2,172,008	(65,899)		
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIE	ES:								
Property taxes			871,573	901,093		1,772,666			
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:									
Purchase of capital assets	(161,798)	(222,622)	-	-	(3,309,915)	(3,694,335)	(26,161)		
Proceeds from issuance of debt	-	-			1,118,733	1,118,733	-		
Capital contributions	-	16,540	-	-	-	16,540	-		
Transfers in	-	-	455,664	706,293	1,474,661	2,636,618	-		
Transfers out	(1,685,039)	(1,083,856)	(9,400)	-	-	(2,778,295)	-		
Principal payments	-	-	(885,120)	(1,240,000)	-	(2,125,120)	-		
Interest payments			(481,163)	(264,363)		(745,526)			
Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities	(1,846,837)	(1,289,938)	(920,019)	(798,070)	(716,521)	(5,571,385)	(26,161)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:									
Interest on investments	4,494	3,667	2,220	4,971	32,966	48,318	1,189		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(703,086)	214,673	(46,226)	107,994	(1,151,748)	(1,578,393)	(90,871)		
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2015	1,564,192	420,795	121,044	1,139,456	3,269,447	6,514,934	198,554		
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30, 2016	\$ 861,106	\$ 635,468	\$ 74,818	\$ 1,247,450	\$2,117,699	\$4,936,541	\$ 107,683		

CITY OF NEWPORT, OREGON STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

			Bu	siness-type activ	vities		
	Water	Wastewater	Water Debt Service	Wastewater Debt Service	Capital Projects	Totals Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIV	ITIES						
Operating income (loss)	\$ 388,184	\$ (137,772)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (468,193)	\$ (217,781)	\$ (131,973)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Depreciation Changes in assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows:	886,126	1,449,546	-	-	-	2,335,672	24,377
Receivables	26,303	6,027	-	-	-	32,330	(166)
Inventories	(122,253)	-	-	-	_	(122,253)	
Deferred outflows of resources	(46,266)	(37,470)	-	-	-	(83,736)	(32,747)
Accounts payable	(117,404)	154,767	-	-	-	37,363	16,647
Payroll and related liabilities	29,929	29,536	-	-	-	59,465	12,447
Compensated absences	(4,542)	2,475	-	-	-	(2,067)	4,209
Other postemployment benefits	5,232	4,243	-	-	-	9,475	3,535
Refundable deposits	53,053	-	-	-	-	53,053	-
Net pension liability	34,597	24,448	-	-	-	59,045	33,423
Deferred inflows of resources	6,298	5,144				11,442	4,349
Total adjustments	751,073	1,638,716				2,389,789	66,074
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	1,139,257	1,500,944			(468,193)	2,172,008	(65,899)

CITY OF NEWPORT, OREGON

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND June 30, 2016

	Emplo	y of Newport yees Retirement Pension Trust Fund
ASSETS		runu
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	666,439
Investments		9,623,925
TOTAL ASSETS		10,290,364
NET POSITION		
Held in trust for defined benefit pension		5,705,041
Held in trust for defined contribution pension		4,585,323
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	10,290,364

CITY OF NEWPORT, OREGON

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

	City of Newport
	Employees
	Retirement Plan
	Pension Trust Fund
ADDITIONS	
Employer contributions	\$ 603,231
DEDUCTIONS	
Benefits	379,810
Administrative expenses	34,557
Investment loss, net	66,876
Total deductions	481,243
Change in net position	121,988
Net position - beginning	10,168,376
Net position - ending	\$ 10,290,364

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Newport (the City) have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). GAAP statements include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Reporting Entity

The City of Newport operates under a council-manager form of government instituted by a vote of the people on May 18, 1862, effective as of July 1, 1962. It provide for a mayor, six councilors and a city manager. As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the City and its one component unit, an entity for which the City is considered to be financially accountable, in accordance with GASB 61. A blended component unit, although a legally separate entity, is, in substance, part of the City's operations and, therefore, data from the unit is combined with the data of the City of Newport. The City's component unit operates on a June 30 year.

There are various other governmental agencies and special service districts which provide services within the City's boundaries. However, the City if not financially accountable for any of these entities and accordingly their financial information is not included in these financial statements.

Blended Component Unit

The Newport Urban Renewal Agency (NURA) serves the citizens of the City of Newport and is governed by a board comprised of the City's elected officials. NURA is reported as a governmental fund type. Its annual financial report may be obtained at the City's Hall, Newport, OR 97365.

Basic Financial Statements

Basic financial statements are presented at both the government-wide and fund level. Both levels of statements categorize activities as either governmental or business-type. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely on fees and charges for support.

Government-wide financial statements display information about the City as a whole. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. These statements focus on the sustainability of the City as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period. These aggregated statements consist of the statement of net position and the statement of activities.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Basic Financial Statements (continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Fund financial statements display information at the individual fund level. Each fund is considered to be a separate entity. Funds are classified and summarized as governmental, proprietary, or fiduciary. Major individual governmental funds and major individual proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Non-major funds are consolidated into a single column in the financial section of the basic financial statements and are detailed in the supplemental information.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental column, a reconciliation is necessary to explain the adjustments needed to transform the fund-based financial statements into the governmental column of the government-wide presentation. This reconciliation is part of the financial statements.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water and sanitary sewer enterprise funds and the City's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the costs of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General

This is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all the financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Principal sources of revenues are property taxes, franchise fees, state shared revenues, permits, municipal court fines, and licenses. Primary expenditures are for general government (planning), public safety (municipal court, police, and fire), and culture and recreation (library).

Parks and Recreation

This fund accounts for the activities related to the Parks and Recreation operations. Major sources of revenues are from customer sales, and fees and charges related to activities. Transfers from the General and Room Tax Funds provide other financing sources to supplement revenues. Expenditures are for the operations related to the parks and recreation operations and activities.

Agate Beach Closure

This fund accounts for the Agate Beach Disposal Site Closure. Major sources of revenues are fees collected through the disposal service companies. Expenditures are costs related to the closed site, namely various Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) inspections and sampling.

<u>Debt Service – Newport Urban Renewal Agency</u>

This fund accounts for the debt service related to the construction/operations of the Newport Urban Renewal Agency. For more detail please see the separately created financial report.

Capital Projects

A governmental fund used to account for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds. Sources of funds include local, state, and federal support (grants); donations; and transfers from other funds.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

<u>Water</u>

All activities associated with the provision of water to citizenry of Newport are reported in this fund. Activities include treatment, distribution, canal maintenance, plant expansion, administration, equipment replacement, economic development, and payment of related debt. The primary source of revenue is water service charges.

Wastewater

All programs associated with the collection and treatment of wastewater in the City is reported in this fund. Other activities include system improvements, plant expansion, administration, equipment replacement, economic development, and payment of related debt. The primary source of revenue is wastewater service charges.

Debt Service – Water and Wastewater

The debt related to the Water and Wastewater Funds is reported in two separate funds. The City utilizes these two funds to account for debt service expense for bonds and other borrowings related to the Water and Wastewater Funds. Both the Water and Wastewater Funds have bond issues funded by property taxes. Other sources of funds include property taxes, financed assessments, SDC charges, and transfers from the Water and Wastewater Funds.

Capital Projects – Proprietary

The proprietary funds use this separate fund to account for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities. Sources of funds include local, state and federal support (grants), bank borrowings and transfers from the Water and Wastewater Funds.

Additionally, the City reports the following nonmajor fund types:

Special revenue

A governmental fund type used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Debt service

The City utilizes this fund to account for debt service on bonds issued by the governmental funds. General obligation bonds are funded by property taxes. Other sources of funds include transient room taxes, financed assessments, and the general revenues of the City.

Capital projects

A governmental fund type used to account for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds. Sources of funds include local, state, and federal support; donations; and transfers from other funds.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

Enterprise

Accounts for the operations of predominately self-supporting activities. Enterprise funds account for services rendered to the public on a user charge basis.

Internal Service

Accounts for the cost of providing services to other funds of the City which are charged a fee on a cost reimbursement basis for those services.

Fiduciary

The fiduciary fund presented in the financial statements accounts for the City of Newport's pension plan to provide retirement benefits to its employees.

Cash and Investments

The City's cash on hand and short-term investments are considered to be cash and investments. State statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U. S. Treasury, commercial paper, repurchase agreements, and the Oregon State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). The LGIP policies are governed by state statutes and the Oregon Investment Council. Participation by local governments is voluntary. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of pool shares.

Cash equivalents represent demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired. Investments are stated at cost which approximates fair value.

Restricted Assets

Assets whose use is restricted for construction, debt service, or by other agreement are segregated on the government-wide statement of net position and the proprietary fund statement of net position.

Inventories

In the proprietary funds, inventories are stated and valued at cost (first-in, first-out method). Inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased or donated and charged to expenses in the statement of activities and the enterprise funds when used.

In the governmental funds, no inventories are maintained, as costs are expensed at the time of purchase. However, in the debt fund, foreclosed land held for resale is recorded at the related lien value plus cost of foreclosure.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Receivables

Management has determined that the direct method of accounting for uncollectible accounts receivable approximates the GAAP allowance for uncollectible accounts method. Therefore, no allowance for uncollectible accounts receivable has been presented. Property taxes receivable for governmental fund types which are collected within 60 days following the year end are considered measurable and available and, accordingly, are recognized as revenues in the respective funds. All other property taxes receivable for the governmental fund types are offset by deferred revenues and, accordingly, have not been recorded as revenues. Uncollected property taxes, including delinquent accounts, are deemed to be substantially collectible or recoverable through foreclosure. The major sources of revenues which are subject to accrual include property taxes, accounts receivable for user charges, property assessments, and interest.

Assessments receivable represent the uncollected amounts levied against benefited properties for the costs of local improvements. Since the assessments are liens against properties, an allowance for uncollectible amounts is not deemed necessary by management. Assessments are payable over a period of ten years and bear interest at 6.467% to 10.1%.

The City has been involved as a conduit in a low-income housing assistance grant, the purpose of which is to encourage development of affordable housing and improve deteriorated property. These loans are either being paid upon monthly or become due upon the sale or transfer of the benefitting properties. The loans are recorded in the Capital Projects or Special Revenue Funds. The additional small loans originating from the sale of properties are recorded in various funds.

Property taxes become a lien against the property as of July 1 in the year in which they are due and are assessed in October through billing by the counties to the property owner. Payments are due in three equal installments on November 15, February 15, and May 15, with a three percent discount available for payment in full on November 15. Taxes unpaid and outstanding on May 16 are considered delinquent.

Notes and contracts are recorded at par. Interest assessed is recorded as revenue when the payment becomes due.

Receivables for federal and state grants and state, county, and local shared revenues are recorded in all fund types as earned.

Receivables in the proprietary funds are recorded as they are earned, including services not yet billed.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are charged to expenditures as purchased in the governmental funds, and capitalized in the proprietary fund statements. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life of greater than one year. Additions or improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset, or that significantly increase the capacity of an asset, are capitalized. Other costs for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

Depreciation on exhaustible assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Vehicles and equipment5-20 yearsBuildings and improvements10-40 yearsInfrastructure20-50 years

Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to earn vacation and sick leave. No liability is reported for accumulated sick leave, as it does not vest when earned. Vacation leave is accrued as it is earned and is reported as a fund liability. All vacation leave is accrued when earned in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured; for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related obligations.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Equity

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets.
- 2) Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (2) law, through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3) Unrestricted net position All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

In the governmental fund financial statements equity is reported using the five fund balance categories listed below:

Non-spendable – Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed – Amounts are those constrained by City Council through resolution or ordinance before the end of the fiscal year. The State of Oregon recognizes resolutions and ordinances as being equally binding, and the process for establishing, modifying, and rescinding resolutions and ordinances are substantively the same. Therefore, the City uses both to commit funds.

Assigned – Amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. The City Council has granted authority to the City's Finance Director to assign fund balance amounts.

Unassigned – The residual classification for the government's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. Additionally, other funds may report negative unassigned fund balance in certain circumstances.

The City will use resources in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned, unless the City Council has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

The City of Newport has adopted this order of categories in Resolution 3642 on June 17, 2013 and has classified equity in the proper category.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets for all funds are adopted on a basis consistent with Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS 294 - Local Budget Law). The City Manager submits a proposed budget to the Budget Committee (consisting of the City Council and an equal number of citizens of the City, 14 members in all). The Budget Committee conducts public hearings for the purpose of obtaining citizens' comments, and then approves a budget and submits it to the City Council for final adoption. The City Council may not increase approved expenditures for each fund by more than 10 percent without returning to the Budget Committee for a second approval.

The City is required to budget each fund. The City's budget is prepared for each fund on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues and other increases in financial resources are recognized when they become both measurable and available. For the City, available means that the funds are collectible within 60 days of the end of the current period.

Expenditures are recognized when the fund liability is incurred, except for inventories of materials and supplies that may be considered expenditures when purchased, and prepaid insurance and other similar items that may be considered expenditures either when paid or consumed.

A City Council resolution authorizing appropriations for each fund sets the level by which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations. The level of control is either total appropriations by program within a fund or total fund appropriations segregated into the following categories: personnel services, materials and services, capital outlay, transfers out, and contingency. The budget document, however, is required to contain more specific, detailed information for the above-mentioned expenditure categories. Budget appropriations can be changed with City Council approval only.

An election must be held to approve general obligation debt pledging the full faith and credit of the City. As a result of Ballot Measure 50 and subsequent legislation, the City's permanent tax rate has been set at \$5.5938 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed value (not including the urban renewal district) for 2015-16 was \$1,121,393,551. Assessed value is calculated on a property-by-property basis and is limited to a three percent increase annually. Compression of tax revenues comes into play when the real market value of an individual residential property is not sufficient to allow for an annual three percent increase in the assessed value.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (continued)

Budgetary Information (continued)

The City budgets at the program level with the exception of contingency and transfers out.

Unexpected additional resources may be appropriated through the use of a supplemental budget and City Council action. The original and supplemental budgets require hearings before the public, publications in newspapers, notice postings, and approval by the City Council. Original and supplemental budgets may be modified during the fiscal year by use of appropriation transfers between legal categories. Such transfers require approval of the City Council.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the City made supplemental budget changes which totaled \$502,920, a .68% increase over the adopted budget. The following table outlines the budget changes by fund:

	2015-16			2015-16		
	Ado	pted Budget	Final Budget			Change
						_
General	\$	12,577,192	\$	12,842,027	\$	264,835
Parks and Recreation		1,709,537		1,985,537		276,000
Public Parking		356,043		356,043		-
Housing		171,581		171,581		-
Airport		926,671		928,069		1,398
Room Tax		2,016,278		2,125,133		108,855
Building Inspection		284,755		309,755		25,000
Streets		1,268,921		1,268,921		-
Line Undergrounding		905,415		905,415		-
SDC		1,361,300		1,361,300		-
Agate Beach Closure		1,422,584		1,422,584		-
Newport Urban Renewal Agency		1,205,110		1,205,110		-
Water Debt Service		1,360,489		1,369,889		9,400
Sewer Debt Service		1,504,363		1,504,363		-
General Debt Service		832,057		832,057		-
Newport Urban Renewal Agency Debt Service		1,517,732		1,517,732		-
Capital Projects		22,007,140		22,039,090		31,950
Proprietary Capital Projects		11,778,225		11,548,707		(229,518)
Reserve		465,000		480,000		15,000
Water		4,881,554		4,881,554		-
Wastewater		4,561,520		4,561,520		-
Public Works		999,165		999,165	_	
		- 1110 -000		-1 -1	Φ.	702.020
	\$	74,112,632	\$	74,615,552	\$	502,920

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

3. **DETAILED NOTES**

Cash and Investments

The City pools virtually all funds for investment purposes. Each fund type's portion is displayed on the statement of net position as 'cash and investments'.

Cash and investments included in the statement of net position are as follows:	
Cash on hand	\$ 1,489
Bank balances with financial institutions	988,780
State of Oregon Treasurer's short-term investment pool	 23,769,869
Total cash and investments	\$ 24,760,138
Cash and investments are reflected on the statement of net position as follows:	
Cash and investments	\$ 18,318,290
Restricted cash and investments	 6,441,848
Total cash and investments	\$ 24,760,138

Financial Institutions

Deposits with financial institutions are comprised of bank demand deposits and savings accounts. At year end, the carrying amount of the City's net balance was \$988,780 and the bank balance was \$2,002,612.

Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments

Oregon Revised Statutes, Chapter 294 authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U. S. Treasury, U. S. government agencies, bankers' acceptances issued by Oregon financial institutions, repurchase agreements, Oregon Short-term Fund, certain high-grade commercial paper, and various interest-bearing bonds of Oregon municipalities, among others.

The equity position of each fund participating in an internal investment pool is reported as assets of those funds. The City carries all investments at amortized cost as allowed by GASB No. 31. The implementation of GASB No. 31 is and has been immaterial to the government-wide financial statements since fiscal year end June 30, 2007.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

3. DETAILED NOTES (continued)

Cash and Investments (continued)

As of June 30, 2016, the City had the following investments:

Investment Type	Maturities	Rating	Fair Value
LGIP - General Account	N/A	Not Rated	\$ 16,992,266
LGIP - Pool Bond	N/A	Not Rated	4,039,935
LGIP - 2014 Water Rev Bond	N/A	Not Rated	1,595,705
LGIP - 2015 South Beach Urban Renewal	N/A	Not Rated	 1,141,963
			\$ 23,769,869
Pension Trust Investments:			
Equities	N/A	Not Rated	\$ 5,860,304
Money Market	N/A	Not Rated	666,439
Mutual Funds	N/A	Not Rated	 3,763,621
			\$ 10,290,364

Credit and Concentration of Credit Risk

At June 30, 2016, 100% of total investments, excluding the pension trust investments, were in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). LGIP is administered by the Oregon state Treasury. The LGIP is an open-ended no-load diversified portfolio offered to any agency, political subdivision or public corporation of the state who by laws is made custodian of, or has control of, any fund. The LGIP is commingled with the State's short-term funds. Amounts in the LGIP are not required to be collateralized. There is no material difference between the fair value of the City's position in the LGIP and the value of the pool shares at June 30, 2016. There were no known violations of legal or contractual provisions for deposits and investments for the fiscal year.

<u>Custodial Risk – Investments</u>

The laws of the State require that all purchased securities be bought on a delivery versus payment basis and be held in safekeeping by the City, an independent third-party financial institution, or in the City's designated depository. All safekeeping arrangements shall be designated by the Finance Director and an agreement of the terms executed in writing. The third-party custodian shall be required to issue original safekeeping receipts to the City listing each specific security, rate, description, maturity, and CUSIP number. Each safekeeping receipt will clearly state that the security is held for the City or pledged to the City. The safekeeping bank may not be within the same holding company as the bank from which the securities are pledged.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

3. <u>DETAILED NOTES (continued)</u>

Cash and investments (continued)

<u>Custodial Risk – Deposits</u>

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City of Newport's deposits might not be returned. The Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) provides insurance for the City of Newport's deposits with financial institutions up to \$250,000 each for the aggregate of all non-interest bearing accounts and the aggregate of all interest-bearing accounts at each institution. Deposits in excess of FDIC coverage with institutions participating in the Oregon Public Funds Collateralization Program are collateralized with securities held by the Federal Home Loan Bank of Seattle in the name of the institution. As of June 30, 2016, the City of Newport's bank balance of \$1,472,228 was exposed to custodial credit risk as it was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's agent but not in the City of Newport's name.

Fair Value Measurements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72 Fair Value Measurement and Application, establishes a framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurement) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

- Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active and model-derived valuations based on observable inputs or value drivers.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or not market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the asset or liability. Unobservable inputs are used to measure fair value to the extent that observable inputs are not available.

There were no transfers of assets or liabilities amount the three levels of the fair value hierarchy for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Fair values of assets measured on a recurring basis at June 30, 2016 are as follows:

		Quoted prices markets for			
Description	Car	rying Values	ass	ets (Level 1)	
Equities	\$	5,860,304	\$	5,860,304	
Mutual Funds		3,763,621		3,763,621	
	\$	9,623,925	\$	9,623,925	

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

3. **DETAILED NOTES (continued)**

Capital Assets

Governmental Activities

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

	July 1, 2015	Additions and	Deletions and	June 30, 2016	
	Balance	Transfers	Transfers	Balance	
Non-depreciable capital assets					
Land	\$ 10,739,560	\$ -	\$ (599,340)		
Construction in progress	11,242,808	11,079,111	(5,054,224)	17,267,695	
Total non-depreciable capital assets	21,982,368	11,079,111	(5,653,564)	27,407,915	
Depreciable capital assets					
Buildings and structures	30,527,570	284,326	(200,736)	30,611,160	
Equipment	4,003,127	65,094	(144,572)	3,923,649	
Vehicles	5,182,900	596,183	(272,122)	5,506,961	
Infrastructure	34,771,218	5,133,710		39,904,928	
Total depreciable capital assets	74,484,815	6,079,313	(617,430)	79,946,698	
Accumulated depreciation					
Buildings and structures	18,934,644	822,381	(191,397)	19,565,628	
Equipment	3,568,902	68,021	(143,477)	3,493,446	
Vehicles	3,535,125	274,820	(20,184)	3,789,761	
Infrastructure	11,841,318	602,405		12,443,723	
Total accumulated depreciation	37,879,989	1,767,627	(355,058)	39,292,558	
Depreciable capital assets, net	36,604,826	4,311,686	(262,372)	40,654,140	
Governmental activities, capital assets, net	\$ 58,587,194	\$15,390,797	\$ (5,915,936)	\$ 68,062,055	
Depreciation expense for governmental acti	vities has been	charged as foll	ows:		
General government		\$	711,677		
Public safety			266,764		
Highways and streets			469,495		
Culture and recreation		_	319,691		
Total governmental activities depreciation expense \$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\					

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

3. **DETAILED NOTES (continued)**

Capital Assets (continued)

Business-type Activities

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

	July 1, 2015 Balance	Additions and Deletions and Transfers Transfers		June 30, 2016 Balance
Non-depreciable capital assets				
Land	\$ 259,312	\$ 599,340	\$ -	\$ 858,652
Construction in progress	4,344,048	3,462,418	(1,778,533)	6,027,933
Total non-depreciable capital assets	4,603,360	4,061,758	(1,778,533)	6,886,585
Depreciable capital assets				
Buildings and structures	28,522,539	224,086	-	28,746,625
Equipment	1,705,480	260,194	-	1,965,674
Vehicles	1,008,482	544,683	-	1,553,165
Infrastructure	53,561,972	1,838,541		55,400,513
Total depreciable capital assets	84,798,473	2,867,504		87,665,977
Accumulated depreciation				
Buildings and structures	11,239,427	1,046,505	-	12,285,932
Equipment	1,231,176	214,172	-	1,445,348
Vehicles	618,607	96,339	-	714,946
Infrastructure	16,446,643	1,358,091		17,804,734
Total accumulated depreciation	29,535,853	2,715,107		32,250,960
Depreciable capital assets, net	55,262,620	152,397		55,415,017
Business-type activities, capital assets, net	\$ 59,865,980	\$ 4,214,155	\$ (1,778,533)	\$ 62,301,602

Depreciation expense for business-type activities has been charged as follows:

Water	\$ 898,315
Wastewater	 1,461,734
Total business-type activities depreciation expense	\$ 2,360,049

The Public Works Fund was previously reported as a governmental activity. During the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016, the fund provided more services to the business-type activities and transferred accordingly. The capital assets acquired in previous years were transferred to the business-type activities above. This amounted to \$599,340 in land, \$617,430 in depreciable capital assets, and \$355,058 in accumulated depreciation.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

3. **DETAILED NOTES (continued)**

Assessment Liens Receivable

Assessment liens receivable represent the uncollected amounts levied against property for the cost of local improvements. Total delinquent assessments receivable at June 30, 2016 amounted to \$36,296. Since assessments are liens against the benefited properties, an allowance for uncollectible accounts is not deemed necessary. Assessments are payable for a period of five to ten years and bear an interest rate of 6.467% to 10.1%.

Interfund Transfers

Transfers between funds to provide financial resources were as follows:

				Transfers in					
	-	Governm	ental funds		Pr				
						Wastewater			
		Parks and	Capital	Nonmajor	Water debt	debt	Capital		
Transfers out	General	recreation	projects	governmental	service	service	projects	Total	
Governmental funds									
General	\$ -	\$ 569,002	\$ 55,500	\$ 711,601	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$1,336,103	
Parks and recreation	-	-	275,000	-	-	-	-	275,000	
Nonmajor funds	27,400	180,500	1,846,949	158,191		137,325		2,350,365	
Total governmental funds	27,400	749,502	2,177,449	869,792		137,325		3,961,468	
Proprietary funds									
Water	13,050	-	-	39,250	455,664		1,177,075	1,685,039	
Wastewater	13,050	-	140,000	64,252	-	568,968	297,586	1,083,856	
Water debt service	9,400							9,400	
Total proprietary funds	35,500		140,000	103,502	455,664	568,968	1,474,661	2,778,295	
Total transfers	\$ 62,900	\$ 749,502	\$2,317,449	\$ 973,294	\$ 455,664	\$ 706,293	\$1,474,661	\$6,739,763	

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

3. **DETAILED NOTES (continued)**

Interfund Transfers (continued)

Non-cash transfers related to the acquisition of capital assets, issuance of debt and repayment of long-term obligations were as follows:

Transfers out	Water	Wastewater	Capital projects	Internal service	Business- type activities	Total
Governmental activities	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 73,200	\$ 924,522	\$ 997,722
Proprietary funds						
Water	-	-	1,018,400	16,168	-	1,034,568
Water debt service	1,360,488	-	-	-	-	1,360,488
Wastewater debt service	-	1,504,363	-	-	-	1,504,363
Capital projects	1,646,269	1,838,709	-	-	-	3,484,978
Internal service		26,161				26,161
Total non-cash transfers	\$3,006,757	\$3,369,233	\$1,018,400	\$ 89,368	\$ 924,522	\$8,408,280

Unavailable Revenues

Governmental funds report unavailable revenue in connection with revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unavailable revenue reported in the governmental funds was as follows:

\$ 518,440
17,309
165,960
36,296
 93,456
\$ 831,461
\$

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

3. <u>DETAILED NOTES (continued)</u>

Construction Commitments

The City has active construction projects as of June 30, 2016 as follows:

	Spent to	I	Remaining
Capital Projects	 Date	C	ommitment
Big Creek Dam Improvements	\$ 1,013,974	\$	801,300
Bay Moore Storm Sewer Improvements	445,873		5,630,413
Big Creek WW Liftstation	2,211,045		2,346,128
Fixed Base Metering System	416,069		1,050,295
Wastewater System Master Plan	56,956		28,742
Sanitary Sewer Televising Program	224,402		132,000
Agate Beach Recreation and Wayside Improvements	157,030		290,975
Aquatic Center Project	5,680,710		5,448,384
Sam Moore Creek Water Quality Improvement	105,294		230,000
Golf Course Drive Water Improvement	39,616		535,000
Emergency Generator Replacement	17,277		330,000
Nye Beach PS Screen & Grinder	27,734		557,000
Airport Master Plan	 236,792		325,000
	\$ 10,632,772	\$	17,705,237

Capital Leases

The City has entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of an internet-based phone system. The lease agreement qualifies as a capital leases for accounting purposes and therefore has been recorded at the present value of their future lease payments as of the inception date.

The assets acquired by capital lease are as follows:

Machinery and equipment	\$ 72,090
Accumulated depreciation	(47,396)
	\$ 24,694

The future minimum lease payments and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2016, were as follows:

Year Ended		
June 30,	_ P	Prinicpal
2017	\$	24,694

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

3. **DETAILED NOTES (continued)**

Long-term Obligations

Transactions for the governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2016 were as follows:

]	Beginning									
		Balance					Enc	ding Balance	Du	e within one	
	J	uly 1, 2015		Increase	Decrease			June 30, 2016		year	
Governmental activities											
Long-term debt obligations:											
General obligation bonds:											
Series 2013, Swimming pool	\$	7,850,000	\$	-	\$	195,000	\$	7,655,000	\$	215,000	
Other loans and bonds:											
League of Oregon Cities Cooperative Asset											
Financing Program, Series 2007B		185,000	- 000			15,000		170,000		15,000	
League of Oregon Cities Cooperative Asset											
Financing Program, Series 2009B		1,085,000		-		260,000		825,000		265,000	
2013 North Side Fire Hall		226,776		-		13,644		213,132		14,342	
Urban Renewal Bonds:											
2007 Urban Renewal Bond, Tax-exempt		219,000		-		107,000		112,000		112,000	
2008 Urban Renewal Bond, Tax-exempt		875,000		-		280,000		595,000		290,000	
2015A & 2015B Tax Exemp UR Bonds		5,456,000		-		117,000		5,339,000		100,000	
Full Faith & Credit Refunding Series 2010B		5,270,000		_	_	595,000		4,675,000		660,000	
Total long-term debt obligations		21,166,776			_	1,582,644		19,584,132	_	1,671,342	
Other long-term obligations:											
Other postemployment benefits		237,627		34,477		-		272,104		-	
Net pension liability		900,164		1,928,758		94,978		2,733,944		-	
Unamortized premium		534,590		-		38,736		495,854		38,736	
Compensated absences		402,342		443,048		402,342		443,048		443,048	
Capital leases		57,778		<u>-</u>	_	33,084	_	24,694		24,694	
Total other long-term obligations		2,132,501	_	2,406,283	_	569,140		3,969,644		506,478	
Total long-term obligations	\$	23,299,277	\$	2,406,283	\$	2,151,784	\$	23,553,776	\$	2,177,820	

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

3. <u>DETAILED NOTES (continued)</u>

Long-term Obligations (continued)

Transactions for the business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2016 were as follows:

	F	Beginning								
	Balance							ding Balance	Du	e within one
	Jı	ıly 1, 2015		Increase Decrease			June 30, 2016		year	
Business-type activities										
Long-term debt obligations:										
General obligation bonds:										
Water Series 2009A	\$	4,215,000	\$	-	\$	725,000	\$	3,490,000	\$	810,000
Water Series 2009B		9,630,541		-		-		9,630,541		-
Wastewater Series 2008		3,455,000		-		815,000		2,640,000		845,000
Other loans and bonds:										
Full Faith & Credit Refunding Obligation Ser		3,560,000		-		425,000		3,135,000		440,000
DEQ Note (Deferred)		1,858,187		1,018,400		-		2,876,587		-
2007 Seal Rock Water District		794,505		-		26,617		767,888		27,947
2015 Water Borrowing		4,554,800		<u>-</u>	_	131,174	_	4,423,626	_	159,402
Total long-term debt obligations		28,068,033		1,018,400	_	2,122,791	_	26,963,642	_	2,282,349
Other long-term obligations										
Other postemployment benefits		41,496		27,662		-		69,158		-
Net pension liability		278,741		187,446		-		466,187		-
Unamortized premium		332,637		-		33,325		299,312		33,325
Compensated absences	_	61,819	_	82,929	_	61,819	_	82,929		82,929
Total other long-term obligations	_	714,693		298,037	_	95,144		917,586	_	116,254
Total long-term obligations	\$	28,782,726	\$	1,316,437	\$	2,217,935	\$	27,881,228	\$	2,398,603

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

3. <u>DETAILED NOTES (continued)</u>

Long-term Obligations (continued)

Governmental Activities

General Obligation Bonds

General obligation bonds are debt approved by the City's taxpayers which they pay through an increase in property taxes. The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the construction of major capital facilities.

The City issued \$7,900,000 in general obligation bonds in December 2013, to finance the costs of a new indoor municipal swimming pool and related systems, facilities and improvements. Interest rates range from 2 to 4 percent. Final maturity is June 1, 2033. The balance outstanding at June 30, 2016 is \$7,655,000. Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

	Year Ending					
_	June 30,	Principal	 Interest	Total		
	2017	\$ 215,000	\$ 289,519	\$	504,519	
	2018	240,000	283,069		523,069	
	2019	270,000	275,869		545,869	
	2020	295,000	265,069		560,069	
	2021	320,000	253,269		573,269	
	2022-2026	2,025,000	1,056,694		3,081,694	
	2027-2031	2,855,000	641,488		3,496,488	
	2032-2033	 1,435,000	 87,000		1,522,000	
		\$ 7,655,000	\$ 3,151,977	\$	10,806,977	

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

3. <u>DETAILED NOTES (continued)</u>

Long-term Obligations (continued)

Governmental Activities (continued)

Other Loans/Bonds

Other loans/bonds are Certificates of Participation from the League of Oregon Cities Cooperative Asset Financing Program These loans are issued to provide funds for various City purchases of vehicles, equipment, capital project and debt payoff. Also, the City entered into a Real Estate loan agreement in order to finance the new North Side Fire Station.

In October 2007, the City issued \$1,015,000 debt from the League of Oregon Cities, Cooperative Assets Finance Program. This loan was issued to provide funds for various City purchases of vehicles, equipment and pay off the Municipal Airport Debt. Interest rate ranges from 3.90 percent to 5.00 percent. Final maturity is July 1, 2024. As of June 30, 2016, the balance outstanding is \$170,000.

Year Ending						
June 30	P	Principal	Interest	 Total		
2017	\$	15,000	\$ 8,125	\$ 23,125		
2018		20,000	7,250	27,250		
2019		20,000	6,250	26,250		
2020		20,000	5,250	25,250		
2021		20,000	4,250	24,250		
2022-25		75,000	5,625	 80,625		
	\$	170,000	\$ 36,750	\$ 206,750		

In September 2009, the City issued \$ 2,580,000 debt from the League of Oregon Cities, Cooperative Assets Finance Program. This loan was issued to provide funds for the Bay Boulevard project and large equipment for Fire, Water and Wastewater. Interest rate ranges from 1.00 percent to 3.50 percent. Final maturity is January 1, 2019. As of June 30, 2016, the balance outstanding is \$825,000.

Year Ending					
June 30,	F	Principal]	Interest	 Total
2017	\$	265,000	\$	22,465	\$ 287,465
2018		275,000		14,090	289,090
2019		285,000		4,845	 289,845
	\$	825,000	\$	41,400	\$ 866,400

In October 2012, the City entered into a loan agreement to finance the new North Side Fire Station. Interest rate is 5.00 percent and final maturity is October 2017. As of June 30, 2016, the balance outstanding is \$213,132.

Year End	ing			
June 30	, <u>F</u>	Principal	Interest	 Total
2017	\$	14,342	\$ 10,331	\$ 24,673
2018		198,790	 3,282	 202,072
	\$	213,132	\$ 13,613	\$ 226,746

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

3. <u>DETAILED NOTES (continued)</u>

Long-term Obligations (continued)

Governmental Activities (continued)

Urban Renewal Bonds

The South Beach Urban Renewal District finance bonds in both 2007 and 2008 for financing authorized projects in the urban renewal area. In 2010, the SB URD issued bonds to refinance loans for the Wastewater Treatment Plant, along with additional funds for an infrastructure project.

In May 2007, the South Beach Urban Renewal District issued bonds totaling \$900,000 to finance the 4B storm drain project in the South Beach urban growth area. The interest rate is 5.25 percent. Final maturity is June 15, 2017. As of June 30, 2016, the outstanding balance is \$112,000. Annual debt service requirements to maturity for this bond is as follows:

Year Ending						
June 30,	Principal		 Interest	Total		
2017	\$ 112,000		\$ 5,880	\$	117,880	

In May 2008, the South Beach Urban Renewal District issued bonds totaling \$2,530,000 to finance infrastructure projects in the South Beach urban growth area. The interest rate is 4.25 percent. Final maturity is June 15, 2018. As of June 30, 2016, the outstanding balance is \$595,000. Annual debt service requirements to maturity for this bond is as follows:

Year Ending						
June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total	
2017	\$	290,000	\$	25,288	\$	315,288
2018		305,000		12,963		317,963
	\$	595,000	\$	38,251	\$	633,251

In March 2015, the South Beach Urban Renewal District completed a bank borrowing, Series 2015A & 2015B, totaling \$5,456,000 to finance property acquisitions, infrastructure projects, and a trail project in the South Beach urban growth area. The interest rate ranges from 2.45 percent to 3.45 percent. Final maturity is June 1, 2025. As of June 30, 2016, the outstanding balance is \$5,339,000. Annual debt service requirements to maturity for this bond is as follows:

Year Ending						
June 30,]	Principal	 Interest		Total	
2017	\$	100,000	\$ 146,807	\$	246,807	
2018		130,000	143,309		273,309	
2019		280,000	138,762		418,762	
2020		624,000	129,321		753,321	
2021		865,000	107,140		972,140	
2022-2026		3,340,000	222,949		3,562,949	
	\$	5,339,000	\$ 888,288	\$	6,227,288	

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

3. <u>DETAILED NOTES (continued)</u>

Long-term Obligations (continued)

Governmental Activities (continued)

In July 2010, Full Faith & Credit Refunding Obligations, Series 2010B was issued in the amount of \$8,465,000 to refinance one loan agreement with the Oregon DEQ (loan #68931) and two loan agreements with the Oregon Business Development Department (OBDD), formerly the Oregon Economic and Community Development Department (OECDD), which were issued to help finance a portion of the City's wastewater treatment plant. An additional \$2,000,000 was borrowed as part of the refunding to help finance transportation infrastructure improvements, which has enhance access to the Pacific Marine Operation Center. The DEQ loan was considered a current refunding and was called July 14, 2010. The OBDD loans advanced refunded, whereby \$3,711,619 was used to purchase United States Government obligations, which were deposited into an escrow account. These funds were sufficient to call the bonds on January 1, 2011. The new bonds were issued at a premium of \$276,407 with bond issue cost totaling \$129,484. Interest range from 2.0 percent to 4.5 percent, with a final maturity of June 15, 2023. As of June 30, 2016, the outstanding balance is \$4,675,000. Annual debt service requirements to maturity for this bond is as follows:

	Year Ending						
_	June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total	
	2017	\$	660,000	\$	177,075	\$	837,075
	2018		775,000		150,675		925,675
	2019		975,000		122,800		1,097,800
	2020		670,000		93,550		763,550
	2021		480,000		65,075		545,075
	2022-23		1,115,000		63,925		1,178,925
		\$	4,675,000	\$	673,100	\$	5,348,100

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

3. <u>DETAILED NOTES (continued)</u>

Long-term Obligations (continued)

Business-type Activities

General Obligation Bonds

The City issued \$6,265,000 (Series 2009A) and \$9,630,541 (Series 2009B) in general obligation bonds in March 2009, to finance the costs of capital construction and capital improvement for the City's water system. Series 2009A interest rates ranges from 3.5 percent to 5.0 percent and Series 2009B interest rate is 5.0 percent, with a final maturity of June 30, 2029. As of June 30, 2016, the outstanding balance is \$3,490,000 (Series 2009A) and \$9,630,541 (Series 2009B). Annual debt service requirements to maturity for this bond is as follows:

General Obligation Bonds, Series 2009A - Water

Year Ending						
June 30,	Principal		 Interest		Total	
2017	\$	810,000	\$ 154,450	\$	964,450	
2018		900,000	122,050		1,022,050	
2019		1,010,000	78,900		1,088,900	
2020		770,000	 38,500		808,500	
	\$	3,490,000	\$ 393,900	\$	3,883,900	

General Obligation Bonds, Series 2009B - Wastewater

Year Ending					
June 30,]	Principal	 Interest		Total
2020	\$	706,407	\$ 498,593	\$	1,205,000
2021		1,137,806	937,194		2,075,000
2022		1,100,080	1,034,920		2,135,000
2023		1,070,476	1,129,524		2,200,000
2024		1,033,610	1,231,390		2,265,000
2025-2029		4,582,162	 7,807,838		12,390,000
	\$	9,630,541	\$ 12,639,459	\$	22,270,000

The City issued \$7,470,000 in general obligation refunding bonds in April 2008, to refinance a portion of the City's outstanding General Obligation Bonds, Series 1999 that financed improvements to the City's sewer system. Interest rates is 3.5 percent. The bonds final maturity is February 1, 2019. As of June 30, 2016 the outstanding balance is \$2,640,000. Annual debt service requirement to maturity as the following:

Year Ending						
June 30,		Principal	Interest	Total		
2017	\$	845,000	\$ 92,400	\$	937,400	
2018		880,000	62,825		942,825	
2019	915,000		 32,025		947,025	
	\$	2,640,000	\$ 187,250	\$	2,827,250	

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

3. <u>DETAILED NOTES (continued)</u>

Long-term Obligations (continued)

Business-type Activities (continued)

Full Faith & Credit Bonds and Loans Payable

In July 2010, Full Faith & Credit Refunding Obligations, Series 2010A was issued in the amount of \$5,560,000 to refinance a loan agreement with the Oregon DEQ to help finance a portion of the City's wastewater treatment plant. Interest range from 2.0 percent to 4.5 percent, with a final maturity of June 15, 2023. As of June 30, 2016, the outstanding balance is \$3,135,000. Annual debt service requirements to maturity for this bond is as follows:

Year Ending					
June 30,	 Principal	 Interest		Total	
2017	\$ 440,000	\$ 128,563	\$	568,563	
2018	455,000	110,963		565,963	
2019	470,000	92,763		562,763	
2020	485,000	73,963		558,963	
2021	505,000	53,350		558,350	
2022-23	 780,000	43,987		823,987	
	\$ 3,135,000	\$ 503,588	\$	3,638,588	

Loans Payable

The City entered into an agreement with Seal Rock Water District to assume responsibility to provided water services for an area of property. In return, the City agreed to pay the District \$958,502 as the rate of interest of 4.75 percent. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2016 is \$767,888. Annual debt service requirements to maturity for this loan is as follows:

Year Ending					
June 30	 Principal	 Interest	Total		
2017	\$ 27,947	\$ 41,590	\$	69,537	
2018	29,152	40,360		69,512	
2019	30,411	39,073		69,484	
2020	31,826	37,650		69,476	
2021	33,300	164,634		197,934	
2022-26	190,065	156,254		346,319	
2027-31	223,712	109,227		332,939	
2032-36	191,789	46,135		237,924	
2037-41	7,923	1,242		9,165	
2041-42	 1,763	 66		1,829	
	\$ 767,888	\$ 507,759	\$	1,275,647	

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

3. **DETAILED NOTES (continued)**

Long-term Obligations (continued)

Business-type Activities (continued)

Loans Payable (continued)

In December 2014, the City entered into a 2014 Loan Agreement, in the amount of \$4,554,800 to finance costs of water infrastructure projects. Interest for the loan is 3.95 percent, with a final maturity of June 15, 2034. As of June 30, 2016, the outstanding balance is \$4,423,626. Annual debt service requirements to maturity for this bond is as follows:

Year Ending							
June 30		Principal		Interest	Total		
2017	\$	159,402	\$	171,585	\$	330,987	
2018		165,825		165,162		330,987	
2019		172,507		158,480		330,987	
2020	179,459		151,528		330,987		
2021		186,690	144,297		330,987		
2022-26		1,052,542		602,393		1,654,935	
2027-31		1,282,400		372,535		1,654,935	
2032-35	1,224,801		99,147		1,323,948		
	\$	4,423,626	\$	1,865,127	\$	6,288,753	

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

3. **DETAILED NOTES (continued)**

Governmental Fund Balances

The fund balance amounts for governmental funds have been reported in the categories listed below with each specific purpose:

				Agate	Debt		Nonmajor	
		Pa	rks and	Beach	Service	Capital	Govern-	
Categories	General	Re	creation	Closure	NURA	Projects	mental	Total
Nonspendable:								
Prepaid items	\$ 1,002	\$	3,127	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,000	\$ 9,129
Restricted for:								
Capital Projects	-		-	-	-	4,642,994	1,576,147	6,219,141
Agate Beach Closure	-		-	1,372,665	-	-	-	1,372,665
Tourism	-		-	-	-	-	499,109	499,109
Streets	-		-	-	-	-	765,078	765,078
General debt service	-		-	-	-	-	47,210	47,210
NURA debt service	-		-	-	2,995,704	-	-	2,995,704
NURA construction	-		-	-	-	-	417,744	417,744
Commited for:								
Parks and recreation	-		443,955	-	-	-	-	443,955
Public parking	-		-	-	-	-	285,365	285,365
Housing	-		-	-	-	-	134,414	134,414
Airport	-		-	-	-	-	231,798	231,798
Building inspection	-		-	-	-	-	563,897	563,897
Line undergrounding	-		-	-	-	-	674,570	674,570
Unassigned	3,732,609							3,732,609
Total Fund Balances	\$3,733,611	\$	447,082	\$1,372,665	\$2,995,704	\$4,642,994	\$5,200,332	\$18,392,388

Net position restricted through enabling legislation

The amount of net position restricted by enabling legislation is as follows:

Governmental activities

Highways and streets – Article IX, Section 3a of the Oregon State Constitution restricts the use of revenue from taxes on motor vehicle fuel use	\$ 765,078
Capital projects – Ordinances imposing System Development Charges (SDC) restrict the use to capital improvements which expand the capacity of the system for which the charge was made	1,327,443
Urban Renewal - Establishment of the urban renewal agency restricts the use to projects meeting the objectives for which it was formed	417,744

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

3. <u>DETAILED NOTES (continued)</u>

Segment information for enterprise funds

The City has issued revenue bonds to finance water and wastewater systems. The two systems are accounted for in five enterprise funds.

Summary financial information for the water and wastewater systems for the year ended June 30, 2016 is as follows:

Condensed statement of net position	Water	Wastewater
Assets		
Current	\$ 2,874,457	\$ 3,717,287
Noncurrent		
Capital assets, net	23,689,994	37,719,705
Total assets	26,564,451	41,436,992
Deferred outflows of resources		
Pension related items	58,903	48,109
Liabilities		
Current	1,641,999	1,838,295
Noncurrent	20,538,162	4,797,875
Total liabilities	22,180,161	6,636,170
Deferred inflows of resources		
Pension related items	6,298	5,144
Net position		
Net investment in capital assets	2,358,282	31,739,109
Restricted	951,787	2,247,475
Unrestricted	1,126,826	857,203
Total net position	\$ 4,436,895	\$ 34,843,787

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

3. <u>DETAILED NOTES (continued)</u>

Segment information for enterprise funds (continued)

	Water	Wastewater
Condensed statement of revenues, expenses and		
changes in net position		
Operating revenue	3,537,147	3,814,777
Depreciation expense	886,126	1,449,546
Other operating expenses	2,515,984	2,718,049
Operating income (loss)	135,037	(352,818)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)	448,957	675,392
Income before transfers	583,994	322,574
Transfers in	4,639,496	5,391,512
Transfers (out)	(5,735,764)	(4,426,928)
Change in net position	(512,274)	1,287,158
Prior period adjustment	63,717	151,069
Net position - beginning	4,885,452	33,405,560
Net position - ending	\$ 4,436,895	\$ 34,843,787
Condensed statement of cash flows		
Net cash provided by (used in):		
Operating activities	886,110	1,285,898
Non-capital financing activities	871,573	901,093
Capital and related financing activities	(3,119,069)	(2,452,316)
Investing activities	38,779	9,539
Net (decrease) in cash	(1,322,607)	(255,786)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	3,245,437	3,269,497
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$ 1,922,830	\$ 3,013,711

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

4. OTHER INFORMATION

Pension Plans

The City participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan that covers all fire and police employees, and a combined single-employer defined contribution money-purchase and defined benefit for eligible employees. Below are details related to each plan.

Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS)

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Police and Fire employees of the City are provided with pensions through OPERS. All the benefits of OPERS are established by the Oregon legislature pursuant to Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) Chapters 238 and 238A.

The OPERS consists of a single cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan.

OPERS produces an independently audited Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found at: www.oregon.gov/pers/Pages/section/financial_reports/financials.aspx

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued OPERS financial report.

A. Description of benefit terms

Plan benefits

All benefits of the System are established by the legislature pursuant to ORS Chapters 238 and 238A.

1. Tier One/Tier Two Retirement Benefit (Chapter 238). Tier One/Tier Two Retirement Benefit plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.

Pension benefits

The OPERS retirement allowance is payable monthly for life. It may be selected from 13 retirement benefit options. These options include survivorship benefits and lump-sum refunds. The basic benefit is based on years of service and final average salary. A percentage (2.0 percent for police and fire employees, 1.67 percent for general service employees) is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Benefits may also be calculated under either a formula plus annuity (for members who were contributing before August 21, 1981) or a money match computation if a greater benefit results.

A member is considered vested and will be eligible at minimum retirement age for a service retirement allowance if he or she has had a contribution in each of five calendar years or has reached at least 50 years of age before ceasing employment with a participating employer (age 45 for police and fire members). General service employees may retire after reaching age 55. Police and fire members are eligible after reaching age 50. Tier One general service employee benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 58 with fewer than 30 years of service. Police and fire member benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 55 with fewer than 25 years of service. Tier Two members are eligible for full benefits at age 60.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

4. OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) (continued)

B. Description of benefit terms (continued)

1. Tier One/Tier Two Retirement Benefit (Chapter 238) (continued)

Death benefits

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives a lump-sum refund of the member's account balance (accumulated contributions and interest). In addition, the beneficiary will receive a lump-sum payment from employer funds equal to the account balance, provided one or more of the following conditions are met:

- the member was employed by a OPERS employer at the time of death,
- the member died within 120 days after termination of OPERS-covered employment,
- the member died as a result of injury sustained while employed in a OPERS-covered job, or
- the member was on an official leave of absence from a OPERS-covered job at the time of death.

Disability benefits

A member with 10 or more years of creditable service who becomes disabled from other than duty-connected causes may receive a non-duty disability benefit. A disability resulting from a job-incurred injury or illness qualifies a member (including OPERS judge members) for disability benefits regardless of the length of OPERS-covered service. Upon qualifying for either a non-duty or duty disability, service time is computed to age 58 (55 for police and fire members) when determining the monthly benefit.

Benefit changes after retirement

Members may choose to continue participation in a variable equities investment account after retiring and may experience annual benefit fluctuations due to changes in the market value of equity investments.

Under ORS 238.360 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes. The cost-of-living increase for fiscal year 2015 was capped at 1.5 percent for all benefit recipients. As a result of the *Moro* Decision (*Everice Moro et al v. State of Oregon et al*), the cap on the cost-of-living increases are 2.0 percent for fiscal years 2016 and beyond.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

4. OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) (continued)

B. Description of benefit terms (continued)

2. Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (Chapter 238A) (OPSRP DB)

Pension benefits.

The OPSRP pension program provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003.

This portion of OPSRP provides a life pension funded by employer contributions. Benefits are calculated with the following formula for members who attain normal retirement age:

Police and fire: 1.8 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for police and fire members is age 60 or age 53 with 25 years of retirement credit. To be classified as a police and fire member, the individual must have been employed continuously as a police and fire member for at least five years immediately preceding retirement.

General service: 1.5 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for general service members is age 65, or age 58 with 30 years of retirement credit.

A member of the OPSRP pension program becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, and, if the pension program is terminated, the date on which termination becomes effective.

Death benefits

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the spouse or other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the same manner as the spouse, receives for life 50 percent of the pension that would otherwise have been paid to the deceased member.

Disability benefits

A member who has accrued 10 or more years of retirement credits before the member becomes disabled or a member who becomes disabled due to job-related injury shall receive a disability benefit of 45 percent of the member's salary determined as of the last full month of employment before the disability occurred.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

4. OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) (continued)

C. Contributions

OPERS funding policy provides for monthly employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

Employer contribution rates during the period were based on the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation. The rates based on a percentage of payroll, first became effective July 1, 2015.

Tier 1/tier 2 employer contribution rates are 14.57 percent and the OPSRP employer contribution rates are 4.99 percent for general service employees and 9.1 percent for public safety employees. Employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2016 were \$258,320, excluding amounts to fund employer specific liabilities.

D. Pension asset or liability, pension expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions

At June 30, 2016, the City reported a liability of \$1,656,886 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

Employers' long-term contribution efforts are based on projected rates that have two major components:

1. Normal Cost Rate: The economic value, stated as a percent of payroll, for the portion of each active member's total projected retirement benefit that is allocated to the upcoming year of service. The rate is in effect for as long as each member continues in OPERS-covered employment. The current value of all projected future Normal Cost Rate contributions is the Present Value of Future Normal Costs (PVFNC). The PVFNC represents the portion of the projected long-term contribution effort related to future service.

An employer's PVFNC depends on both the normal cost rates charged on the employer's payrolls, and on the underlying demographics of the respective payrolls. For OPERS funding, employers have up to three different payrolls, each with a different normal cost rate: (1) Tier 1/Tier 2 payroll, (2) OPSRP general service payroll, and (3) OPSRP police and fire payroll.

The employer's Normal Cost Rates for each payroll are combined with system-wide present value factors for each payroll to develop an estimated PVFNC. The present value factors are actuarially determined at a system level for simplicity and to allow for the PVFNC calculations to be audited in a timely, cost-effective manner.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

4. OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) (continued)

- D. Pension asset or liability, pension expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions (continued)
 - 2. UAL Rate: If system assets are less than the actuarial liability, an Unfunded Actuarial Liability (UAL) exists. UAL can arise when an event such as experience differing from the assumptions used in the actuarial valuation occurs. An amortization schedule is established to eliminate the UAL that arises over a fixed period of time if future experience follows assumption. The UAL Rate is the upcoming year's component of the cumulative amortization schedules, stated as a percent of payroll. The present value of all projected UAL Rate contributions is equal to the Unfunded Actuarial Liability (UAL). The UAL represents the portion of the projected long-term contribution effort related to past service.
 - 3. UAL Rate: The UAL has Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP pieces. The Tier 1/Tier 2 piece is based on the employer's Tier 1/Tier 2 pooling arrangement. If an employer participates in one of the two large Tier 1/Tier 2 rate pools [State & Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP) or School Districts Rate Pool], then the employer's Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL is their pro-rata share of their pool's UAL. The pro-rata calculation is based on the employer's payroll in proportion to the pool's total payroll. The OPSRP piece of the UAL follows a parallel pro-rata approach, as OPSRP experience is mandatorily pooled at a state-wide level. Employers that do not participate in a Tier 1/Tier 2 pooling arrangement, who are referred to as "Independent Employers", have their Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL tracked separately in the actuarial valuation.

The projected long-term contribution effort is the sum of the PVFNC and the UAL. The PVFNC part of the contribution effort pays for the value of future service while the UAL part of the contribution effort pays for the value of past service not already funded by accumulated contributions and investment earnings. Each of the two contribution effort components are calculated at the employer-specific level. The sum of these components across all employers is the total projected long-term contribution effort.

At June 30, 2015, the City's proportion was .028852827 percent, which is an increase of .00385184 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2014.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

4. OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) (continued)

D. Pension asset or liability, pension expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,499,899. At June 30, 2016, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Ou	eferred tflows of esources]	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	89,348	\$	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				247 221
On pension plan investments Changes in proportionate share		66,133		347,321
Difference between City's contributions		00,133		
and proportionate share of contributions				104,636
City's contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		258,320		
	\$	413,801	\$	451,957

\$258,320 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense (income) as follows:

Year ends June 30.

2017	\$ (154,840)
2018	(154,840)
2019	(154,840)
2020	162,202
2021	5,843
	\$ (296,476

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

4. OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) (continued)

E. Actuarial Valuations

The December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation used the following actuarial methods and valuation procedures in determining the Tier One/Tier Two contribution rates.

Actuarial cost method

The employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2015, through June 30, 2017, were set using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this actuarial cost method, each active member's entry age present value of projected benefits is allocated over the member's service from the member's date of entry until their assumed date of exit, taking into consideration expected future compensation increases.

Tier One/Tier Two unfunded actuarial accrued liability amortization

The Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL amortization period is reset to 20 years as of December 31, 2013. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations will be amortized as a level percentage of combined valuation payroll (Tier 1/ Tier 2 plus OPSRP payroll) over a closed 20 year period from the valuation in which they are first recognized.

Retiree healthcare unfunded actuarial accrued liability amortization

The UAL for Retiree Health Care as of December 31, 2007 is amortized as a level percentage of combined valuation payroll (Tier 1/ Tier 2 plus OPSRP payroll) over a closed 10 year period. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations are amortized as a level percentage of combined valuation payroll over a closed 10 year period from the valuation in which they are first recognized.

Asset valuation method

The actuarial value of assets equals the market value of assets, excluding the Contingency and Capital Preservation Reserves, and the Rate Guarantee Reserve when it is in positive surplus status. Market values are reported to the actuary by PERS.

Contribution rate stabilization method

Contribution rates for a rate pool (e.g. Tier 1/Tier 2 SLGRP, Tier 1/Tier 2 School Districts, OPSRP) are confined to a collared range based on the prior contribution rate (prior to application of side accounts, pre-SLGRP liabilities, and 6 percent Independent Employer minimum). The new contribution rate will generally not increase or decrease from the prior contribution rate by more than the greater of 3 percentage points or 20 percent of the prior contribution rate. If the funded percentage excluding side accounts drops below 60% or increases above 140%, the size of the collar doubles. If the funded percentage excluding side accounts is between 60% and 70% or between 130% and 140%, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

4. <u>OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)</u>

Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) (continued)

E. Actuarial Valuations (continued)

Allocation of liability for service segments

For active Tier 1/Tier 2 members who have worked for multiple PERS employers over their career, the calculated actuarial accrued liability is allocated among the employers based on a weighted average of the Money Match methodology, which uses account balance, and the Full Formula methodology, which uses service. The allocation is 30% (5% for police & fire) based on account balance with each employer and 70% (95% for police & fire) based on service with each employer. The entire normal cost is allocated to the current employer.

Allocation of benefits-in-force reserve

The reserve is allocated to each rate pool in proportion to the retiree liability attributable to the rate pool.

Economic assumptions

Investment return 7.75% compounded annually

Pre-2014 interest crediting 8.00% compounded annually on regular account balances

8.25% compounded annually on variable account balances

Post 2013 interest crediting 7.75% compounded annually Inflation 2.75% compounded annually 2.75% compounded annually 2.75% compounded annually

Payroll growth 3.75% compounded annually

Healthcare cost trends Ranges from 6.1% in 2014 to 4.7% in 2083

Demographic assumptions

Mortality tables

Healthy retirees RP 2000, Generational (Scale AA) Combined Active/Healthy

Annuitant, Sex Distinct

Disabled retirees RP 2000, Static, Combined Disabled, No Collar, Sex Distinct

Male 65% and Female 90% of disabled table

Non-annuitants Ranges from 55% to 70% of healthy retired mortality tables

depending upon sex and employment type

Retirement assumptions

Probability tables based on age of member, years of service and employment type with all police and fire retired by age 65 and all others retired by age 70, election to receive a lump sum option at retirement, disability assumptions, termination assumptions and Oregon post-retirement residency assumptions.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

4. OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) (continued)

E. Actuarial Valuations (continued)

Salary increase assumptions

Salary increase assumptions, in addition to general payroll growth, include merit increase, unused sick leave and vacation pay.

The December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation for OPSRP generally used the same actuarial methods and valuation procedures as Tier One/Tier Two contribution rates except as follows:

OPSRP unfunded actuarial accrued liability amortization

The UAL as of December 31, 2007 is amortized as a level percentage of combined valuation payroll (Tier 1/ Tier 2 plus OPSRP payroll) over a closed period 16 year period. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations are amortized as a level percentage of combined valuation payroll over 16 years from the valuation in which they are first recognized.

Economic assumptions

An additional amount for administrative expenses is added to the normal cost.

Retirement assumptions

Probability tables are different but still based on age of member, years of service and employment type with all police and fire retired by age 65 and all others retired by age 70, election to receive a lump sum option at retirement, disability assumptions, termination assumptions and Oregon post-retirement residency assumptions.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

4. OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) (continued)

F. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used in Developing Total Pension Liability

Valuation Date	December 31, 2013
Measurement Date	June 30, 2015
Experience Study Report	2014, published September 2015
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Inflation Rate	2.75 percent
Long-term expected rate of return	7.75 percent
Discount rate	7.75 percent
Projected Salary Increases	3.75 percent
Cost of living adjustments (COLA)	Blend of 2.00 percent COLA and graded COLA
	(1.25%/.015) in accordance with <i>Moro</i> decision;
	blend based on service
Mortality	Healthy retirees and beneficiaries:
	RP-2000 Sex-distinct, generational per Scale
	AA, with collar adjustments and set-backs as
	described in the valuation.
	Active members:
	Mortality rates are a percentage of healthy retiree
	rates that vary by group, as described in the
	valuation.
	Disabled retirees:
	Mortality rates are a percentage (65% for males,
	90% for females) of the RP-2000 static
	combined disabled mortality sex-distinct table.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of projected benefits and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years. The methods and assumptions shown above are based on the 2014 Experience Study which reviewed experience for the four-year period ending on December 31, 2014.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

4. OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) (continued)

F. Actuarial methods and assumptions used in developing total pension liability (continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in July 2013 the PERS Board reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both the actuaries capital market assumptions team and the Oregon Investment Council's (OIC) investment advisors. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on forward-looking capital market economic model. For more information on the Plan's portfolio, assumed asset allocation and the long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class, calculated using both arithmetic and geometric means, see PERS audited financial statements.

The table below presents the assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the Plan was invested at the time based on the OIC's long-term target asset allocation.

		Annual	Compound Annual	
Asset Class	Target	Arithmetic	(Geometric)	Standard
	Allocation*	Return	Return	Deviation
Core Fixed Income	7.20%	4.70%	4.50%	6.60%
Short-Term Bonds	8.00	3.76	3.70	3.45
Intermediate-Term Bonds	3.00	4.23	4.10	5.15
High Yield Bonds	1.80	7.21	6.66	11.10
Large Cap US Equities	11.65	8.60	7.20	17.90
Mid Cap US Equities	3.88	9.38	7.30	22.00
Small Cap US Equities	2.27	10.38	7.45	26.40
Developed Foreign Equities	14.21	8.73	6.90	20.55
Emerging Market Equities	5.49	11.51	7.40	31.70
Private Equity	20.00	11.95	8.26	30.00
Hedge Funds/Absolute Return	5.00	6.46	6.01	10.00
Real Estate (Property)	13.75	7.27	6.51	13.00
Real Estate (REITS)	2.50	8.41	6.76	19.45
Commodities	1.25	7.71	6.07	19.70
Assumed Inflation - Mean			2.75%	2.00%

^{*} Based on the OIC Statement of Investment Objectives and Policy Framework for the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Fund, revised as of December 18, 2012, and the revised allocation adopted at the June 26, 2013 OIC meeting.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

4. <u>OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)</u>

Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) (continued)

F. Actuarial methods and assumptions used in developing total pension liability (continued)

Depletion date projection

GASB 68 generally requires that a blended discount rate be used to measure the Total Pension Liability (the Actuarial Accrued Liability calculated using the Individual Entry Age Normal Cost Method). The long-term expected return on plan investments may be used to discount liabilities to the extent that the plan's Fiduciary Net Position (fair market value of assets) is projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. A 20-year high quality (AA/Aa or higher) municipal bond rate must be used for periods where the Fiduciary Net Position is not projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. Determining the discount rate under GASB 67 will often require that the actuary perform complex projections of future benefit payments and asset values. GASB 67 (paragraph 43) does allow for alternative evaluations of projected solvency, if such evaluation can reliably be made. GASB does not contemplate a specific method for making an alternative evaluation of sufficiency; it is left to professional judgment.

The following circumstances justify an alternative evaluation of sufficiency for OPERS:

- OPERS has a formal written policy to calculate an Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC), which is articulated in the actuarial valuation report.
- The ADC is based on a closed, layered amortization period, which means that payment of the full ADC each year will bring the plan to a 100% funded position by the end of the amortization period if future experience follows assumption.
- GASB 68 specifies that the projections regarding future solvency assume that plan assets earn the assumed rate of return and there are no future changes in the plan provisions or actuarial methods and assumptions, which means that the projections would not reflect any adverse future experience which might impact the plan's funded position.

Based on these circumstances, it is OPERS independent actuary's opinion that the detailed depletion date projections outlined in GASB 67 would clearly indicate that the Fiduciary Net Position is always projected to be sufficient to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses.

G. Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate.

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

	1 Percentage	Current	1 Percentage
	Point	Discount	Point
	Lower	Rate	Higher
City's proportionate share of			-
net pension liability or (asset)	\$ 3,998,834	\$ 1,656,886	\$ (316,760)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

4. OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

Defined Contribution Plan

Individual Account Program (IAP)

Participants in OPERS defined benefit pension plan also participate in the defined contribution plan.

Pension Benefits

An IAP member becomes vested on the date the employee account is established or on the date the rollover account was established. If the employer makes optional employer contributions for a member, the member becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, the date the IAP is terminated, the date the active member becomes disabled, or the date the active member dies.

Upon retirement, a member of the IAP may receive the amounts in his or her employee account, rollover account, and vested employer account as a lump-sum payment or in equal installments over a 5-, 10-, 15-, 20-year period or an anticipated life span option. Each distribution option has a \$200 minimum distribution limit.

Death Benefits

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives in a lump sum the member's account balance, rollover account balance, and vested employer optional contribution account balance. If a retired member dies before the installment payments are completed, the beneficiary may receive the remaining installment payments or choose a lump-sum payment.

Contributions

The City of Newport makes the employee contributions of 6 percent of covered payroll to the plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2016 were \$134,978.

Recordkeeping

PERS contracts with VOYA Financial to maintain IAP participant records.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

4. OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

City of Newport Employee's Retirement Plans

The City contributes to the City of Newport Employee's Retirement Plan (Plan), administered by the Retirement Board, for the purpose of providing all of its eligible regular employees with retirement benefits. The investments of the Plan are administered by the Board of Trustees consisting of five members. The Plan is a combined single-employer defined benefit and defined contribution money purchase plan, qualifying under Sections 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plan and additions to/deductions from the Plan fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Plan description

Before January 1, 1983, the Plan included benefits for police and fire employees of the City. Effective January 1, 1983 retirement benefits for such employees were provided through the Public Employee Retirement System of the State of Oregon (PERS) and a portion of the Plan's funding was transferred to PERS.

All the benefits of the Plan are established by the City Council of Newport.

The Plan consists of a single employer defined benefit pension plan.

The City does not issue a separate financial report available to the public for this plan.

Plan membership

As of July 1, 2015, pension plan membership consisted of 18 inactive plan members (or beneficiaries) currently receiving benefits, 20 inactive plan members not yet receiving benefits and 47 active plan members.

Description of benefit terms

Plan benefits

All benefits of the Plan are established by the City Council pursuant to City of Newport Employees' Retirement Plan, 2009 Restatement. Details on the Plan are found within this document.

1. Employees hired before March 5, 2012 shall be entitled to benefits under this Plan. Effective March 5, 2012, all non-collectively bargained employees hired on or after March 5, 2012 shall not be entitled to benefits under the Plan.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

4. OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

City of Newport Employee's Retirement Plans (continued)

Pension Benefits

The basic benefit on normal retirement is a monthly pension for life equal to the sum of the following:

A defined benefit equal to Benefit Years (BY) times 1.2 percent of Average Monthly Earnings (AME) as follows:

BY x 1.2% x AME

An annuity equal in value to the combined balances of the participant's employee and Employer Money Purchase contribution accounts.

An annuity equal in value to the balance of the participant's Mandatory contribution account, if not withdrawn.

An annuity equal in value to the balance of the participant's voluntary contribution account, if not withdrawn.

The defined benefit portion of a participant's normal retirement basic benefit shall not be less than either of the following:

The participant's accrued benefit as of September 30, 1993.

The greatest early retirement benefit the participant could have received.

"Average Monthly Earnings" means the average of the participant's Monthly Earnings in the three consecutive plan years of highest Compensation as follows:

"Monthly Earnings" for a plan year means one-twelfth of the participant's Compensation for the plan year.

Compensation means taxable pay reportable on IRS Form W-2 under Internal Revenue Code section 401(a), disregarding limitations based on the nature or location of the employment, plus, for limitation years beginning after December 31, 1998.

Compensation shall be considered only during the last 10 plan years of employment by Employer.

Years separated by a period when the participant is not employed by Employer shall be treated as consecutive.

For a participant with fewer than three plan years of Compensation, all years shall be used.

During periods of reduced Compensation because of such causes as illness, disability, leave of absence or layoff, Compensation shall be figured at the last regular rate before the start of the period.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

4. OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

City of Newport Employee's Retirement Plans (continued)

Conversion to annuities under the Plan shall be based on actuarial equivalency.

Benefits shall start on the Benefit Starting Date after the retirement date and be paid as soon as practicable.

Pre-retirement death benefits

On death of a participant before starting retirement benefits, the participant's beneficiary under shall receive in a lump sum the total of the following:

- The balance of the participant's Money Purchase contribution accounts.
- The balance of the participant's Mandatory contribution account.
- The balance of the participant's voluntary contribution account.
- An amount attributable to the participant's defined benefit as determined.

The amount attributable to the participant's defined benefit shall be the greatest of the following:

- 50 times the participant's projected monthly pension assuming continued full-time service to normal retirement date and no change in Average Monthly Earnings.
- The actuarial present value of the participant's accrued defined benefit on the date of death.
- The amount determined for the participant under as in effect on September 30, 1993.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

4. OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

City of Newport Employee's Retirement Plans (continued)

Death Benefits

The amount of required minimum distributions during a Participant's lifetime will be determined as follows:

- During the Participant's lifetime, the minimum amount that will be distributed each Distribution Calendar Year is the lesser of (A) the quotient obtained by dividing the Participant's Account Balance by the distribution period in the Uniform Lifetime Table set forth in Regulation §1.401(a)(9)-9, using the Participant's age as of the Participant's birthday in the Distribution Calendar Year; or (B) if the Participant's sole Designated Beneficiary for the Distribution Calendar Year is the Participant's Spouse, then the quotient obtained by dividing the Participant's Account Balance by the number in the Joint and Last Survivor Table set forth in Regulation §1.401(a)(9)-9, using the Participant's and Spouse's attained ages as of the Participant's and Spouse's birthdays in the Distribution Calendar Year.
- Required minimum distributions will be determined under this paragraph beginning with the first Distribution Calendar Year and up to and including the Distribution Calendar Year that includes the Participant's date of death.

Required minimum distributions will be made after a Participant's death in accordance with the following provisions:

- If a Participant dies on or after the date distribution begins, then the amount of a required minimum distribution will be determined as follows:
 - O If the Participant dies on or after the date distributions begin and there is a Designated Beneficiary, then the minimum amount that will be distributed for each Distribution Calendar Year after the year of the Participant's death is the quotient obtained by dividing the Participant's Account Balance by the longer of the remaining Life Expectancy of the Participant or the remaining Life Expectancy of the Designated Beneficiary, determined in accordance with the following provisions:
 - O The Participant's remaining Life Expectancy is calculated using the age of the Participant in the year of death, reduced by one for each subsequent year.
 - o If the Participant's surviving Spouse is the Participant's sole Designated Beneficiary, then the remaining Life Expectancy of the surviving Spouse is calculated for each Distribution Calendar Year after the year of the Participant's death using the surviving Spouse's age as of the Spouse's birthday in that Distribution Calendar Year. For Distribution Calendar Years after the year of the surviving Spouse's death, the remaining Life Expectancy of the surviving Spouse is calculated using the age of the surviving Spouse as of the Spouse's birthday in the calendar year of the Spouse's death, reduced by one for each subsequent calendar year.
 - o If the Participant's surviving Spouse is not the Participant's sole Designated Beneficiary, then the Designated Beneficiary's remaining Life Expectancy is calculated using the age of the Beneficiary in the year following the year of the Participant's death, reduced by one for each subsequent calendar year.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

4. OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

City of Newport Employee's Retirement Plans (continued)

If the Participant dies on or after the date distributions begin and there is no Designated Beneficiary as of September 30 of the year after the year of the Participant's death, then the minimum amount that will be distributed for each Distribution Calendar Year after the year of the Participant's death is the quotient obtained by dividing the Participant's Account Balance by the Participant's remaining Life Expectancy calculated using the age of the Participant in the year of death, reduced by one each subsequent year.

Disability Benefits

A participant whose employment terminates due to disability shall be paid in a lump sum the total of the following:

- The balance of the participant's Money Purchase contribution accounts.
- The balance of the participant's Mandatory contribution account.
- The balance of the participant's voluntary contribution account.
- An amount attributable to the participant's defined benefit as determined.

The amount attributable to the participant's defined benefit shall be the greatest of the following:

- 50 times the participant's projected monthly pension assuming continued full-time service to normal retirement date and no change in Average Monthly Earnings.
- The actuarial present value of the participant's accrued benefit on the date disability arises.
- The amount determined for the participant as in effect on September 30, 1993.

A disabled participant is one who as a result of illness or injury suffers from a condition of mind or body that permanently prevents full-time employment by Employer. The Administrator shall determine disability and may rely on advice from a medical examiner satisfactory to the Administrator.

If benefits after disability would be offset against any other disability benefit, the Retirement Administrator may defer the start of payments until age 65 and adjust the benefit actuarially for the later start unless the participant elects to waive disability and receive benefits.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

4. OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

City of Newport Employee's Retirement Plans (continued)

Funding Policy

The City shall establish the funding policy on the advice of the plan actuary and be responsible for management of the fund. The funding policy shall fix the minimum and maximum Employer contribution for each year.

The funding policy of the defined portion provides for actuarially determined periodic contributions at rates that over time provide sufficient assets available to pay benefits when dues. For the current fiscal year, \$362,578 was contributed to the plan. The plan's normal cost is \$203,316 with interest plus amortization (over 30 years) of the plans unfunded actuarial accrued liability with interest.

The annual required contribution of the defined benefit plan was computed as of an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2015. Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuation include: (a) a rate of return on the investment of present and future assets of 6%, (b) projected salary increases of 3% per year in addition to salary increase due to promotions and longevity.

Contributions

The City shall make contributions to fund the benefits for its eligible employees. The amount and time of payment shall be determined in conformance with the funding policy established by the Administrator and the rules of this Plan.

An Employer may suspend or reduce contributions in any year so long as the minimum requirements of the funding policy are satisfied.

Pension asset or liability, pension expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions

At June 30, 2016, the City of Newport reported a liability of \$1,543,244 for its net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Employers' long-term contribution efforts are based on a roll-forward technique utilizing calculations performed as of the start of the fiscal year.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

4. OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

City of Newport Employee's Retirement Plans (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the City of Newport recognized pension expense of \$34,370. At June 30, 2016, the City of Newport reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred]	Deferred
	Ou	tflows of	I	nflows of
	Re	esources	<u> </u>	Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings	\$	43,437	\$	52,273
On pension plan investments		445,475		
	<u>\$</u>	488,912	\$	52,273

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense (income) as follows:

Year	ends	June	30,
------	------	------	-----

2017	\$ 120,485
2018	120,485
2019	120,485
2020	89,050
2021	 (13,866)
	\$ 436,641

Actuarial Valuations

The employer contributions were set using the entry age actuarial cost method. The method is used to attribute the actuarial present value of projected benefits payments of each plan member to periods in conformity with the following:

Attribution is made on an individual plan-member-by-plan-member basis.

Each plan member's service costs is level as a percentage of that member's projected pay.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

4. OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

City of Newport Employee's Retirement Plans (continued)

The beginning of the attribution period is the first period in which the member's service accrues pensions under the benefit terms, notwithstanding vesting or similar terms.

Each plan member's service cost is determined based on the same benefit terms reflected in that member's actuarial present value of projected benefit payments.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used in Developing Total Pension Liability

Valuation Date	July 1, 2015 rolled forward to June 30, 2016.
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal with normal cost as level
	percentage of salary
Amortization Method	Amortized as a level percentage of salary as
	layered amortization bases over a closed period
Asset Valuation Method	Market value of assets
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Inflation Rate	2.5 percent
Investment rate of return	6.75 percent
Projected Salary Increases	3.00 percent overall payroll growth
Mortality	RP-2000 Table, post-retirement only, without variation by subgroups

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of projected benefits and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75 percent for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

4. OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

City of Newport Employee's Retirement Plans (continued)

Assumed Asset Allocation:

Asset Class/Strategy	Low Range	High Range
Cash	0%	5%
Equity	60%	90%
Fixed Income	10%	40%

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of returns (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term rate of return by weighing the expected future real estates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Sensitivity of the City of Newport's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate.

The determination of pension liability at fiscal year-end is based on a roll-forward technique utilizing calculations performed as of the start of the year. Three separate calculations of pension liability are displayed, one using the stated discount rate together with calculations based on a 1% increase and 1% decrease in the rate. The additional calculations are required to illustrate the sensitivity of net pension liability to changes in the discount rate:

	1 Percentage	Current	1 Percentage
	Point	Discount	Point
	Lower	Rate	Higher
City of Newport's net			_
pension asset or liability	\$ 2,230,138	\$ 1,543,244	\$951,346

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

There have been no changes in the actuarial methods and assumptions.

Authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of the Plan rests with the Retirement Board. A separately issued actuarial report is available and may be obtained from the City of Newport, 169 SW Coast Highway, Newport, Oregon 97365.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

4. OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

Defined Contribution – City Money Purchase

Participants in the City of Newport Employee's Retirement defined benefit pension plan also participate in the defined contribution plan along with others added after March 5, 2012 and October 12, 2012.

The City contributes 6% of compensation into the defined contribution (money purchase) plan and members may contribute up to 10% of compensation on a voluntary basis. At retirement, this amount provides an additional annuity equal in value to the combined balances of the participants employee and employer accounts. Conversion of accounts to annuities shall be based on actuarial equivalency. The employer's contributions met the required contribution for the current and prior years.

Pension Benefits

A Money Purchase member becomes vested based on years of service as follows:

Years of Service	Vested Percentage
Less than 3 years	0%
3	50%
4	62%
5	75%
6	87 1/2%
7 or more	100%

Upon retirement, a member of the money purchase Plan may receive the amounts in his or her employee account as a lump-sum payment.

Death Benefits

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives in a lump sum the member's account balance.

Contributions

The City makes the employee contributions of 6 percent of covered payroll to the plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2016 were \$240,653.

Recordkeeping

The City contracts with Silverstone Group to maintain the money purchase participant records.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

4. OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

Other Post-Employment Benefits

The City provides post-retirement health care benefits for retirees, with the cost of the premium 100% borne by the retiree.

Plan Description and Benefits Provided

The City provides other post-employment benefits (OPEB) for employees, retirees, spouses, and dependents through a single employer defined contribution plan in the form of group health insurance benefits. As required by ORS 243.303(2), retirees are allowed to continue, at the retiree's expense, coverage under the group health insurance plan of the City until age 65. The implicit employer subsidy is measured as the expected health care cost per retiree and dependent, less the gross premiums charged by the insurance carrier for the coverage. The subsidy is only measured for retirees and spouses younger than age 65, at which point such retirees and spouses typically become eligible for Medicare. The City does not pay for any retiree OPEB under GASB 45.

Membership

The City's membership in the plan at August 1, 2014 (the date of the last actuarial valuation), consisted of the following:

Active employees	93
Retirees, spouses, or dependents	7
	100

Funding Policy and Contributions

The City funds the plan only to the extent of current year insurance premium requirements on a pay-as-you-go basis. The City has not established an irrevocable trust to accumulate assets to fund the cost of the OPEB obligation that arises from the implicit subsidy.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

4. OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

Other Post-Employment Benefits (continued)

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation (NOPEBO)

The City had an actuarial valuation performed as of August 1, 2014, to determine the *unfunded accrued actuarial liability* (UAAL), *annual required contribution* (ARC), and NOPEBO as of that date. The ARC is equal to the normal cost plus an amount to amortize the UAAL as a level percent of payroll over 10 years. The annual OPEB cost, as of June 30, 2016 is equal to the ARC as follows:

Normal Cost	\$ 43,407
Amortization of UAAL	 66,234
Annual required contribution (ARC)	\$ 109,641

The net OPEB obligation as of June 30, 2016, was calculated as follows:

Annual required contribution	\$ 109,641		
Implicit benefit payments	(23,709)		
Interest on prior year net OPEB obligation	9,769		
Adjustment to ARC	 (33,562)		
Increase in net OPEB obligation	62,139		
Net OPEB at beginning of the year	 279,123		
Net OPEB at end of the year	\$ 341,262		

The City's annual OPEB cost, percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation as of June 30, 2016, are as follows:

		Percentage of					
		annual OPEB cost	Net OPEB				
Fis	cal year ended	OPEB cost	contributed	obligation			
Jı	ne 30, 2016	\$ 85,840	28%	\$ 341,262			
Jι	me 30, 2015	115,896	23%	279,123			
Jı	ine 30, 2014	113,293	20%	190,182			

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

4. OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

Other Post-Employment Benefits (continued)

Funding Status and Funding Progress

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events in the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funding status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revisions as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress presents information about the actuarial value of plan assets and the unfunded actuarial liability.

As of August 1, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was zero percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$533,747, and the actuarial value of assets was zero, resulting in an unfunded accrued liability of \$533,747.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Actuarial valuations will be performed every two years for the City's plan. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the plan as understood by the employer and plan members and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and historical patterns of sharing benefit costs between employer and the plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarially accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the August 1, 2014, actuarial valuation, the **Projected Unit Credit Cost Method** was used to determine contribution levels comprised of normal cost and amortized payments.

The **inflation rate** used for the 2010 valuation is an assumed rate of 2.75%.

The **discount rate** for unfunded liabilities is 3.5 percent, based on the expected long-term annual investment returns for Oregon's Local Government Investment Pool and comparable investment vehicles.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

4. OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

Other Post-Employment Benefits (continued)

The **health cost trend** is 5.75 percent in the 2014 year and will vary from 5.00 percent to 6.75 depending on the timing of the excise tax scheduled to affect health care benefits beginning in the year 2018. Health cost trend affects both the projected health care costs and the projected health care premiums. Dental costs were segregated out and the projected increase will be 4.50 percent per year.

The **annual payroll increases** are 2.75 percent compounded annually for the purposes of amortizing the UAAL. These assumptions are based on the Oregon PERS valuation assumptions as of December 31, 2013.

It is assumed that 55 percent of active members will elect coverage upon retirement until age 65. Seventy percent of male members and 35.0 percent of female members who elect coverage upon retirement are also assumed to elect spouse coverage until the spouse reaches age 65.

The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being **amortized** as a level percentage of payrolls over a period of 10 years. The amortization is "open" which means that on each valuation date, the amortization amount is recalculated assuming 10 years worth of future payments.

Risk Management

In February 1996, GASB issued Statement No. 30 (GASB No. 30), <u>Risk Financing Omnibus</u>, which amends GASB Statement No. 10, to require inclusion of specific, incremental claim adjustment expenses and estimated recoveries in the determination of the liability of unpaid claims. GASB No. 30 also requires disclosure of whether other claim adjustment expenses are included in the liability for unpaid claims.

The City participates in self-insurance pools of City/County Insurance Services for general, auto, and workers' compensation liability with self-insurance retention limits per occurrence. The pool pays all claims up to \$5,000,000 and purchases insurance to cover any excess liability up to a limit selected by the participating entity. The deductibles for the coverages are as follows:

General Liability: \$0.00 Auto Liability: \$0.00 Auto Physical Comprehensive: \$100 Auto Physical Collision: \$500

The City is assessed an annual maximum premium for workers' compensation liability.

Settled claims have not exceeded the coverages listed above in the past five years.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

4. <u>OTHER INFORMATION (continued)</u>

Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

The City is contingently liable with respect to lawsuits and other claims incidental to the ordinary course of its operation. Claims are generally covered by insurance. In the opinion of City management, based on the advice of Counsel with respect to such litigation and claims, the ultimate disposition of these matters will not have a material adverse affect on the financial position, results of operations, or cash flows of the City's funds.

Prior period adjustment

The beginning net position of the Water and Wastewater Funds have been adjusted to reflect actual accumulated depreciation at June 30, 2015. Beginning net position was increased in the Water and Wastewater Funds by \$63,717 and \$130,241, respectively.

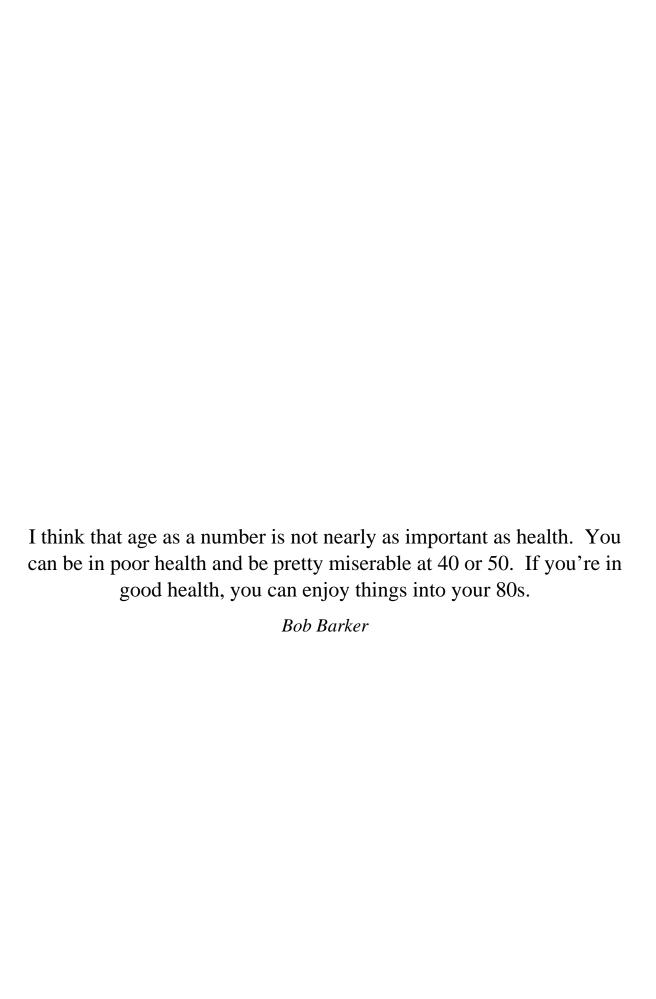
The beginning net position in the Wastewater Fund has also been adjusted \$20,828 due to additional accounts receivables which should have been recorded in the financial statements at June 30, 2015.

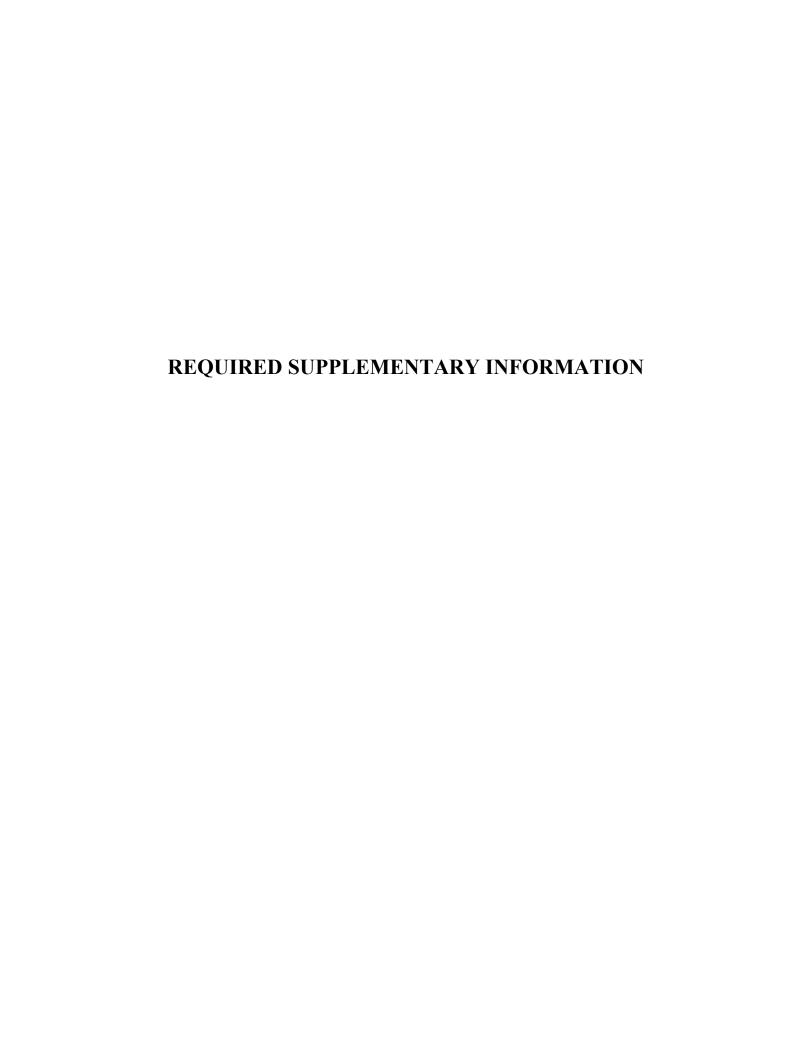
Due to these adjustments, the beginning net position of the business-type activities was also increased by \$214,786.

Subsequent Events

On November 22, 2016, the City of Newport obtained a three-year (short-term) \$1.1M loan from Key Bank to acquire property located southeast of Newport City Hall. The most immediate uses of this to be purchased property would be the development of public parking that would also provide open space for special events which could include activities such as the Farmers Market. In the long-term, this property could provide space for the expansion of city facilities, reconfiguration of streets, roadways, and parking, or portions of this property could be sold for future development.

This three-year \$1.1M loan will be backed by the Full Faith and Credit of the City. The three-year loan will have interest-only payments with a balloon payment at the end of the term. During this three-year term the City is anticipating the sale of City owned property and would apply the proceeds from the sale of those properties to retire the debt, thus City requires a "no prepayment penalty" as part of the terms. If the sale does not happen and the balloon payment becomes a reality, Key Bank is willing to consider further financing for said loan.





By failing to prepare, you are preparing to fail.

Benjamin Franklin

CITY OF NEWPORT, OREGON SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Last Ten Fiscal Years*

City's

Year Ended June 30,	City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	City's covered payroll	proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2016	0.02885827%	\$ 1,656,886	\$ 2,444,013	67.79%	92%
2015	0.02500643%	(566,824)	2,193,182	-25.84%	104%

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

CITY OF NEWPORT, OREGON SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Last Ten Fiscal Years*

			Cont	ributions in					Contributions
Year	S	tatutorily	rela	tion to the	C	ontribution		City's	as a percent
Ended	r	equired	statuto	orily required	deficiency covered			covered	of covered
June 30,	co	ntribution	co	ntribution		(excess)		payroll	payroll
2016	\$	404,425	\$	404,425	\$	-	\$	2,444,013	16.55%
2015		344,174		348,895		(4,721)		2,193,182	15.91%

^{*}This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

CITY OF NEWPORT, OREGON

Schedule of Net Pension Liability and Changes in Net Pension Liability

City of Newport Employees Retirement Plan Last 10 Plan Years*

	June 30, 2016		June 30, 2015	
Beginning of year				
Total pension liability	\$	6,860,012	\$	6,525,032
Fiduciary net position		5,681,108		5,328,828
Net pension liability	\$	1,178,904	\$	1,196,204
Changes in total pension liability				
Service cost	\$	141,340	\$	166,928
Interest on total pension liability		461,564		440,163
Difference between expected and actual experience		53,539		(69,963)
Benefit payments		(270,390)		(202,148)
Net change in total pension liability	\$	386,053	\$	334,980
Changes in fiduciary net position				
Employer contributions	\$	362,578	\$	372,150
Transfer from Money Purchase Plan		15,618		-
Investment income (loss) net of expenses		(60,573)		207,422
Benefit payments		(270,390)		(202,148)
Administrative expenses		(25,520)		(25,144)
Net change in fiduciary net position	\$	21,713	\$	352,280
End of year				
Total pension liability	\$	7,246,065	\$	6,860,012
Fiduciary net position		5,702,821		5,681,108
Net pension liability	\$	1,543,244	\$	1,178,904
Fiduciary net position as a percent				
of total pension liability		78.7%		82.8%
Coverd payroll		2,583,588		2,592,985
Net pension liability as a percent		_		
of covered payroll		59.7%		45.5%

^{*}Information will be accumulated until 10 years are presented.

CITY OF NEWPORT, OREGON

Schedule of Employer Contributions City of Newport Employees Retirement Plan Last 10 Plan Years

	June 30,									
	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Actuarily determined contribution	\$ 273,120	\$ 358,599	\$ 405,982	\$ 384,050	\$ 390,397	\$ 431,651	\$ 399,465	\$ 371,735	\$ 335,938	\$ 337,031
Actual employer contribution	362,578	372,150	416,372	416,372	431,631	399,465	368,346	369,735	401,266	318,796
Contribution deficiency (excess)	(89,458)	(13,551)	(10,390)	(32,322)	(41,234)	32,186	31,119	2,000	(65,328)	18,235
Covered payroll	2,583,588	2,592,985	2,925,079	2,876,355	2,887,270	2,932,240	2,647,845	2,557,688	2,297,192	2,232,515
Contribution as a percent of covered payroll	14.03%	14.35%	14.23%	14.48%	14.95%	13.62%	13.91%	14.46%	17.47%	14.28%
Valuation date	7/1/2015	7/1/2014	7/1/2013	7/1/2012	7/1/2011	7/1/2010	7/1/2009	7/1/2008	7/1/2007	7/1/2006
Assumed investment rare of return	6.75%	6.75%	6.75%	6.75%	6.75%	6.75%	6.75%	6.75%	6.75%	6.75%

Notes to schedule

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Amortization method Closed 20-year amortization, level dolar

Asset valuation method Market value

Retirement age Age Service Rate

55 30+ years 50% 60 25+ years 50% 62 n/a 100%

Marriage 75% of both males and females with males 3 year older than spouses

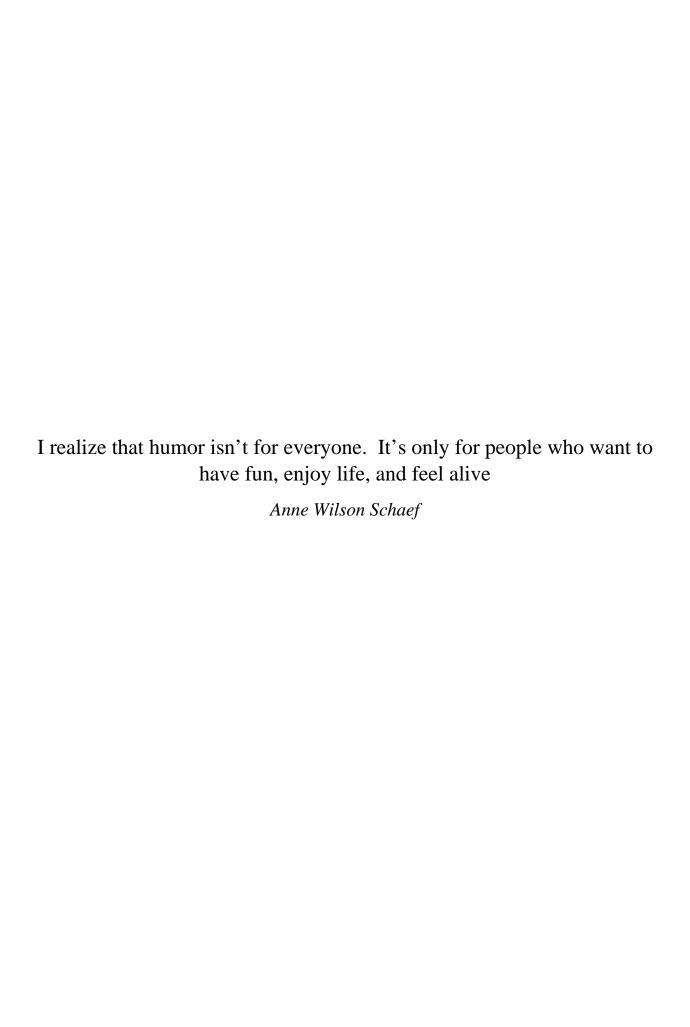
Healthy mortality Healthy combined RP-2000 mortality

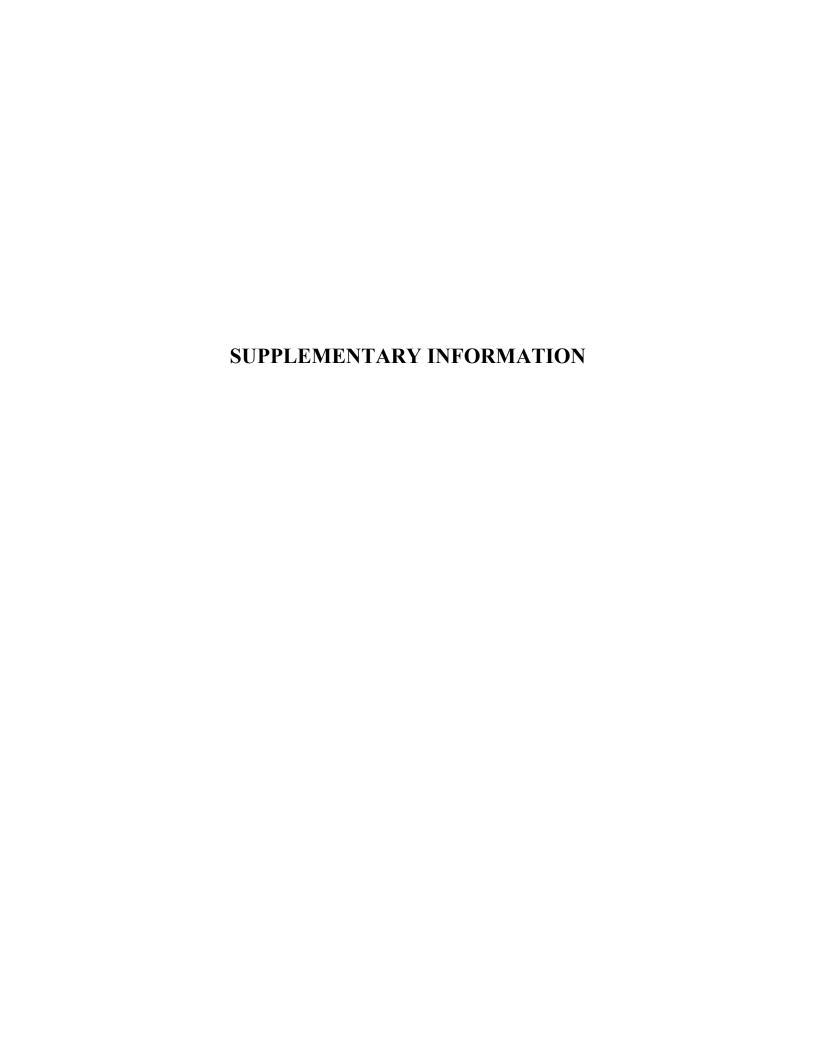
Cost of living increases 1.5 percent per year

Salary increases 3 percent per year

CITY OF NEWPORT, OREGON Schedule of Investment Rate of Return City of Newport Employees Retirement Plan Last 10 Plan Years

Year Ended	Rate of
June 30,	Return
2016	-1.06%
2015	3.84%
2014	18.52%
2013	10.73%
2012	3.60%
2011	16.92%
2010	7.55%
2009	-15.04%
2008	2.80%
2007	5.76%





A dream doesn't become reality through magic; it takes sweat, determination and hard work.

Colin Powell

CITY OF NEWPORT, OREGON NEWPORT URBAN RENEWAL AGENCY DEBT SERVICE FUND (A MAJOR FUND) BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

	Original Final Budget Budget					Actual	Over (Under)		
Revenues									
Property taxes:									
Current	\$	2,303,195	\$	2,303,195	\$	1,826,053	\$	(477,142)	
Delinquent		50,000		50,000		65,569		15,569	
Interest on investments		11,000		11,000		43,746		32,746	
Total revenues		2,364,195		2,364,195		1,935,368		(428,827)	
Fund balance, beginning		2,442,359	_	2,442,359		2,577,495		135,136	
Amount available for appropriation	\$	4,806,554	\$	4,806,554	_	4,512,863	\$	(293,691)	
		Original		Final				(Over)	
Even and it was		~				A atrial		,	
Expenditures		Budget		Budget	_	Actual		Under	
Urban renewal debt service	\$	1,517,732	\$	1,517,732	_	1,517,159	\$	573	
Fund balance, ending					\$	2,995,704			

CITY OF NEWPORT, OREGON CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND (A MAJOR FUND) BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual		Over (Under)
Revenues					
State gas tax proration	\$ 15,000	\$ 15,000	\$ 15,000	\$	-
Newport gas tax proration	155,000	155,000	162,042		7,042
Seismic rehabilitation grant	-		25,992		25,992
FEMA grant	_	625,919	49,282		(576,637)
State grants	1,491,223	1,491,223			(1,491,223)
State traffic entitlement	109,232	109,232	217,477		108,245
Matching funds	229,871	245,871	16,000		(229,871)
Capital improvement surcharge	580,000	580,000	592,286		12,286
Aviation grant	350,000	1,620,101	533,951		(1,086,150)
Interest on investments	15,415	15,415	58,920		43,505
Miscellaneous sales and services			585		585
Total revenues	2,945,741	4,857,761	1,671,535	_	(3,186,226)
Other financing sources					
Bond and loan proceeds	2,919,088	2,919,088	_		(2,919,088)
Transfer from Public Parking Fund	40,000	40,000	40,000		-
Transfer from Room Tax Fund	375,513	707,513	707,513		_
Transfer from Street Fund	10,000	10,000	10,000		_
Transfer from Line Undergrounding Fund	200,000	200,000	200,000		_
Transfer from SDC Fund	187,500	435,143	435,143		_
Transfer from Urban Renewal Agency Fund	300,000	300,000	300,000		_
Transfer from General Fund	5,500	55,500	55,500		_
Transfer from Parks and Recreation Fund	-	275,000	275,000		_
Transfer from Wastewater Fund	140,000	140,000	140,000		_
Transfer from Airport Fund	154,293	154,293	154,293		_
Total other financing sources	4,331,894	5,236,537	2,317,449		(2,919,088)
Fund balance, beginning	14,729,505	11,944,792	11,944,792		_
Amount available for appropriation	\$22,007,140	\$22,039,090	\$15,933,776	\$	(6,105,314)
	Original	Final			(Over)
	Budget	Budget	Actual		Under
Expenditures					
Capital projects - general	10,674,520	11,263,944	4,981,354	\$	6,282,590
Capital projects - swimming pool	8,225,884	8,656,165	5,613,452		3,042,713
Capital projects - airport improvement program	2,683,189	1,692,256	690,976		1,001,280
Capital projects - visual and perfoming art centers	365,089	365,089	5,000		360,089
Contingency	58,458	61,636			61,636
Total expenditures	\$22,007,140	\$22,039,090	11,290,782	\$	10,748,308
Fund balance, ending			\$ 4,642,994		

CITY OF NEWPORT, OREGON COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2016

	Special Revenue	General Debt Service	Capital Projects Reserve	Totals
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$ 4,302,581	\$ -	\$ 322,816	\$ 4,625,397
Receivables	Ψ 1,302,301	Ψ	ψ <i>322</i> ,010	Ψ 1,023,377
Property taxes	_	22,006	_	22,006
Accounts	732,329	,000	_	732,329
Investment in property	-	9,751	_	9,751
Prepaid items	5,000	-	-	5,000
Restricted cash and investments	-	32,762	-	32,762
Total assets	\$ 5,039,910	\$ 64,519	\$ 322,816	\$ 5,427,245
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 91,184	\$ -	\$ 37,816	\$ 129,000
Payroll and related liabilities	35,118	-	-	35,118
Deposits	1,640	_	-	1,640
Total liabilities	127,942		37,816	165,758
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable revenue	43,846	17,309		61,155
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable	5,000	-	-	5,000
Restricted	2,973,078	47,210	285,000	3,305,288
Committed	1,890,044			1,890,044
Total fund balances	4,868,122	47,210	285,000	5,200,332
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 5,039,910	\$ 64,519	\$ 322,816	\$ 5,427,245

CITY OF NEWPORT, OREGON COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Special Revenue	General Debt Service	Capital Projects Reserve	Totals
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ 495,888	\$ -	\$ 495,888
Transient room taxes	1,814,331	-	-	1,814,331
Franchise fees, privilege taxes, licenses,				
and permits	23,893	-	-	23,893
Intragovernmental	652,605	-	-	652,605
Charges for services	1,627,506	-	-	1,627,506
Interest on investments	21,868	847	2,121	24,836
Miscellaneous	124,200			124,200
Total revenues	4,264,403	496,735	2,121	4,763,259
EXPENDITURES				
Current:	1 057 555	1.042		1.050.407
General government	1,857,555	1,942	-	1,859,497
Highway and streets	873,861	-	-	873,861
Debt service:		402 (20		402 (20
Principal	-	483,639	-	483,639
Interest Conital outlor	160 522	343,343	445 504	343,343
Capital outlay	169,522		445,504	615,026
Total expenditures	2,900,938	828,924	445,504	4,175,366
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	1,363,465	(332,189)	(443,383)	587,893
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	421,488	325,561	226,245	973,294
Transfers out	(2,350,365)			(2,350,365)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,928,877)	325,561	226,245	(1,377,071)
Net change in fund balances	(565,412)	(6,628)	(217,138)	(789,178)
Fund balance - beginning	5,433,534	53,838	502,138	5,989,510
Fund balance - ending	\$ 4,868,122	\$ 47,210	\$ 285,000	\$ 5,200,332

CITY OF NEWPORT, OREGON COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

June 30, 2016

		Public						E	Building
	Parking		 Housing	Airport		Room Tax		Inspection	
ASSETS									
Cash and investments	\$	284,250	\$ 164,414	\$	205,358	\$	29,495	\$	586,038
Receivables									
Accounts		2,390	-		64,694		489,115		-
Prepaid items			 	_	<u> </u>	_	5,000		
Total assets	\$	286,640	\$ 164,414	\$	270,052	\$	523,610	\$	586,038
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable	\$	1,275	\$ 30,000	\$	21,830	\$	19,501	\$	14,267
Payroll and related liabilities		-	-		7,246		-		7,862
Deposits		<u>-</u>	 	_	1,640			_	<u>-</u>
Total liabilities		1,275	 30,000		30,716		19,501		22,129
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Unavailable revenue			 		7,538			-	12
ELIND DATANGES									
FUND BALANCES							5,000		
Nonspendable Restricted		-	-		-		5,000 499,109		-
Committed		285,365	134,414		231,798		499,109		563,897
	_			_		_	504.100		
Total fund balances		285,365	 134,414	_	231,798	_	504,109		563,897
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources									
and fund balances	\$	286,640	\$ 164,414	\$	270,052	\$	523,610	\$	586,038

	Line Under-		Urban Renewal		
Streets	grounding	SDC	Agency	Totals	
					ASSETS
\$ 659,313	\$ 662,407	\$ 1,291,147	\$ 420,159	\$ 4,302,581	Cash and investments
					Receivables
126,721	12,163	36,296	950	732,329	Accounts
				5,000	Prepaid items
\$ 786,034	\$ 674,570	\$ 1,327,443	\$ 421,109	\$ 5,039,910	Total assets
					LIABILITIES
\$ 2,351	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,960	\$ 91,184	Accounts payable
18,605	-	-	1,405	35,118	Payroll and related liabilities
				1,640	Deposits
20,956	-	_	3,365	127,942	Total liabilities
					DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES
-	-	36,296	_	43,846	Unavailable revenue
					FUND BALANCES
-	-	-	-	5,000	Nonspendable
765,078	-	1,291,147	417,744	2,973,078	Restricted
	674,570			1,890,044	Committed
765,078	674,570	1,291,147	417,744	4,868,122	Total fund balances
					Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources
\$ 786,034	\$ 674,570	\$ 1,327,443	\$ 421,109	\$ 5,039,910	and fund balances

CITY OF NEWPORT, OREGON COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

	Public Parking	Housing	Airport	Room Tax	Building Inspection
REVENUES					
Transient room taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,649,321	\$ -
Licenses and fees	23,893	=	-	-	-
Intragovernmental	-	-	61,184	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	233,152	-	380,373
Interest on investments	1,388	732	1,000	2,289	2,356
Miscellaneous			57,489	13,041	1,839
Total revenues	25,281	732	352,825	1,664,651	384,568
EXPENDITURES Current: General government	3,636	35,852	536,734	906,217	299,365
Highways and streets	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	14,816		71,138	29,000	
Total expenditures	18,452	35,852	607,872	935,217	299,365
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	6,829	(35,120)	(255,047)	729,434	85,203
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out	(40,000)	13,200	335,288 (160,590)	(1,075,687)	3,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	(40,000)	13,200	174,698	(1,075,687)	3,000
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning	(33,171) 318,536	(21,920) 156,334	(80,349) 312,147	(346,253) 850,362	88,203 475,694
Fund balances - ending	\$ 285,365	\$ 134,414	\$ 231,798	\$ 504,109	\$ 563,897

	Lir	ne Under-			Urb	an Renewal		
 Streets	gr	ounding	S	SDC		Agency	 Totals	
								REVENUES
\$ -	\$	165,010	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,814,331	Transient room taxes
-		-		-		-	23,893	Licenses and fees
591,421		-		-		-	652,605	Intragovernmental
435,500		-		578,481		-	1,627,506	Charges for services
2,898		3,039		5,873		2,293	21,868	Interest on investments
 831		-		_		51,000	 124,200	Miscellaneous
 1,030,650		168,049		584,354		53,293	 4,264,403	Total revenues
								EXPENDITURES
								Current:
-		397		-		75,354	1,857,555	General government
873,861		-		-		-	873,861	Highways and streets
 54,568		<u>-</u>		-			 169,522	Capital outlay
 928,429		397		<u> </u>		75,354	2,900,938	Total expenditures
 102,221		167,652		584,354		(22,061)	 1,363,465	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures
								OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)
70,000		-		-		-	421,488	Transfers in
 (77,734)		(251,211)		(445,143)		(300,000)	 (2,350,365)	Transfers out
 (7,734)		(251,211)		(445,143)		(300,000)	 (1,928,877)	Total other financing sources (uses)
94,487		(83,559)		139,211		(322,061)	(565,412)	Net change in fund balances
670,591		758,129		1,151,936		739,805	5,433,534	Fund balances - beginning
\$ 765,078	\$	674,570	\$	1,291,147	\$	417,744	\$ 4,868,122	Fund balances - ending

Combining Statements and Budgetary Comparison Schedules

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds account for revenues derived from specific taxes or other earmarked revenue sources, which are restricted to finance particular functions or activities.

Public Parking – receives proceeds from payment in lieu of parking fees paid in association with new development in the Bay Front, Nye Beach, and City Center areas. Expenditures are for parking and related improvements that benefit businesses in these areas

Housing – provides support for affordable housing to Newport residents at all wage levels consistent with the goals and policies outlined in the Newport Comprehensive Plan.

Airport – operates and maintains the Newport Municipal Airport in accordance with Part 139 regulations and the Airport Certification Manual, which also includes operation of the fixed base operations.

Room Tax – receives the City's hotel/motel tax to enhance the tourism and tourism facilities for the City of Newport. This fund also transfers funds to the Airport and Parks and Recreation Funds in order to help their operations of their facilities.

Building Inspection – administers and develops the City's building program, consisting of serving the public on building code questions, updating ordinances to comply with state and city building codes, collect and update system development charges and related building fees, review construction plans, and conduct inspections for construction projects.

Streets – receives the State Gas Tax, Storm Drain Fee and services provided for the Water and Wastewater Funds. Expenditures are for the maintenance, repair and operations of City streets, storm drain system and sidewalks.

Line Undergrounding – receives the Central Lincoln PUD 1.5% franchise fee. Expenditures are for projects in which utility lines are placed underground.

SDC (System Development Charges) – receives SDCs and administers city-wide SDC programs.

Newport Urban Renewal Agency— implements projects identified in the South Beach Urban Renewal Plan. Project implementation is schedule to run through 2020.

CITY OF NEWPORT, OREGON PUBLIC PARKING FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

	Original Budget			Final Budget		Actual		Over (Under)	
Revenues									
Interest on investments	\$	1,045	\$	1,045	\$	1,388	\$	343	
Fees in lieu of parking		31,265		31,265		23,893		(7,372)	
Total revenues		32,310		32,310		25,281		(7,029)	
Fund balance, beginning		323,733		323,733		318,536		(5,197)	
Amount available for appropriation	\$	356,043	\$	356,043		343,817	\$	(12,226)	
	Original			Final				(Over)	
		Budget		Budget		Actual		Under	
Expenditures									
Nye Beach parking district	\$	12,722	\$	12,722	\$	1,022	\$	11,700	
City center parking district		6,896		6,896		396		6,500	
Bay front parking district		22,218		22,218		17,034		5,184	
Contingency		274,207	_	274,207	_		_	274,207	
Total expenditures		316,043		316,043	_	18,452		297,591	
Other financing uses									
Transfers to other funds	_	40,000		40,000	_	40,000	_		
Total other financing uses		40,000		40,000	_	40,000	_	<u>-</u>	
Total expenditures and other financing uses	\$	356,043	\$	356,043		58,452	\$	297,591	
Fund balance, ending					\$	285,365			

CITY OF NEWPORT, OREGON HOUSING FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

	Original Budget		Actual	Over (Under)	
Revenues Interest on investments	\$ 530	\$ 530	\$ 732	\$ 202	
Other financing sources Transfer from General Fund	13,200	13,200	13,200	<u>-</u>	
Total other financing sources	13,200	13,200	13,200		
Fund balance, beginning	157,851	157,851	156,334	(1,517)	
Amount available for appropriation	\$ 171,581	\$ 171,581	170,266	\$ (1,315)	
	Original Budget		Actual	(Over) Under	
Expenditures	Ф. 125.040	Ф. 125.040	Ф. 25.052	ф. 00.00 7	
Materials and services Contingency	\$ 135,849 35,732	\$ 135,849 35,732	\$ 35,852	\$ 99,997 35,732	
Total expenditures	\$ 171,581	<u>\$ 171,581</u>	35,852	\$ 135,729	
Fund balance, ending			<u>\$ 134,414</u>		

CITY OF NEWPORT, OREGON AIRPORT FUND

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under)
Revenues				
FEMA grant	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 61,184	\$ 61,184
Jet fuel	175,000	175,000	115,378	(59,622)
Aviation gas	75,000	75,000	76,454	1,454
Oil	520	520	113	(407)
Pilot supplies	7,300	7,300	9,221	1,921
Food catering	500	500	1,060	560
Tie down	100	100	222	122
Service provided for wastewater fund	30,704	30,704	30,704	-
Rents and leases	52,780	52,780	55,231	2,451
Concessions	1,000	1,000	1,459	459
Interest on investments	561	561	1,000	439
Miscellaneous sales and services	500	500	799	299
Total revenues	343,965	343,965	352,825	8,860
Other financing sources				
Transfer from General Fund	310,288	310,288	310,288	-
Transfer from Room Tax Fund	25,000	25,000	25,000	
Total other financing sources	335,288	335,288	335,288	
Fund balance, beginning	353,254	353,254	312,147	(41,107)
Amount available for appropriation	\$ 1,032,507	\$ 1,032,507	1,000,260	\$ (32,247)
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	(Over) Under
Expenditures Personal services Materials and services Capital outlay Contingency	\$ 192,831 488,784 12,326 71,691		\$ 162,098 374,636 71,138	\$ 33,576 119,824 5,758
Total expenditures	765,632	767,030	607,872	159,158
Other financing uses Transfers to other funds	161,039	161,039	160,590	449
Total other financing uses	161,039		160,590	449
Total expenditures and other financing uses	\$ 926,671	\$ 928,069	768,462	\$ 159,607
Fund balance, ending			\$ 231,798	

CITY OF NEWPORT, OREGON ROOM TAX FUND

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

	Original	Final		Over	
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Under)	
Revenues					
Transient room tax	\$ 1,307,300	\$ 1,344,155	\$ 1,649,321	\$ 305,166	
Visual arts center	12,000	12,000	13,029	1,029	
Interest on investments	2,000	2,000	2,289	289	
Miscellaneous sales and services			12	12	
Total revenues	1,321,300	1,358,155	1,664,651	306,496	
Fund balance, beginning	778,488	850,488	850,362	(126)	
Amount available for appropriation	\$ 2,099,788	\$ 2,208,643	2,515,013	\$ 306,370	
	Original	Final		(Over)	
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Under	
Expenditures					
Materials and services	\$ 885,246	\$ 922,101	\$ 906,217	\$ 15,884	
Capital outlay	260,000	60,000	29,000	31,000	
Contingency	126,381	66,381		66,381	
Total expenditures	1,271,627	1,048,482	935,217	113,265	
Other financing uses					
Transfers to other funds	744,651	1,076,651	1,075,687	964	
Total other financing uses	744,651	1,076,651	1,075,687	964	
Total expenditures and other financing uses	\$ 2,016,278	\$ 2,125,133	2,010,904	\$ 114,229	
Fund balance, ending			\$ 504,109		

CITY OF NEWPORT, OREGON BUILDING INSPECTION FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

	-	ginal dget		Final Budget		Actual		Over (Under)
Revenues				244500		1100001		(chac)
State permit surcharges	\$	12,600	\$	12,600	\$	13,312	\$	712
Building permits		05,000	•	130,000	•	205,300	Ť	75,300
Electrical permits		32,500		32,500		40,803		8,303
Plumbing permits		9,660		9,660		13,020		3,360
Sign permits		2,980		2,980		6,014		3,034
Building plan review		-		-		34,811		34,811
Building state surcharge		-		-		5,248		5,248
Construction excise tax Lincoln County School District		-		-		55,580		55,580
Construction excise tax Lincoln County School District - Admin		-		-		3,076		3,076
Electrical plan review		-		-		519		519
Electrical state surcharge		-		-		1,742		1,742
Plumbing plan review		-		-		385		385
Plumbing state surcharge		-		-		563		563
Interest on investments		1,600		1,600		2,356		756
Miscellaneous sales and services		2,670		2,670	_	1,839	_	(831)
Total revenues	10	67,010		192,010		384,568		192,558
Other financing sources								
Transfer from General Fund		3,000		3,000		3,000		_
Total other financing sources		3,000		3,000		3,000		<u>-</u>
Fund balance, beginning	4	59,943		469,943		475,694		5,751
Amount available for appropriation	\$ 63	39,953	\$	664,953		863,262	\$	198,309
	Orig Bud	ginal dget		Final Budget		Actual		(Over) Under
Expenditures Personal services	\$ 18	84,890	\$	187,919	\$	185,544	\$	2,375
Materials and services		73,978		118,978		113,821		5,157
Contingency		25,887		2,858				2,858
Total expenditures	\$ 28	84,755	\$	309,755		299,365	\$	10,390
Fund balance, ending					\$	563,897		

CITY OF NEWPORT, OREGON STREETS FUND

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under)
Revenues				
State gas tax proration	\$ 571,487	\$ 571,487	\$ 584,595	\$ 13,108
FEMA grant	-	-	6,826	6,826
Street cut fees	-	-	1,800	1,800
Storm drain utility fees	408,000	408,000	433,700	25,700
Interest on investments	2,000	2,000	2,898	898
Miscellaneous sales and services	1,200	1,200	831	(369)
Total revenues	982,687	982,687	1,030,650	47,963
Other financing sources				
Transfer from Water Fund	35,000	35,000	35,000	-
Transfer from Wastewater Fund	35,000	35,000	35,000	
Total other financing sources	70,000	70,000	70,000	
Fund balance, beginning	588,769	588,769	670,591	81,822
Amount available for appropriation	\$ 1,641,456	\$ 1,641,456	1,771,241	\$ 129,785
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	(Over) Under
Expenditures				
Street maintenance	\$ 655,041	\$ 659,287	\$ 529,710	\$ 129,577
Storm drain maintenance	426,956	431,202	398,719	32,483
Contingency	109,156	100,664		100,664
Total expenditures	1,191,153	1,191,153	928,429	262,724
Other financing uses	77.760	77.760	77 724	2.4
Transfers to other funds	77,768	77,768	77,734	34
Total other financing uses	77,768	77,768	77,734	34
Total expenditures and other financing uses	\$ 1,268,921	\$ 1,268,921	1,006,163	\$ 262,758
Fund balance, ending			\$ 765,078	

CITY OF NEWPORT, OREGON LINE UNDERGROUNDING FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

	Original	Final		Over
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Under)
Revenues				
Franchise tax - Central Lincoln PUD	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 165,010	\$ 165,010
Franchise taxes	170,000	170,000	-	(170,000)
Interest on investments	2,800	2,800	3,039	239
Total revenues	172,800	172,800	168,049	(4,751)
Fund balance, beginning	732,615	732,615	758,129	25,514
Amount available for appropriation	\$ 905,415	\$ 905,415	926,178	\$ 20,763
	Original	Final		(Over)
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Under
Expenditures				
Line undergrounding	\$ 400	\$ 400	\$ 397	\$ 3
Contingency	645,580	645,580		645,580
Total expenditures	645,980	645,980	397	645,583
Other financing uses				
Transfers to other funds	259,435	259,435	251,211	8,224
Total other financing uses	259,435	259,435	251,211	8,224
Total expenditures and other financing uses	\$ 905,415	\$ 905,415	251,608	\$ 653,807
Fund balance, ending			\$ 674,570	

CITY OF NEWPORT, OREGON SDC FUND

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

	Original	Final		Over
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Under)
Revenues				
System development charges	\$ 245,800	\$ 245,800	\$ 576,823	\$ 331,023
Interest from system development charges	-	-	1,658	1,658
Interest on investments	3,270	3,270	5,873	2,603
Total revenues	249,070	249,070	584,354	335,284
Fund balance, beginning	1,112,230	1,112,230	1,151,936	39,706
Amount available for appropriation	\$ 1,361,300	\$ 1,361,300	1,736,290	\$ 374,990
	Original	Final		(Over)
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Under
Expenditures				
SDC - streets	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000	\$ -	\$ 50,000
SDC - administration	25,000	25,000	-	25,000
Contingency	1,088,800	841,157		841,157
Total expenditures	1,163,800	916,157		916,157
Other financing uses				
Transfers to other funds	197,500	445,143	445,143	
Total other financing uses	197,500	445,143	445,143	
Total expenditures and other financing uses	\$ 1,361,300	\$ 1,361,300	445,143	\$ 916,157
Fund balance, ending			\$ 1,291,147	

CITY OF NEWPORT, OREGON URBAN RENEWAL AGENCY FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

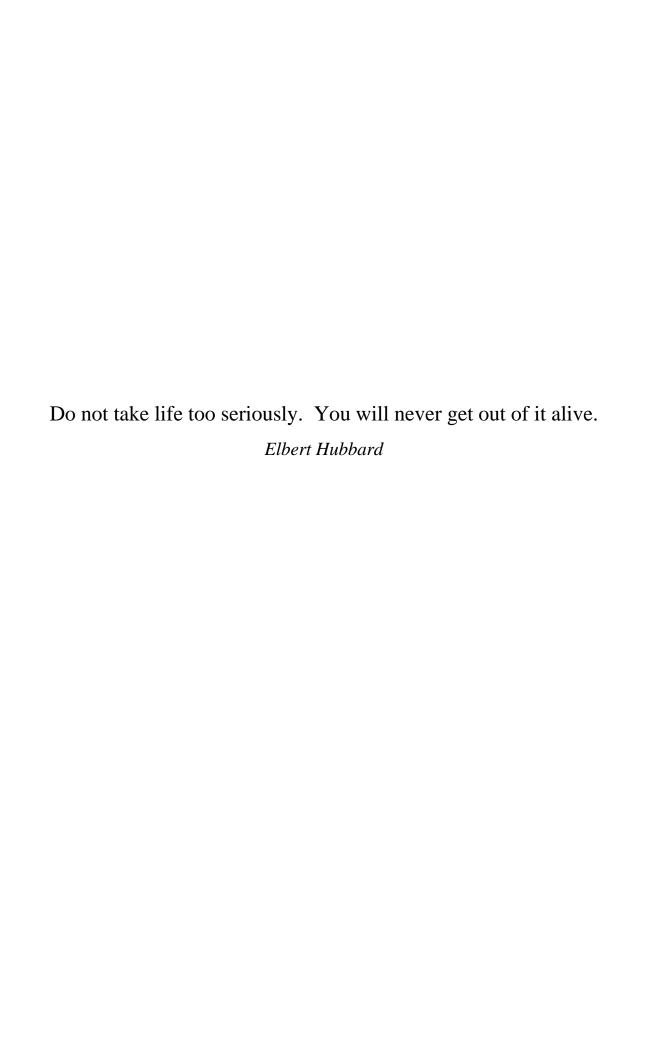
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under)
Revenues FEMA grant Rents and leases Interest on investments	\$ 358,857 72,000	\$ 358,857 72,000	\$ - 51,000 2,293	\$ (358,857) (21,000) 2,293
Total revenues	430,857	430,857	53,293	(377,564)
Fund balance, beginning	774,253	774,253	739,805	(34,448)
Amount available for appropriation	\$ 1,205,110	\$ 1,205,110	793,098	\$ (412,012)
Expenditures Personal services Materials and services Capital outlay	Original Budget \$ 31,259 54,164 115,000	Final Budget \$ 31,801 54,164 115,000	Actual \$ 33,298 42,056	(Over) Under \$ (1,497) 12,108 115,000
Contingency	704,687	704,145		704,145
Total expenditures	905,110	905,110	75,354	829,756
Other financing uses Transfers to other funds	300,000	300,000	300,000	
Total other financing uses	300,000	300,000	300,000	<u> </u>
Total expenditures and other financing uses	\$ 1,205,110	\$ 1,205,110	375,354	\$ 829,756
Fund balance, ending			\$ 417,744	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

Nonmajor Debt Service Fund

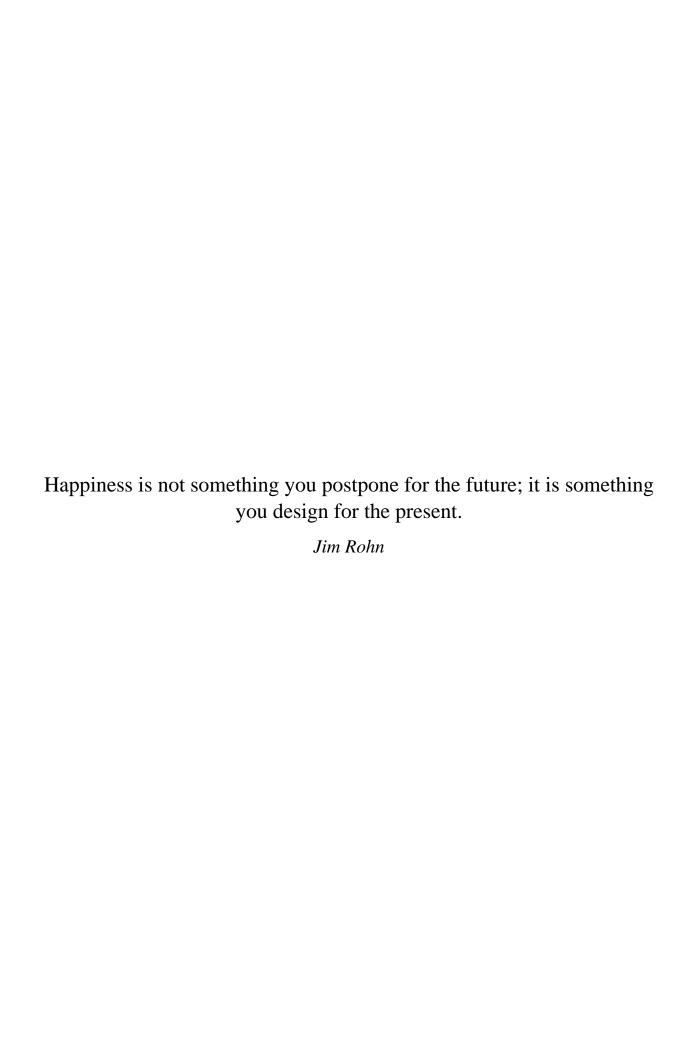
Debt Service Funds accumulate resources for payment of long-term debt principal and interest associated with governmental activities.

Debt Service – accounts for repayment of the Swimming Pool General Obligation Bond, which was financed by property taxes. Also included are the League of Oregon Cities Certificates of Participation Loans, Series 2007B and Series 2009B, whose requirements are met through transfers from the General, Water, Wastewater, Airport, Street, Line Undergrounding and Room Tax Funds. Also included is the 2013 North Side Fire Station whose debt service is provided through a transfer from the General Fund.



CITY OF NEWPORT, OREGON DEBT SERVICE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under)
Revenues				
Property taxes				
Current	\$ 470,684	\$ 470,684	\$ 489,791	\$ 19,107
Delinquent Interest on investments	5,000 100	5,000 100	6,097 847	1,097 747
Total revenues	475,784	475,784	496,735	20,951
Other financing sources				
Transfer from General Fund	167,442	167,442	158,704	(8,738)
Transfer from Airport Fund	6,746	6,746	6,297	(449)
Transfer from Room Tax Fund	14,491	14,491	13,527	(964)
Transfer from Streets Fund	62,190	62,190	58,051	(4,139)
Transfer from Line Undergrounding Fund	59,435	59,435	55,480	(3,955)
Transfer from Water Fund	4,553	4,553	4,250	(303)
Transfer from Wastewater Fund	31,337	31,337	29,252	(2,085)
Total other financing sources	346,194	346,194	325,561	(20,633)
Fund balance, beginning	58,186	58,186	53,838	(4,348)
Amount available for appropriation	\$ 880,164	\$ 880,164	876,134	\$ (4,030)
	Original	Final		(Over)
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Under
Expenditures				
Swimming pool bond	\$ 488,419	\$ 488,419	\$ 488,419	\$ -
General debt	343,638	343,638	340,505	3,133
Total expenditures	\$ 832,057	\$ 832,057	828,924	\$ 3,133
Fund balance, ending			\$ 47,210	



Budgetary Comparison Schedule

Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund

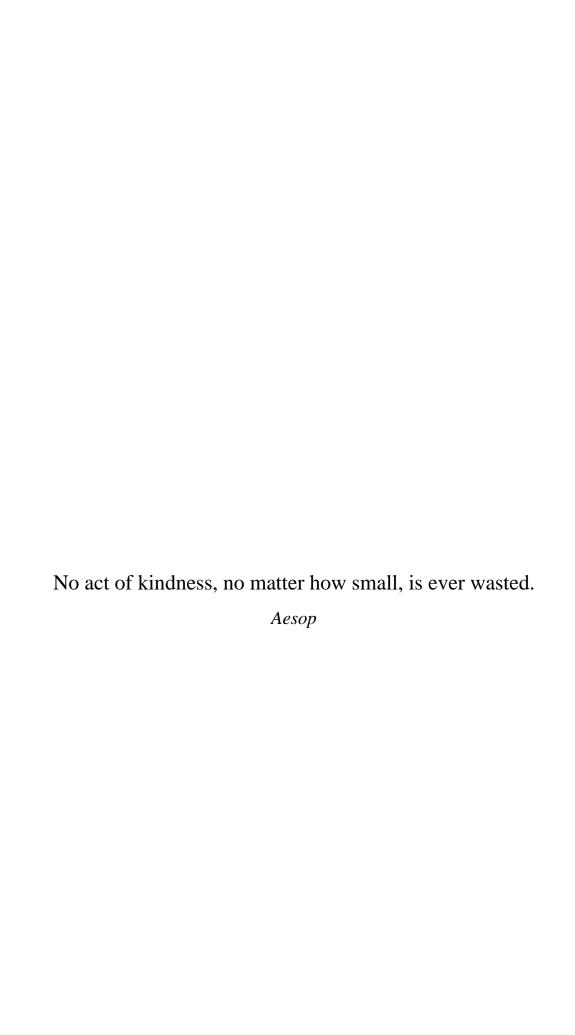
Capital Projects funds are created to account for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and infrastructure. Projects financed by proprietary funds are included in the Enterprise Funds.

Reserve – accounts for monies accumulated for the replacement of vehicles, computer equipment and City facilities.

Nothing is impossible, the word itself says 'I'm possible'! Audrey Hepburn

CITY OF NEWPORT, OREGON RESERVE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under)
Revenues			-	
Interest on investments Total revenues	\$ 2,050 2,050	\$ 2,050 2,050	\$ 2,121 2,121	\$ 71 71
Other financing sources				
Transfer from General Fund	180,000	226,245	226,245	
Total other financing sources	180,000	226,245	226,245	
Fund balance, beginning	501,938	501,938	502,138	200
Amount available for appropriation	\$ 683,988	\$ 730,233	730,504	<u>\$ 271</u>
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	(Over) Under
Expenditures				
Capital outlay	\$ 465,000	\$ 480,000	\$ 445,504	\$ 34,496
Total expenditures	\$ 465,000	\$ 480,000	445,504	\$ 34,496
Fund balance, ending			\$ 285,000	



Combining Statements and Budgetary Comparison Schedules

Enterprise Funds

The enterprise fund type is used to report an activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods and services.

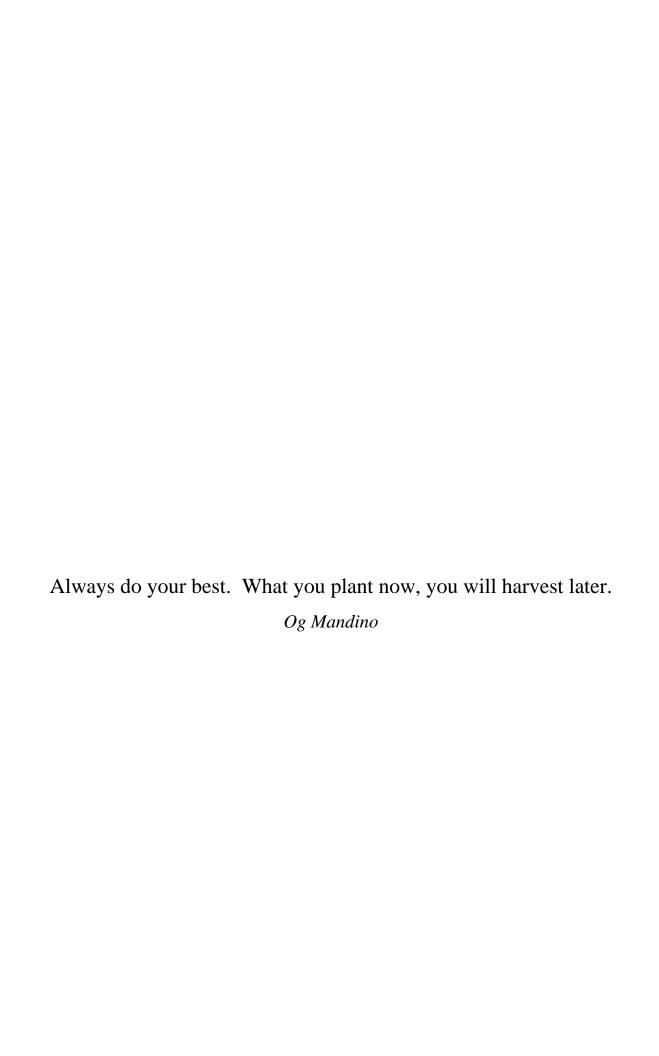
Water – accounts for all programs associated with the provision of water to the citizenry of the City of Newport. Activities include treatment distribution, source (dams) maintenance and improvements to the water system.

Wastewater – accounts for all programs associated with the collection and treatment of wastewater in the City of Newport. Activities include collection and treatment to the wastewater system.

Water Debt Service – accounts for repayment of debt incurred for the new water treatment plant and improvements to the water system. These debts were financed by property taxes, revenue bonds and utility service charges.

Wastewater Debt Service – accounts for repayment of debt incurred for the wastewater treatment plant and improvements to the wastewater system. These debts were financed by property taxes, Clean Water State Revolving Fund loans and utility service charges.

Capital Projects – Proprietary – accounts for various projects for improvement of the water and wastewater systems for the City of Newport.



CITY OF NEWPORT, OREGON WATER FUND (A MAJOR FUND) BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under)
Revenues Water user charges Miscellaneous sales and services New services and meters Interest on investments	\$ 3,850,000 52,000 35,000 5,200	\$ 3,850,000 52,000 35,000 5,200	\$ 3,418,867 79,579 38,701 4,494	\$ (431,133) 27,579 3,701 (706)
Total revenues	3,942,200	3,942,200	3,541,641	(400,559)
Fund balance, beginning	1,174,476	1,174,476	1,634,175	459,699
Amount available for appropriation	\$ 5,116,676	\$ 5,116,676	5,175,816	\$ 59,140
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	(Over) Under
Expenditures Water plant Water distribution Non-departmental Contingency	\$ 1,067,465 938,418 930,412 259,917	\$ 1,076,288 946,889 930,412 242,623	\$ 990,537 865,209 695,823	\$ 85,751 81,680 234,589 242,623
Total expenditures	3,196,212	3,196,212	2,551,569	644,643
Other financing uses Transfers to other funds	1,685,342	1,685,342	1,685,039	303
Total other financing uses	1,685,342	1,685,342	1,685,039	303
Total expenditures and other financing uses	\$ 4,881,554	\$ 4,881,554	4,236,608	\$ 644,946
Budgetary fund balance			939,208	
RECONCILIATION TO NET POSITION Capital asset, net Inventories Deferred outflows of resources Compensated absences Long-term debt payable Bond premium Interest payable Net pension liability Net other post employment benefit obligation Deferred inflows of resources			23,689,994 450,434 58,903 (28,612) (21,199,647) (132,065) (72,005) (185,927) (28,877) (6,298) \$ 3,485,108	

CITY OF NEWPORT, OREGON WASTEWATER FUND (A MAJOR FUND) BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under)
Revenues Sewer user charges Septage	\$ 3,865,680	\$ 3,865,680	\$ 3,769,594 38,748	\$ (96,086) 38,748
FEMA grant Interest on investments Miscellaneous sales and services	2,000 5,000	2,000 5,000	16,540 3,667 6,435	16,540 1,667 1,435
Total revenues	3,872,680	3,872,680	3,834,984	(37,696)
Fund balance, beginning	892,737	892,737	968,152	75,415
Amount available for appropriation	\$ 4,765,417	\$ 4,765,417	4,803,136	\$ 37,719
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	(Over) Under
Expenditures Wastewater plant Wastewater collection Non-departmental Contingency	\$ 1,536,391 601,914 995,704 279,425	\$ 1,545,335 606,629 995,704 265,766	\$ 1,355,447 553,054 818,284	\$ 189,888 53,575 177,420 265,766
Total expenditures	3,413,434	3,413,434	2,726,785	686,649
Other financing uses Transfers to other funds	1,148,086	1,148,086	1,083,856	64,230
Total other financing uses	1,148,086	1,148,086	1,083,856	64,230
Total expenditures and other financing uses	\$ 4,561,520	\$ 4,561,520	3,810,641	\$ 750,879
Budgetary fund balance			992,495	
RECONCILIATION TO NET POSITION Capital asset, net Deferred outflows of resources Compensated absences Long-term debt payable Bond premium Interest payable Net pension liability Net other post employment benefit obligation Unavailable revenues Deferred inflows of resources			37,719,705 48,109 (31,140) (5,797,320) (133,922) (43,346) (151,859) (22,094) 20,828 (5,144) \$32,596,312	

CITY OF NEWPORT, OREGON WATER DEBT SERVICE FUND (A MAJOR FUND) BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

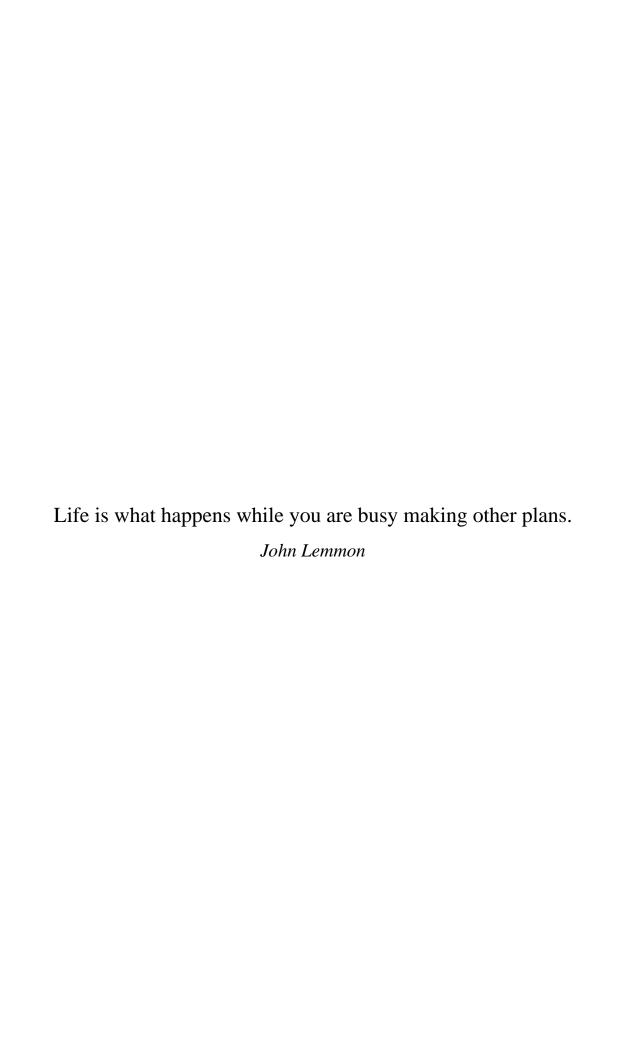
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under)
Revenues				
Property taxes				
Current	\$ 804,682	\$ 804,682	\$ 839,834	\$ 35,152
Delinquent	33,332	42,732	27,171	(15,561)
Interest on investments	1,100	1,100	2,220	1,120
Total revenues	839,114	848,514	869,225	20,711
Other financing sources				
Transfer from Water Fund	455,664	455,664	455,664	
Total other financing sources	455,664	455,664	455,664	<u>-</u> _
Fund balance, beginning	118,219	118,219	137,510	19,291
Amount available for appropriation	\$ 1,412,997	\$ 1,422,397	1,462,399	\$ 40,002
	Original	Final		(Over)
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Under
Expenditures				
Water Treatment GO Bond	\$ 904,825	\$ 904,825	\$ 904,825	\$ -
Water General Debt	124,676	124,676	124,676	-
Water Revenue Bond	330,988	330,988	330,987	1
Total expenditures	1,360,489	1,360,489	1,360,488	1
Other financing uses				
Transfers to other funds		9,400	9,400	
Total other financing uses		9,400	9,400	
Total expenditures and other financing uses	\$ 1,360,489	\$ 1,369,889	1,369,888	<u>\$ 1</u>
Budgetary fund balance			92,511	
RECONCILIATION TO NET POSITION				
Unavailable revenues			75,110	
			\$ 167,621	

CITY OF NEWPORT, OREGON WASTEWATER DEBT SERVICE FUND (A MAJOR FUND) BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under)
Revenues				
Property taxes				
Current	\$ 837,307		\$ 868,817	\$ 31,510
Delinquent	40,000	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	26,080	(13,920)
Interest on investments	3,500	3,500	4,971	1,471
Total revenues	880,807	880,807	899,868	19,061
Other financing sources				
Transfer from Room Tax Fund	127,325	127,325	127,325	-
Transfer from SDC Fund	10,000	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10,000	-
Transfer from Wastewater Fund	631,113	631,113	568,968	(62,145)
Total other financing sources	768,438	768,438	706,293	(62,145)
Fund balance, beginning	1,145,329	1,145,329	1,158,135	12,806
Amount available for appropriation	\$ 2,794,574	\$ 2,794,574	2,764,296	\$ (30,278)
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	(Over) Under
Expenditures				
Wastewater GO Bond	\$ 935,925		\$ 935,925	\$ -
Wastewater General Debt	568,438		568,438	
Total expenditures	\$ 1,504,363	\$ 1,504,363	1,504,363	\$ -
Budgetary fund balance			1,259,933	
RECONCILIATION TO NET POSITION Unavailable revenues			75,963	
			\$ 1,335,896	

CITY OF NEWPORT, OREGON CAPITAL PROJECTS - PROPRIETARY FUND (A MAJOR FUND) BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

	Original	Final	Actual	Over (Under)
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Olider)
Revenues Water smart grant	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 1,000,000	\$ -	\$ (1,000,000)
Interest on investments			32,966	32,966
Total revenues	1,000,000	1,000,000	32,966	(967,034)
Other financing sources				
Bond and loan proceeds	8,460,630	8,845,669	1,018,400	(7,827,269)
Transfer from Water Fund	1,177,075	1,177,075	1,177,075	-
Transfer from Wastewater Fund	297,586	297,586	297,586	
Total other financing sources	9,935,291	10,320,330	2,493,061	(7,827,269)
Fund balance, beginning	842,934	228,377	3,122,889	2,894,512
Amount available for appropriation	\$11,778,225	\$11,548,707	5,648,916	\$ (5,899,791)
	Original	Final		(Over)
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Under
Expenditures				
Water capital projects	\$ 5,303,808	\$ 5,078,888	\$ 1,899,416	\$ 3,179,472
Wastewater capital projects	6,474,417	6,469,819	2,053,755	4,416,064
Total expenditures	<u>\$11,778,225</u>	<u>\$11,548,707</u>	3,953,171	\$ 7,595,536
Budgetary fund balance			\$ 1,695,745	

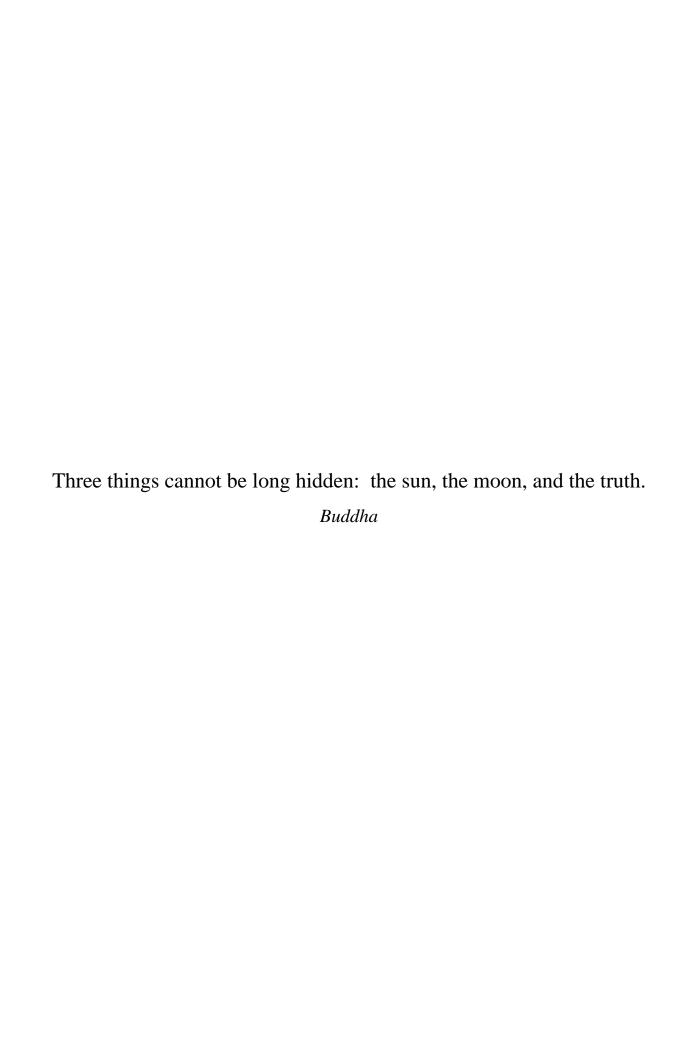


Budgetary Comparison Schedule

Internal Service Fund

Internal Service funds are created to account for the cost of providing services to other funds of the City which are charged a fee on a cost reimbursement basis for those services.

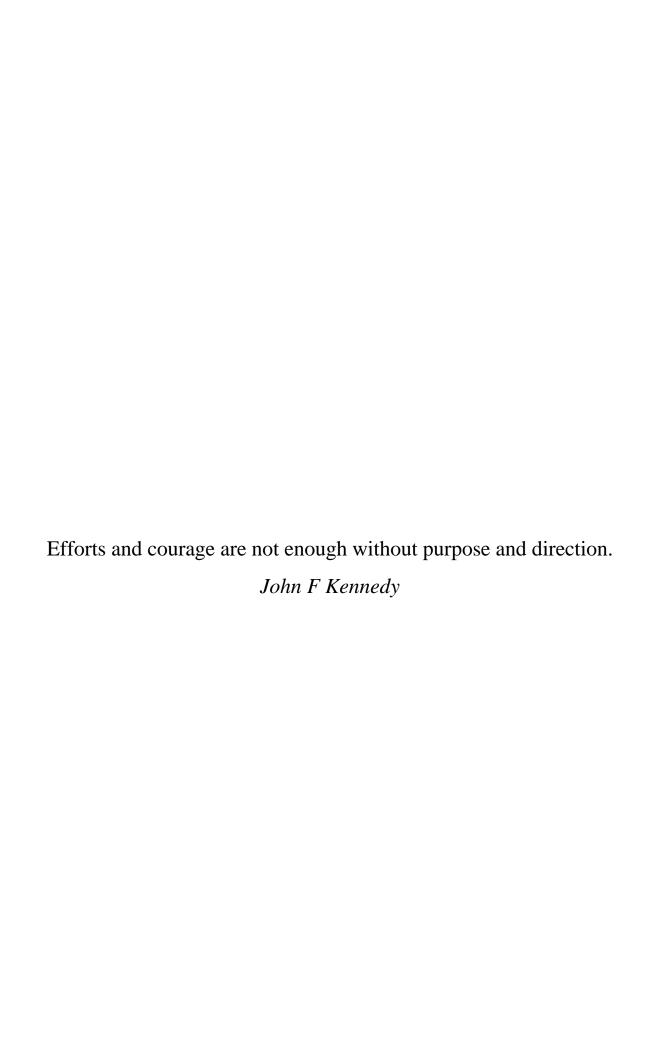
Public Works – provides engineering and administration for water, wastewater, street, and storm sewer improvements and operations.

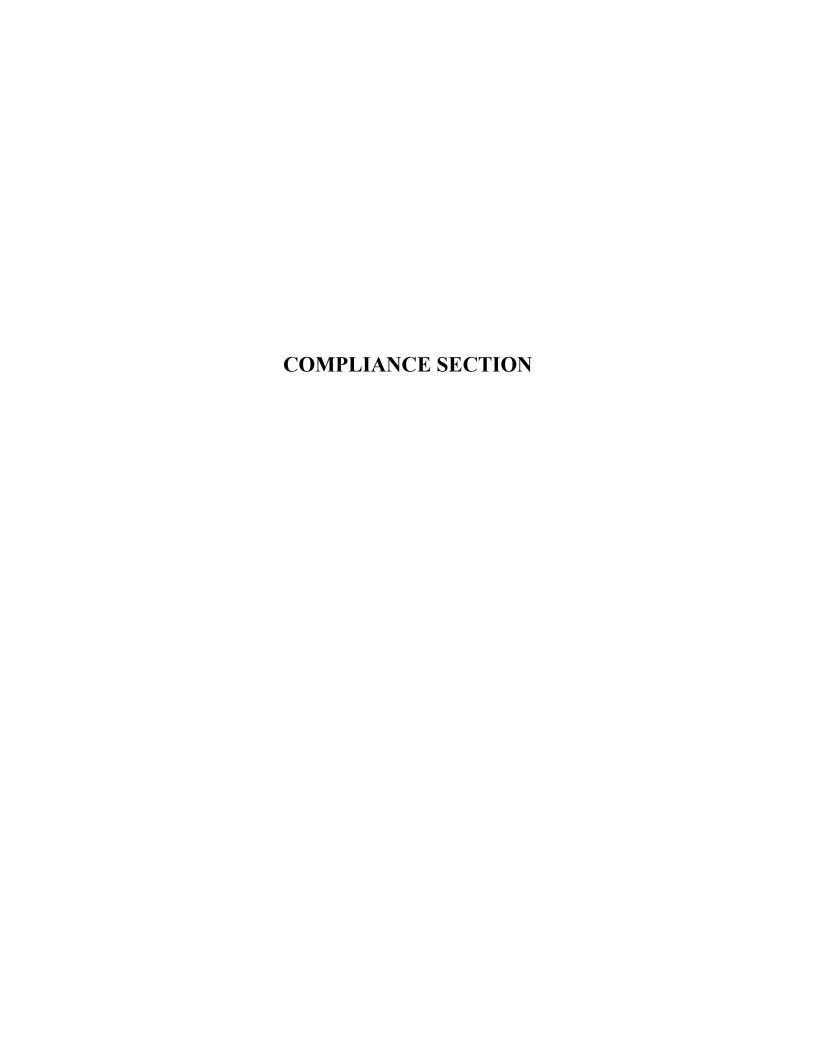


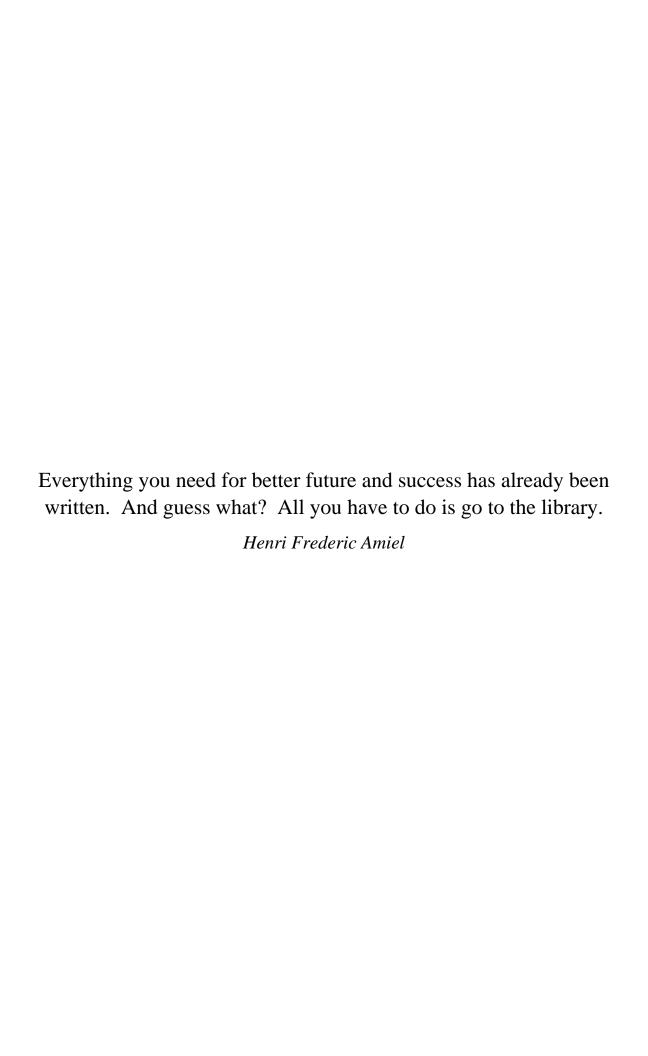
CITY OF NEWPORT, OREGON PUBLIC WORKS FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original			Final				Over	
	Budget		Budget		Actual		(Under)		
Revenues									
Service provided for Street Fund	\$	200,794	\$	200,794	\$	117,130	\$	(83,664)	
Service provided for Water Fund		413,412		413,412		241,157		(172,255)	
Service provided for Wastewater Fund		414,170		414,170		241,599		(172,571)	
Interest on investments		1,000		1,000		1,189		189	
Miscellaneous sales and services		99		99		338		239	
Total revenues		1,029,475	_	1,029,475	_	601,413		(428,062)	
Fund balance, beginning		189,102	_	189,102		183,477	_	(5,625)	
Amount available for appropriation	\$	1,218,577	\$	1,218,577		784,890	\$	(433,687)	
	Original		Final				(Over)		
	Budget		Budget		Actual		Under		
Expenditures				12 .					
Public works administration	\$	290,723	\$	294,154	\$	291,592	\$	2,562	
Engineering services		533,554		542,477		429,620		112,857	
Fleet maintenance		88,282		89,164		-		89,164	
Contingency		86,606	_	73,370		<u> </u>		73,370	
Total expenditures	\$	999,165	\$	999,165	_	721,212	\$	277,953	
Fund balance, ending					\$	63,678			







1255 Lee Street SE Suite 210 Salem Oregon 97302 | P 503.585.7751 | F 503.370.3781 408 N Third Avenue Stayton Oregon 97383 | P 503.769.2186 | F 503.769.4312 200 Calapooia Street SW Albany Oregon 97321 | P 541.928.3354 | F 541.967.7668

www.bcsllc.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY THE MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR AUDITS OF OREGON MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council CITY OF NEWPORT Newport, Oregon

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the basic financial statements of the CITY OF NEWPORT as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and have issued our report thereon dated December 30, 2016.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to the following:

- Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295).
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions and repayment.
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.
- Programs funded from outside sources.
- Highway revenues used for public highways, roads, and streets.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294).
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C).

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY THE MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR AUDITS OF OREGON MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS (Continued)

Compliance (continued)

In connection with our testing nothing came to our attention, except as noted below, that caused us to believe the City was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-240 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations

OAR 162-10-0230 Internal Control

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Deficiencies in internal control, if any, were communicated separately.

Restriction on Use

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City Council members and management of the CITY OF NEWPORT and the Oregon Secretary of State and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties.

Boldt Carlisle + Smith Certified Public Accountants Salem, Oregon December 30, 2016

By:

Bradley G. Bingenheimer, Member

1255 Lee Street SE Suite 210 Salem Oregon 97302 | P 503.585.7751 | F 503.370.3781 408 N Third Avenue Stayton Oregon 97383 | P 503.769.2186 | F 503.769.4312 200 Calapooia Street SW Albany Oregon 97321 | P 541.928.3354 | F 541.967.7668

www.bcsllc.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council CITY OF NEWPORT Newport, Oregon

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Newport, Oregon, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Newport, Oregon's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 30, 2016.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as 2016-001 to be a material weakness.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompany schedule of findings and questioned costs as 2016-002 and 2016-003 to be significant deficiencies.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS (Continued)

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Boldt Carlisle & Smith

Boldt Carlisle + Smith Certified Public Accountants Salem, Oregon December 30, 2016



1255 Lee Street SE Suite 210 Salem Oregon 97302 | P 503.585.7751 | F 503.370.3781 408 N Third Avenue Stayton Oregon 97383 | P 503.769.2186 | F 503.769.4312 200 Calapooia Street SW Albany Oregon 97321 | P 541.928.3354 | F 541.967.7668

www.bcsllc.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMMPLIANCE REQURIED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council CITY OF NEWPORT Newport, Oregon

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the CITY OF NEWPORT's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the CITY OF NEWPORT's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. CITY OF NEWPORT's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE (Continued)

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2016-004. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters.

CITY OF NEWPORT's response to the noncompliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. CITY OF NEWPORT's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the City, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Boldt Carlisle & Smith

Boldt Carlisle + Smith Certified Public Accountants Salem, Oregon December 30, 2016

CITY OF NEWPORT

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Section I Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:

Unmodified

Unmodified

Internal controls over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified? Yes
Significant deficiency(ies) identified? Yes

Federal awards

Internal control over major federal programs:

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

No

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance

with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

Identification of major federal programs:

CFDA

Number(s) Name of Federal Program or Cluster

66.458 Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$ 750,000

Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee: No

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

Finding 2016-001

Administrator rights

Condition: The assistant finance director has full administrator rights to the general ledger

Criteria: IT internal controls should be in place that provide reasonable assurance that changes made to the general ledger system are made only after proper management approval.

Cause: There is no oversight present of changes made to the general ledger by the assistant finance director

Effect: Due to the assistant finance director having full access to the general ledger, new employees can be added to the system, checks can be written, journal entries can be made, and many other changes can be made without proper approval.

Recommendation: The assistant finance director's full administrator rights should be moved out of finance to the IT department and proper approvals put in place.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions: the City agrees with the finding and the audit committee approved moving administrator rights to IT.

Section II - Financial Statement Findings (continued)

Finding 2016-002

Blank check stock

Condition: Blank check stock is currently kept in an open box in the assistant finance director's office

Criteria: Blank check stock should be locked in a safe place and few people should have access to it.

Cause: Security is not in place to prevent unapproved people from taking and using the check stock.

Effect: Because anybody can access the blank check stock, fraudulent disbursements could occur

Recommendation: Blank check stock should be locked away where few people have access to it.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions: The City agrees and the audit committee approved making this change.

Finding 2016-003

Accounts payable

Condition: The accounts payable clerk's access to the general ledger system allows them to create vendors, write checks, and make journal entries.

Criteria: Internal controls should be in place that provide reasonable assurance that the accounts payable clerk does not create fake vendors and write checks to them.

Cause: There are not sufficient limits on the accounts payable clerk's access to the general ledger module to prevent unauthorized transactions.

Effect: Because the accounts payable clerk has the ability to create vendors, write checks and make journal entries, fake vendors could be set up and payments made to them.

Recommendation: The accounts payable clerk should not have the ability to set up vendors.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions: The City agrees with the finding and the audit committee approved implementing the change.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Finding 2016-004

Criteria:

2 CFR Part 200.302(b)(7) requires the financial management system to include written procedures for determining the allowability of costs.

Condition:

City of Newport has not developed written procedures for determining the allowability of costs.

Cause:

Administration did not have written procedures for determining the allowability of costs.

Effect:

Unallowable costs could be charged to the program.

Questioned Costs:

None

Perspective:

Written procedures for determining the allowability of costs is integral to the proper design of internal controls. However, the results of audit procedures did not detect any costs which are not allowable charged to the program.

Recommendatiions:

Management should develop written procedures as required by 2 CFR Part 200.302(b)(7).

Management's Response:

Management agrees and will develop written procedures over the determination of allowable costs.

CITY OF NEWPORT

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Federal CFDA	Pass-Through Entity Identifying	Federal		
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Expenditures		
Department of Commerce					
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration					
Passed through Oregon Department of Land Conservation and Development					
Coastal Zone Management Administration Awards	11.419	CPA 14.025	\$ 9,000		
Department of Transportation					
Federal Aviation Administration					
Airport Improvement Program	20.106		366,722		
Environmental Protection Agency					
Office of Water					
Passed through Oregon Department of Environmental Quality					
Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds - ARRA	66.458	R68933	1,020,053		
Department of Homeland Security					
Federal Emergency Management Agency					
Staffing for Adequate Fire and Emergency Response (SAFER)	97.083		76,059		
Passed through Oregon Office of Emergency Management					
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance	97.036		90,202		
Hazard Mitigation Grant	97.039		456,401		
Total Department of Homeland Security			622,662		
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 2,018,437		

CITY OF NEWPORT, OREGON

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS June 30, 2016

1 - Basis of presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of City of Newport under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2016. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of City of Newport, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of City of Newport.

2 - Summary of significant accounting policies

- a. Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- b. City of Newport has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimus indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance
- c. The Loans listed subsequently are administered directly by City of Newport, and balances and transactions relating to this loan are included in the City of Newport's basic financial statements. Loans made during the year are included in the federal expenditures presented in the Schedule. Detail of the loan outstanding at June 30, 2016 is as follows:

CFDA		Outsta	anding Balance at
Number Program name		Jı	une 30, 2016
66.458	Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds - ARRA	\$	2,876,587